"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Continued unsettled, occasional showers today and tomorrow; northwest to northeast winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,586. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS

CARD SCANDAL IN KING'S CIRCLE

A Member of George V.'s Household Is Accused of Cheating at Poker.

ROYAL DERBY DINNER UPSET

Other Royalties Absent Themselves to Avoid Meeting the Man Under Suspicion.

QUEEN'S FRIEND INVOLVED

King Makes Strenuous Efforts to Hush the Scandal Up—Accused Demands a Vindication.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—Gossip is busy with the story of a card scandal that may have as sensational developments as the Gordon-Cumming case at Tranby Croft, in which King Edward, then the Prince of Wales, appeared as a witness in court.

The new affair has already had remarkable consequences, among them the abstention of a number of guests who had been invited to attend the King's dinner at Buckingham Palace on Derby night, and the decision of the King to remian in town over the Whitsuntide holiday in order to confer with the persons concerned in the case. His Majesty is doing his utmost to keep the affair quiet and prevent anything in the nature of a public scandal; but so far only a compromise has been reached, which certain parties interested refuse to accept as final.

The person against whom the charges of cheating at cards is made is a member of the royal household who has been winning considerable sums at poker at the St. James's and Marlborough Clubs. His chief accusers are two well-known men. It was in order to hear their charges that the King remained in town on Whitsunday, and last Monday his Majesty had a long interview with them at Buckingham Palace.

The first reports of the affair reached the royal ears on the first day of the Epsom race meeting, and it was intimated that until the matter was cleared up several members of the Jockey Club would refuse to meet the man in question. As he was one of the guests invited to the Derby night dinner, it was suggested to the King that his invitation be withdrawn, or the intimation sent to the undesirable guest that he would be well advised to make some excuse for not appearing.

This King George flatly refused to do unless absolute proof of the charge of cheating was produced. The result was that every royal personage asked to the Derby dinner, including Prince Arthur of Connaught and the Duke of Teck, and nearly every prominent member of the Jockey Club, remained away from the dinner.

After the interview at Buckingham Palace on Whitmonday the King suggested to the member of his entourage who was accused, or at all events suspected of cheating, that he leave England, at least for a time; but this the courtier in question point-blank refuses to do. He denies that there is the slightest truth in any of the charges made against him, and declares his readiness to fight the matter out in a court of law if his accusers will formulate their indictment in such a way that he can take action for libel against them.

The King will not allow this to happen if he can possibly prevent it, for several members of the royal establishment are involved in the scandal, among them a woman who is one of Queen Mary's most intimate friends. At the King's request the affair has been compromised for the present by the courtier and his two accusers agreeing not to enter the cardrooms of any of their London clubs; but the matter can hardly be left at that, and the charges made must sooner or later be substantiated or withdrawn.

$2,000,000 CARNEGIE GIFT

For Institute at Pittsburgh—Pensions for Workers There.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, June 4.—Andrew Carnegie has added $2,000,000 to the many millions he has already given to support and enlarge the institutions he has created in Pittsburgh. His latest donation was announced this afternoon at a special meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Carnegie Institute by Col. Samuel Harden Church, the recently elected President of the board.

The $2,000,000, which makes Mr. Carnegie's gifts to the Carnegie Institute total $24,000,000, is equally divided between the institute and the schools of technology. The gift made it possible for the Appropriations Committee of the Board of Trustees to increase the budget for the ensuing year by $100,000, the income from the new endowment.

President Church announced that the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching had notified him through its President, Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, that arrangements had been made to grant pension allowances to the Director and Faculty of the Carnegie Institute of Technology and also to the Directors of the Carnegie Museum and the Carnegie Department of Fine Arts, and such of their Curators as do teaching work, under the same rules and regulations of learning throughout the United States.

AMERICANS ESCAPE DEATH.

Get Ashore from Blazing and Sinking Launch—Two Mechanics Hurt.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—A wealthy American named Kingsland, his son, and two mechanics had a narrow escape on the Thames near Marlow last evening, owing to an explosion on a motor launch belonging to Col. Sir Douglas Dawson of Medmenham Abbey, Marlow.

Mr. Kingsland, who arrived from Paris with his son last Saturday, having leased the Abbey for the season, was taking a trip in he launch when the engine exploded, throwing the two mechanics into the river. The launch caught fire, but Mr. Kingsland and his son got the vessel to shore and escaped just before she sank.

The mechanics were badly burned, and one had to have a finger amputated. The Kingslands had their clothing scorched, but were uninjured.

ALBANIA'S KING NOT SALUTED

Fear of Effect on Rebels Silences Guns of Austrian Warship.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 5.—The King of Albania, whose throne seems to be tottering to its fall, has already had to abandon the outward forms of royalty, according to a Durazzo dispatch Dr. Dillon sends to The Daily Telegraph.

"The King and Queen, who, since Essad Pasha's fall, have led the life of prisoners in the palace," he says, "went out to luncheon aboard the Austrian dreadnought Tegethoff, accompanied by the Grand Vizier, aides de camp, and ladies in waiting.

The Austrian warship was to have fired a salute from its guns, and the Cabinet was desirous of having this done. Public criers accordingly were sent into the streets to inform the inhabitants and to exhort them not to be alarmed. The Commission of Control was opposed to this part of the programme on the ground that the booming of guns might prejudice their chances of coming to terms with the insurgents, with whom they were about to have a conference. After a lively discussion the Commissioners had their way and the salute was not fired.

The Commission of Control returned from the conference without coming to any arrangement with the insurgents, whose final demands include the dethronement of the present ruler and the substitution of a Moslem Prince.

CHAS. H. STRAUSS MISSING.

Well-Known Insurance Man Disappeared on May 28—$1,000 Reward.

Charles H. Strauss, agent for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, with offices at 200 Fifth Avenue, has been missing from his home at 155 Riverside Drive, near Eighty-eighth Street, since Thursday, May 28.

The family advertised in the newspapers yesterday and asked the police to aid in the search. A private detective agency was also retained and last evening Charles Riegelmann, an attorney of 44 Cedar Street, a close friend of Mr. Strauss, announced that a reward of $1,000 would be given for information which would lead to Mr. Strauss's return.

Mr. Strauss came to New York from Chicago in December, 1909. He is married and has one child, Aline, aged 3 years. Mrs. Strauss said yesterday that she was unable to account for his disappearance. She notified her husband's brothers, Henry X., Leon, and Milton A. Strauss of Chicago, and they came here to aid in the search. They are at the Biltmore.

At the request of the family Mr. Strauss's books were carefully examined and found to be right to a penny. His home life was happy.

Mr. Strauss was seen last in the hat shop of F. R. Tripler, at Forty-second Street and Madison Avenue, at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of May 28. He bought a golf cap and had his Panama hat sent home. It was thought that he might have taken a train at the Grand Central Station. He is 34 years old, 5 feet 8 inches tall, and weighs 200 pounds. He was smooth shaven and wore a gray suit and black low shoes.

Mr. Strauss was a member of the Harmonie, City Athletic, Aldine, Woodmere, and University of Michigan Clubs. His mother lives in Chicago. She has not been told of his disappearance.

LOW-COST FOOD BY EXPRESS

Adams Express Launches New Plan for Marketing Produce.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—What is regarded as the most effective blow yet struck at the high cost of living, an innovation that sets up a formidable rival of the parcel post and tends to the elimination of the middlemen, is the establishment of an Order and Food Products Bureau by the Adams Express Company, announcement of which was made here today.

By means of this bureau the company will promote more intimate relations between the producer or dealer and the consumer. The company will become a clearing house for excess production, disposing of fruits, berries, butter, eggs, poultry, fish, meats, and other food articles at a minimum of expense to seller and buyer. The company is responsible to both, delivering the commodities to the buyer for one and the money to the seller, without any intervening agency. The rate on the class of merchandise for which the bureau is designed is 25 per cent. below the commercial rate fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission and is no higher than parcel post charges. To the cost of carrying must be added the money order charge, ranging from 3 cents for $2.50 to 15 cents for $40.

A feature of the bureau system is immediate delivery service. Fish, fresh from the water at Chincoteague, Va., in the morning are delivered in Philadelphia the same day. The same prompt delivery applies to crabs from Maryland waters; fruit and vegetables from Delaware and Maryland; poultry, butter, and eggs from the farms of either State or any other source of supply in the Philadelphia zone where the bureau has established connections with producers or dealers.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., Elkins, for samples and prices.—Adv.

DENIES MELLEN SHIELDED MORGAN

Ledyard Contradicts Flatly Ex-President of New Haven's Version of His Indictment.

NOT ALLOWED TO BE SWORN

Lawyer Makes Voluntary Statement at Interstate Inquiry—Defends New Haven Directors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Lewis Cass Ledyard, appearing voluntarily today in the New Haven inquiry, without being allowed to be sworn, in order that he might not claim immunity for any act of his in connection with possible violations of the anti-trust law that may have occurred in the efforts to combine all the transportation systems of New England under one control, denied flatly many of the assertions with which former President Charles S. Mellen in his testimony two weeks ago startled the financial world.

He said repeatedly that statements made by Mr. Mellen were not true. The squarest denial came in telling of the trouble that followed a conference between President Mellen and Messrs. Chamberlain and Smithers of the Grand Trunk Railway, when Mr. Morgan broke in on the meeting and said things in regard to the surrender of the New London & Northern Railroad that were alleged by Mr. Mellen to have been made the basis of action by the Federal Grand Jury in New York.

Mr. Mellen's account was that to shield Mr. Morgan he took upon himself responsibility and was indicted for an attempt to violate the anti-trust law when Mr. Morgan should, according to his view, have been the victim. Mr. Ledyard declared that there was not a word of truth in this testimony by Mr. Mellen.

Didn't Offer Himself as Sacrifice.

"I want to say in most unqualified terms," said the lawyer, speaking of the letter Mr. Mellen sent to United States District Attorney Henry A. Wise in regard to the matter, "that Mr. Mellen did not offer himself as a vicarious sacrifice for Mr. Morgan to shield him from indictment. He wrote that letter at his own suggestion; it was the letter not of a man who accepted responsibility for what had occurred. It was the letter of a man claiming innocence, for it was a letter to the District Attorney stating that he was the only one who conducted whatever the negotiations were, as he was the only one who knew what had been done. Therefore, he desired to go before the Grand Jury and tell his story of what those negotiations were."

Mr. Ledyard denied that he or Mr. Robbins had changed or modified the letter so that it was practically their letter and not Mellen's. He said that Mr. Mellen dictated the letter, and when the stenographer came back with it written out, one or two changes were suggested, and that was all. The witness recounted conversations he had with Mr. Mellen and also with Mr. Morgan about the danger of the Grand Jury finding an indictment against one or the other for the Grand Trunk affair. All that happened, he affirmed, was that Mr. Morgan broke in on the conference between Mr. Mellen and the Canadian Directors of the Grand Trunk and asked what they were there for, "in his blunt way."

Mellen told him they were just going to have a talk, and Morgan said: "What are you going to talk about?" Mellen answered that they were going to talk about traffic arrangements, and then Mr. Morgan said: "Well, there won't be any peace until you give up the New London and Northern."

It was not long before Mr. Mellen saw Mr. Ledyard, according to the latter, and brought up the possibility of action by the Grand Jury. "I don't believe," he quoted Mr. Mellen as saying, "that the Grand Jury would indict me if I should go down and tell them my story like a man." Mr. Ledyard said he had responded that he did not think Mr. Mellen had done anything for which the Grand Jury would indict him. Neither had Mr. Morgan. Then the idea of the letter came up and Mellen dictated it.

While they were busy over the letter Mr. Mellen remarked that he thought Mr. Morgan was very much worried. This was about the time of the Pujo investigation, and Mr. Morgan was disturbed over that. Ledyard said that Mr. Mellen stated that he (Morgan) had had some some of "communication with people down here about it," meaning he had written to the District Attorney in regard to the Grand Trunk affair.

Morgan Not a Bit Worried.

"I told Mr. Mellen," said Mr. Ledyard, "that Mr. Morgan could take care of himself," but Mr. Mellen asked him to call on Morgan and see if he was at all disturbed about the possible action of the Grand Jury. This the witness accordingly did. He went to Mr. Morgan's library and told him Mellen was troubled about him, and asked if he was at all worried over the matter.

"Not a bit, not a bit," was Mr. Morgan's reply.

"I asked him," said Mr. Ledyard, "if he had had any communication with the District Attorney, and he replied, 'Not a bit. You needn't worry about me.'"

In conversations between Mr. Ledyard and Mr. Mellen the latter, according to Mr. Ledyard's statements today, insisted that Mr. Morgan never said a word about taking the New London & Northern, and not a word was spoken about acquiring stock.

Mr. Ledyard approached the Billard affair from an entirely different angle from Mr. Mellen's. He said that Mr. Mellen came to him to see if the minutes of the New Haven board could not be changed, saying that an erroneous version of the Billard matter had gone on record and it might make trouble some time if it became known. Ledyard said he told him it was a very serious matter to change records of a stock company. The New York law was strict, and so, too, was the Interstate Commerce Commission. Mr. Mellen insisted that as the record stood it appeared that Billard's profit in the sale and repurchase of 100,748 shares of Boston & Maine stock belonged to the New Haven. He thought the statutes in regard to minutes would not apply in this case which involved an error. Mr. Led-

Continued on Page 8.

Five Features of Wide Interest

1. Was Hanshew Really Bertha M. Clay?
2. Do We Need a Public Defender as Well as a Prosecutor?
3. William H. Taft Discusses the Trusts and the Rule of Reason.
4. Freiseke, Painter of Sunshine, Tells of His Art.
5. What Has Been Done for the Safety of Ships at Sea.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Also a beautiful series of photographs of little-known Mexico at peace, reproduced by The Times's new process of printing, rotogravure.

6 BARNARD SENIORS REVEAL THEIR TROTH

Cross Their Hearts at Class Day Experience Meeting and Name the Lucky Men.

GIBES FOR THE GRADUATES

Public Exercises End with Sunset Song: "Again the Palisades Grow Dark."

At the senior class dinner at Barnard College last night, which was the last event on the class day programme, six young women who are leaving school announced their marriage engagements.

The six announcements were a complete surprise to other members of the class, and came at the annual experience meeting.

The experience meeting is one of the most solemn events of the college year, and consists of a roll call in response to which each girl in turn rises, crosses her heart and her fingers, and tells all the rest of the girls whether she is really engaged or not, and if so, to whom.

Each year the ceremony brings forth a goodly crop of surprises. Girls whom no one had ever suspected of matrimonial inclinations demurely report that it is going to happen some time in the Fall, and girls who had been thought to be set aside, marked off, and appropriated by men known to every one confess that they are going to marry men whom their friends have never even heard of.

The news of the engagement announcements came from Brooks Hall after the banquet, but all the girls who had heard their chums tell their secrets refused to reveal either their names or the names of the men most interested.

Yesterday's class day exercises began with the steps ceremony.

The Senior President, Louise Adams, handed over the cap and gown, with all privileges thereunto attached, to Sarah Butler, incoming Senior President.

Each class sang a farewell song to '14 after the seniors had run through their class songs of earlier years. For the last time they sang the senior song and then gave place to 1915, who took the senior steps and sang the senior song for the first time.

After more singing and cheering the classes marched in academic procession to the Columbia gymnasium, where the class day exercises were held.

The graduating class entered to strains by the student orchestra and took their places on the platform while the assemblage cheered.

Louise Adams, Senior President, delivered the salutatory, and showed how "fortune favors 1914 even if she does have hard luck sometimes."

Marguerite Schorr, in the rôle of Limelight Lionella, gave a history of the class in true movie style. Every time a film was changed the class covered the gap by bursting into song. One was very appropriate, set to a tune popular with organ grinders:

College, '14's growing old,
Silver threads 'mid brown and gold,

it ran—and then some.

Among '14's achievements, last but not least, was the winning of the alumnae parade banner the day before by a clever illustration of "Evolution" through all the laboratory types, earthworm, lobster, fish, frog, monkey, to the finished product of the fashion parade, "The Survival of the Fittest." All the animals were there, crawling, swimming, or jumping about the campus.

Florence Harris's class day song sobered the affair for a few minutes, but fun broke out again when Alice Waller read a nonsensical paper entitled "Advice from the Dodo," slamming the other classes.

To Louise Fox was intrusted the task of giving "Knicks, Knacks, and Knocks" to members of her class. She called forth roars of laughter from the undergraduates, in which families and friends joined without always seeing the point.

The class day poem, by Corinne Reinheimer, was heartily received. Miss Florence Schwarzwilder disposed of plans for the improvement of colleges in a daring speech entitled "Higher Education." She spared neither Faculty nor friend with her wit.

The gift to the college, three drinking fountains, was presented by Ruth Guernsey, Chairman of Senior Week. In the absence of the Undergraduate President-elect, Miss Helen Jenkins received it. She brought the house down with her remarks about the appropriateness of the gift—"Gushing fountains of water—so like '14," as she expressed it.

These were announced as elected to Phi Beta Kappa: Louise Adams, Elsa Becker, Sophie Bilow, Estelle De Young, Caroline Allison Duror, Helen Dourds, Ruth Guernsey, Beatrice Heinemann, Dorothy Herod, Sidney Miner, Sarah Ordway, Margaret Peck, Harriet Poer, Gertrude Raff, and Helen Shipman.

Harriet Winship Poore received the French Prize and Margaret Peck got the Constance von Wahl Prize. The former was founded in memory of Edith Thomas, 1914, and the latter in memory of Constance von Wahl, Undergraduate President of 1912.

Dorothy Fitch, Undergraduate President of 1914, delivered the valedictory, and the exercises closed with the Sunset Song, "Again the Palisades Grow Dark."

The classes then returned to Barnard and entertained their friends there.

Members of the Class Day Committee were Ruth E. Guernsey, Chairman; Judith Bernstein, Louise Fox, Edith Mulhall, Corinne Reinheimer, Marguerite Schorr, Jeannette Unger, and, ex officio, Louise Adams and Sidney Miner.

Dewey's Superior Port Wine.
Invaluable for Invalids and convalescents. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., N. Y. —Adv.

THE NORTHLAND ASHORE IN SOUND

Passenger Steamer Bound for Portland, Me., Strikes on Bartlett's Reef.

PASSENGERS TAKEN OFF

Forward Hold of Vessel Full of Water, But She Is in No Danger —Sea Smooth, Weather Clear.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Friday, June 5.—According to a wireless message received here late last night the passenger steamer Northland is ashore off Bartlett's Reef, about ten miles southwest of here.

The wrecking tug Tasco left New London harbor shortly after midnight to go to her assistance.

No details were given in the message.

The Tasco reported by wireless at 1:30 o'clock this morning that she had sighted the Northland, and would soon be alongside the steamer. The Northland did not appear to be in any great danger, the message said.

The forward hold of the Northland is full of water. The 75 passengers, transferred from the steamer to the Tasco, will be taken to New London.

The sea is smooth, the weather clear, and the Northland is in no danger. There are four fathoms of water at the point where the steamer struck.

A wireless message received in New York late last night reported the plight of the steamer Northland of the Eastern Steamship Corporation, which left here yesterday afternoon for Portland, Me. This message said the steamer was ashore on Gull Island in The Race at the eastern entrance to Long Island Sound. The Northland asked that a revenue cutter be sent.

Within less than half an hour after the Northland was reported ashore a message came from her withdrawing her request for a revenue cutter and stating that she needed no assistance.

The Northland, a speedy boat, capable of 19 knots, but probably making slower time last night because of the thick weather, left her pier here at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. It was said at the pier last night that her passenger list was not a heavy one on this trip. She carried an ordinary cargo of freight.

The Northland is a steel screw steamer built in 1910 at Wilmington for the Eastern Steamship Company, and commanded by Capt. Bragg. She is 304.4 feet long, 47.2 beam and 19.8 depth of hold, and has 2,731 gross tonnage.

Gull Island lies between Plum Island and Fishers Island in latitude 40-12 N. There is a light on the island, which is off Fort Terry and almost directly south of New London.

WIRELESS PHONE FEAT.

Conversation Over a Distance of 150 Miles, It Is Asserted.

PARIS, June 4.—By means of a wireless telephone apparatus invented by two naval officers, Commander Victor Colin and Lieut. Maurice Jeance, conversations were carried on today over a distance of 150 miles.

The words came with greater distinctness, it is said, than is customary even over a telephone connected by wire, the speakers' voices being clearly recognizable.

The inventors of the new apparatus succeeded in transmitting speech by wireless five years ago. Their instruments were installed in the French battleships Verite and Justice, but they could not be depended upon, chiefly owing to a variable quality of the oscillations of the Hertzian waves. By experiment the inventors succeeded in overcoming the difficulties by means of an attachment which filters the waves. They declare that any number of posts can exchange conversations at the same time without interfering with each other, by slightly varying the respective wave lengths.

While antennae measuring 150 feet are necessary for long distance transmission, conversations can be received on the apparatus, which is used by many persons to catch the Eiffel Tower time signals.

FORD TO BUILD HOSPITAL.

Offers to Take Over Detroit's $2,000,000 Project.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, June 4.—Because one of the 10,000 unemployed who were drenched with a fire hose last January while seeking employment at the Ford plant contracted pneumonia and tuberculosis as a result, and Henry Ford could not find hospital accommodations for him in the city, the motor car manufacturer today made an offer to the Directors of the General Hospital, now in course of construction, to take over the project, repay all subscriptions, complete the work, and make it a poor man's hospital. He will spend $2,000,000 on the project, and as much more as may be necessary to keep it running. The offer undoubtedly will be accepted.

In his letter to the hospital board he refers to the proposed municipalisation of the hospital as "a serious mistake, both for the city and from every other point of view." This is a surprise to the public as the Ford interests are supposed generally to be in favor of municipal ownership.

The philanthropic spirit of Mrs. Ford is credited in part for the decision of Mr. Ford to build the hospital.

J. P. Morgan's Son Operated On.

Henry Sturgis Morgan, youngest son of J. P. Morgan, is in the Presbyterian Hospital recovering from an operation for appendicitis. He is a student at Groton School in Massachusetts and last week complained of feeling ill. He came home and was examined by the Faculty physician, who decided upon the operation. He was taken to the hospital on Tuesday. It was said yesterday that he was improving rapidly.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
Ask for the Non-refillable bottle with the Green Stripe. ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.—Adv.

BUTTERFIELD WILL FAT FOR POLITICIANS

Putnam County Republicans in Line for Big Fees in Settling $5,000,000 Joint Estates.

GOOD JOB FOR JOHN R. YALE

Surrogate Southard's Father Remembered—Men Who Vote Right Put In Laborer's Jobs.

With the first day of the public sale by auction yesterday of the furnishings of Cragside, the home at Cold Spring-on-Hudson of the late Mrs. Julia Lorillard Butterfield, widow of Gen. Daniel Butterfield, another chapter in the story of the estate was opened for discussion, and Putnam County has been alive with such discussion ever since the death of Mrs. Butterfield on Aug. 6, 1913.

The situation today is that a $2,000,000 estate, in the settling of which another estate of $3,000,000 is closely involved, is out of the hands of the executors appointed by the will and so placed that its administration is guided by prominent members of the Republican machine of Putnam County and their allies.

Residents of Cold Spring do not allege that any illegal act has been committed. They simply point out that lucrative jobs in connection with the estate are in the hands of the three men who are recognized as supreme political forces in the county and their friends, and that much money in lawful fees and salaries will have gone to these men before the estate is settled. They say that not even such small fry as laborers on the estate have been overlooked, and that after the death of the testatrix several workmen whose political sympathies were not guaranteed were replaced by others who were known to be of the faithful.

Moreover, they say, the settlement will be effected only after intricate legal proceedings concerning both Mrs. Butterfield's estate and that of her first husband, Frederick P. James, in which she had a life interest, have been taken, and that before the matter is cleared up many thousands of dollars in counsel, guardian, and administrative fees will have been paid.

Putnam County, which is strongly Republican, recognizes that there are no more important men politically within its bounds than John R. Yale, Chairman of the County Committee, J. Bennett Southard, County Judge and Surrogate, and State Senator James E. Towner. Another man of political importance, though not equal to the other three, is William H. Berrigan, County Chairman of the Independence League. The latter, though not a Republican, is recognized as having been the political ally of the triumvirate on many occasions.

That is why Putnam County is interested in the fact that John R. Yale and William H. Berrigan are the temporary administrators of the $2,000,000 estate; that Surrogate Southard appointed them, and that Senator Towner appeared yesterday as the auctioneer at the most important public sale that the county is likely to see in a long time.

John R. Yale, whom Putnam County looks upon as its "boss," whether justly or not, is famous as a politician, and is an old-timer there. Of late his political interests have been those of J. Bennett Southard, who is just starting his third term as County Judge and Surrogate. Six years ago Mr. Southard had a difficulty with the Republican Party and did not get the nomination for a second term. He ran, however, on the Democratic ticket, and although a Republican nomination is supposed to mean election, he won as a Democrat. Last November he received the Republican nomination and was elected for his third term.

The appointment of Yale and Berrigan as temporary administrators of the Butterfield estate, which was fought by the executors named by Mrs. Butterfield, does not complete the list of machine allies who have received remunerative posts in connection with the estate.

Surrogate Southard's father, Jacob G. Southard, was appointed to have charge of the maintenance of Cragside. This appointment was not made by the Surrogate, however, but by Supreme Court Justice Morschauser of Poughkeepsie. Surrogate Southard was responsible for the appointment of Hugh Smith and John H. Brooks as appraisers of the estate.

Mr. Smith is a shoe dealer of Cold Spring, with no marked political affiliations, who is considered a responsible and competent business man. Brooks is a stone mason of Nelsonville, near Cold Spring, and is reputed to be useful when some one is needed to round up the vote of the highways and byways. Part of the duties of these appraisers was to value the art works contained in the Fifth Avenue Winter residence of Mrs. Butterfield.

For trustees of the James estate of $3,000,000, in which Mrs. Butterfield had a life interest, the Surrogate named William A. Ladue and William H. Truesdale. The former is considered a capable young man, little in politics, although his father was a prominent Democratic Assemblyman. He is a close personal friend of the Surrogate. Truesdale is a carpenter, and is looked upon as useful to the Republican politicians.

After the will of Mrs. Butterfield was filed for probate and the hearings began, it developed that Nathan P. Bushnell of Peekskill, a law school classmate of the Surrogate, was appointed a special guardian, with William E. McReynolds of New York, to look after the interests of four children of Mrs. Butterfield's grandnephews, whom she had mentioned in the will specifically as not entitled to any of her money "for reasons best known to myself," nor were their heirs to have any.

Later William H. Weeks of Brewster appeared at the hearings under appointment as "special guardian for unknown infants, heirs and next of kin of decedent, if any, published against in the supplemental citation dated Dec. 15, 1913." Mr. Weeks is a friend of "Jack" Yale and a former District Attorney. He ran for the Assembly last Fall when Judge Southard was up for re-election, but was defeated. Mr. Weeks is regarded as independent in his views and is a man of high standing.

State Senator Towner came into connection with the estate as auctioneer of the sale yesterday. The appointment was that of the temporary administrators, as was the appointment as assistant auctioneer of William Andrew Ferris, President of the village of Brewster who is a cog in the Republican machine. Another man who shared in the profits is E. W. Addis, Republican,

Continued on Page 8.

Best Electric Wiring—Home, Office, Factory. DENNIS G. BRUSSEL, 31 West 39th Street.—Adv.

TEN HURT IN TORNADO.

Storm Sweeps Through a Pennsylvania Valley, Overturning Houses.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERSET, Penn., June 4.—A tornado swept through the Casselman River Valley late this afternoon. Ten persons were injured, one mortally. Many houses were overturned. In the towns of Ursina ad Confluence practically every structure was damaged. Mrs. Henry Cameron, aged 80, of Cameron, was hit by flying timbers, and it is thought will die.

The storm passed quickly, leaving tons of wreckage in its wake. There was a very heavy rain for fifteen minutes. While the storm was at its height there was almost total darkness.

IDENTIFIES MAN OF MYSTERY

Mrs. H. F. Pitkin Says "J. C. R." Is Her Son, Earl W. Iles.

CHICAGO, June 4.—"J. C. R.," the man of mystery of Rochester, Minn., and Chicago, was identified to-day by Mrs. H. F. Pitkin of this city as her son, Earl W. Iles, a mining engineer, who has been missing for eight years. He gave her feeble signs of recognition, but could say nothing, as his vocal cords are paralyzed.

"J. C. R." was found unconscious on the streets here last November. At the Oak Park infirmary, where he was taken, he sometimes wrote the initials "J. C. R.," and at other times "J. P. R." Later he was identified as a man who had escaped from a hospital in Rochester, Minn. He had spent years there and was known only as "J. C. R."

Mrs. Pitkin will take Iles to her home. She heard from him last in September, 1906. He then was in the mining district of Goldfield, Nev.

GIRLS CHEER A DUCKING.

High School Seniors Tossed Juniors Into the Delaware.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 4.—Trenton High School seniors engaged early today in their annual cremation exercises at Taylorsville, Penn., bound with rope a dozen or more juniors who interfered and flung them bodily into the Delaware River, while fifty girl members of the senior class looked on and cheered. Parents and the school authorities are highly indignant at the incident, and investigations are promised.

The seniors engaged a special trolley car to convey them to Taylorsville. The juniors learned of the plan and took possession of the car and proceeded to the seniors' camping ground. Then the seniors hired another car and went to Taylorsville, where they found the juniors in possession and a fight immediately started.

The juniors were worsted, and the seniors built a large bonfire, and, despite a heavy rainfall, sat down to a feast of hot frankfurters and ice cream. The juniors came back to the attack again, and again were repulsed. A dozen were taken prisoners. The seniors tormented the prisoners, and finally bound them hand and foot and tossed them into the stream

MARRIED 6 WEEKS, GONE.

Religious Editor Leaves Bride Who Was a Wellesly Graduate.

Kenneth B. Douglass, for five months religious editor of the Newark Evening News, disappeared on Tuesday from his home, 23 Franklin Street, Newark, six weeks after his marriage to Miss Majorie Stoneman of St. Louis, a graduate of Wellesley College, who was employed in Newark as an efficiency expert at the Bureau of Associated Charities.

Douglass was formerly of Toronto, Canada, and was a graduate of two colleges and a Doctor of Philosophy. At the offices of The Newark Evening News it was said yesterday that he had figured in a divorce case in the West. He said that he was innocent of any wrongdoing, but was told that he would have to produced proof if he wanted to keep his position. The News received a telegram from Douglass yesterday saying that he wished to resign, as he was going to enter a sanitarium. Where the telegram came from was not made known.

Mrs. Douglass said yesterday that her husband told her he was going to see a physician when he left home on Tuesday last.

FRANK HEARING TODAY.

Motion Up to Set Aside Verdict in Phagan Murder Case.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 4.—The next step in the fight on behalf of Leo Frank, convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan, will take place tomorrow, when Judge Ben Hill will hear the motion of the defense to set aside the verdict on the ground that the prisoner was deprived of his constitutional rights because the verdict was rendered in his absence from court.

Solicitor Dorsey, for the State, will contend that Attorneys Rosser and Arnold, who represented Frank at the trial, waived his presence, but Attorneys Tye and Peeples, who have brough the motion to set aside the verdict, will insist that the laws of every State and the laws of the United States contemplate the presence of the prisoner in the courtroom, and that even his attorneys cannot waive his presence. Mr. Tye and Mr. Peeples have many decisions to sustain their contention, and they believe that Judge Hill will set the verdict aside, which will free Frank.

Should the verdict be allowed to stand the case will be taken to the Federal Courts.

EINSTEIN HOME ROBBED.

Thieves Got Much Valuable Jewelry While Family Was at Theatre.

Burglars entered the home of Julius Einstein at 136 West 121st Street between 8 and 9 o'clock last night, while the family and servants were away, and carried off jewelry which Mr. Einstein told the police of the West 123d Street station was worth several thousands of dollars.

Mr. and Mrs. Einstein and their daughters left the house a few minutes before 8 o'clock to go to the theatre and told the servants that they might have the night off. At 9 o'clock Julius Einstein, Jr., Mr. Einstein's eldest son, returned home from visiting friends in the neighborhood. He noticed that the lights in the front rooms were turned on, although he knew the family was away.

An investigation showed that the front door had been opened with a jimmy, and young Mr. Einstein, summoning two patrolmen, entered the house. They found that the burglars had ransacked every room, overturning furniture and tossing bureau drawers on the floor in their haste. None of the silverware was taken, and the burglars also passed by tapestries of great value.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.

SS Savoie, Havre to New York, was 780 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 7 P. M.; due 6th, afternoon. French Line.

SS Adriatic, Liverpool to New York, was 420 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due 5th, afternoon. White Star Line.

SS Philadelphia, New York for Southampton, was 407 miles W. of Fastnet, Ireland, at 6:30 P. M.; due Plymouth 6th, forenoon. American Line.

Chas. E. Matthews, the Desk Man, now 11 E. 18th St.; also Commercial Stationery. —Adv.

MILITANT GETS INTO ROYAL COURT

Despite All Police Precautions, Attends Ceremony in Buckingham Palace.

MAKES APPEAL TO KING

Drops on Her Knees Before Him —Monarch Takes No Notice of Her.

IS TAKEN OUT QUIETLY

Her Identity at Present a Mystery —May Be a Titled Woman with the Right to Attend Such a Function.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 5.—Despite the most elaborate official and police precautions, the militant suffragettes achieved their ambition of creating a scene at the Court held last night at Buckingham Palace.

A woman got as far as the royal presence and dropped on her knees in front of the King, addressing an appeal to him.

The scene of confusion that followed lasted only a few seconds, and the woman was escorted out.

Just what the suffragette said to the King seems to be in doubt. According to some accounts, all she had time to say was, "For God's sake, you Majesty"—before she was removed. According to other versions she exclaimed, "For God's sake, your Majesty, do not use force!"

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent learns from a witness of the scene that the proceedings were about half way through and at their most brilliant point when a young, good-looking woman, who was approaching their Majesties as they stood to receive the women presented, dropped upon her knees and shouted to the King.

Apparently a Debutante.

It was just before the débutante, as she appeared to be, should have made her obeisance as she drew near to the royalties. Possibly nervousnes caused her to mistime her act. Possibly, also, she was not regularly invited for presentation, and hurriedly made her demonstration before reaching the Court official who would have received her name.

Before she could add anything to the few words she spoke two or three officials were beside her. One of them took hold of her arm and addressed her. She rose from her knees without another word and walked quietly out between two officials. The scene was over in a few seconds. Indeed, it passed so quickly that it was unnoticed save by persons close at hand.

The King looked on with an entirely impassive face, giving no indication that he even observed it, though it is certain that he must both have seen the woman on her knees and heard her words.

At the time of cabling the woman's name is unknown. She was dressed in a black gown in accordance with the requirements of Court mourning.

More Than One Demonstrator?

Another version of the incident is that a demonstration was made by two titled women, sympathizers with the suffragette movement. Both had been previously presented, and were in a social position sufficiently high to entitle them to cards for all Court functions. When in the presence of the King and Queen they raised their voices in a demand that votes should be conceded to women, the Court officials promptly intervened and escorted the women to an anteroom, there to await their motor cars, and then conducted them beyond the precincts of the palace.

A third version of the incident is that a woman, when passing the royal presence, fell on both knees and cried in a loud, shrill voice, which could be heard through the throne-room: "Your Majesty, won't you stop torturing women?" The band in the gallery was playing at the time, and the conductor, observing what was happening, gave a signal to it to play more loudly, with the result that the woman's voice was drowned. Col. Sir Douglas Dawson, Controller of the Lord Chamberlain's Department, himself helped to carry the woman out. The proceedings were not interrupted for an instant.

Ever since Mrs. Pankhurst mooted the idea of a suffrage deputation to the King, which was vetoed by the Home Office, the militants had been determined to gain access to King George and bring him personally to task for his Government's attitude toward them. The recent march upon Buckingham Palace was only one of their efforts in this direction. Various other plans were tried, but were nipped in the bud.

Mrs. Pankhurst has been hiding lately in a house in Grosvenor Place, overlooking the gardens of Buckingham Palace, and the police believe that she selected that particular residence,

which belongs to one of her supporters, as a coign of vantage whence to spy out the land. The guards around the palace have been doubled.

There are constant patrols around the garden walls inside and out.

Police Heard of the Plan.

Exactly what the militants' plans were, however, remained a mystery till yesterday afternoon. Information then reached Police Headquarters that the suffragettes were confidently expecting to create a scene within the palace precincts at the Court held by King George and Queen Mary last night.

The June Courts are usually the most brilliant of the season. All the world and his wife are in London this month, and, as the earlier Courts are largely given up to presentations from the diplomatic and official sets, general society is more largely represented at the June Courts, which are also usually much more numerously attended.

This is particularly the case this year. In fact, the large number of presentations on the lists for last night's and tonight's Courts was one reason for the violent alarm which the reports of a pending suffragette coup created. Something not far removed from panic invaded Scotland Yard. The nerves of the police owing to the recent series of outrages by the "wild women" have grown ragged. The men in all the Metropolitan districts have been kept on duty for much longer hours than usual, and the higher officials have been in a state of extreme tension.

When the news that the militant leaders were already exulting over the anticipated success of the demonstration at Court reached Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon there was a hurried council between the Scotland Yard chiefs and the Court officials. Every possible precaution, it was thought, had already been taken.

The arrangements were that every carriage approaching Buckingham Palace should pass through a cordon of police, and that detectives who were acquainted with the features of the leading militants be stationed at various points within the palace. Every woman arriving at the palace was to be carefully scrutinized, and special care was to be taken that every card of invitation produced was genuine and bore the name of the guest.

The police were led to believe that some invitation cards were forged, and Scotland Yard's brains were racked to devise means whereby the fraud could be detected.

In the course of the early evening the authorities issued a statement that the extraordinary precautions taken would be found adequate to prevent a suffragette intrusion upon the brilliant function. The palace would be kept sacred, it was stated, and the King would be absolutely safeguarded. All these boastful previsions were proved fallacious.

American Women's Gowns.

There were a good many American presentations at last night's Court, which was the most brilliant so far of the season.

Ambassador Page presented his son, Ralph Page. Mrs. Page presented her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ralph Page; Mrs. Edward Bell, wife of the Second Secretary of the embassy; Miss Dorothy Doubleday, who is a guest of the Pages at Grosvenor Square; Miss Esther Cleveland, daughter of the late ex-President; Mrs. Randolph Mordecai and her daughter, Miss Margarita Pennington of Baltimore, and Miss Mary Sanger, daughter of Col. Sanger of Sangerfield, N. Y.

Mrs. Page wore an exquisite court gown of ivory satin over which was a drapery of gold-embroidered ninon. The bodice was draped with embroidered material and fastened over the shoulders with net and straps of diamante trimming. The skirt was made with a pointed train of gold-brocaded ninon and then, from beneath the folds of the skirt fell a court train of satin, gold-lined and embroidered in different shades of brown silk, forming a flower design, the centres finished with dewdrops in fine diamante.

Mrs. Bell wore a gracefully draped gown of ivory satin, veiled with old lace. Part of the bodice was of diamante and pearls, finished with a deep satin belt knotted at the side. A train of embroidered gold and white gauze hanging from both shoulders was caught up with diamante ornaments.

Mrs. Ralph Page wore a white satin gown trimmed with old lace, with a white chiffon train and gold lace border. No ornaments were pearls.

Miss Dorothy Doubleday was in a gown of white moire antique, with a train of white chiffon bordered with silver lace attached to the shoulders with wreaths of silver roses.

Miss Esther Cleveland was in a simple gown of white satin and tulle. The train was of chiffon, silver bordered.

Mrs. Mordecai was in a gown of pink and silver brocade. The train was of pink and silver tissue draped with pink chiffon. She had a cape of silver lace. Her jewels were a diamond tiara and other diamond ornaments.

Miss Pennington's dress was of white satin, draped with white tulle, caught up with small pink roses and maidenhair fern. The corsage was embroidered with diamante. The train was white satin, attached to the dress by a bow of pale pink ribbon lined with pale pink chiffon. Miss Pennington wore pearls.

Miss Sanger wore a gown of soft white satin. The corsage was arranged with shadow lace and tulle caught up with a sheaf of lilies of the valley. A manteau de cour of white tulle was bordered with crystal trimming, with large bows catching clusters of lilies of the valley down the left side.

Lady Suffolk presented her niece, Lady Irene Curzon, who wore a dainty débutante's gown of ivory charmeuse with a Court train of cloth of silver hemmed with diamante and fastened to the shoulders with diamante mercury wings.

MILITANCY IS WELL PAID.

Many Women Have Left Other Work to Join the Suffragettes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, June 5.—The Times, referring to the proposed plan of the authorities to combat the campaign of the militant suffragettes by prosecuting contributors to the funds of the militant organization and attaching their property, points out that the character of the movement has changed considerably since its early days. Then volunteers came forward in large numbers to do the work. Now it is done very largely by women who are paid, and well paid to do it.

Cases are frequently heard of in which women have given up other employment to join the militants, not from any love for the cause, but merely because the pay is so much better.

It is believed, says The Times, that legal action against subscribers who provide funds for this renumerative employment will have a very considerable effect, but, if not, steps may be taken to secure legislation which will enable the Home Secretary to declare certain societies having no corporate existence to be illegal and to attach their funds.

KEEP CLOSER WATCH ON HUERTA GUNBOATS

Clash Over the Antilla's Cargo of Arms for Rebels May Affect Peace Plans.

AWAIT CARRANZA'S REPLY

Mediators Also Marking Time While President Wilson Considers Outline of Agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The departure of the Ward liner Antilla from New York on Tuesday with a heavy cargo of arms for the Constitutionalists at Tampico presents itself tonight as a more interesting, if not a more threatening, incident than ever. There was talk here tonight that the fact of the ship's having been allowed to sail was a breach of the understanding with the mediators, as described yesterday by Mr. Bryan and possibly an infraction of the armistice with Gen. Huerta. Today the Administration, resigning itself to the departure of the Antilla, directed the Navy Department to keep watch on the Mexican Federal gunboats to see of any attempt was made to prevent the cargo frm reaching its destination.

Soon after the capture of Tampico by the rebels orders were sent through Admiral Badger at Vera Cruz to Admiral Mayo at Tampico not to allow the three Federal gunboats that escaped from Tampico to interfere with commerce to and from that port. That order still stands, and the Navy Department has reported to Secretary Bryan each step taken for its enforcement.

At 3 o'clock this morning a dispatch was sent to Admiral Badger informing him of Gen. Huerta's reported declaration of a blockade at Tampico against the Antilla and directing him to watch and report any movement of the little gunboats.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the answer came that the gunboats had not moved, and that information was sent to Mr. Bryan by Secretary Daniels.

It was pointed out here tonight that any attempt on the part of the American warships to prevent the Federal gunboats from interfering with the Antilla would in itself be an act of aggression against Gen. Huerta's forces. Such an act in ordinary circumstances would mark the end of the armistice to which the United States informally bound itself pending the Niagara conference, and the end of the armistice might bring mediation to an end.

It was said at the State Department this afternoon that no inquiry or protest had come from the mediators regarding the sailing of the Antilla, but the outcome of the incident in connection with the peace movement is being watched with interest in some quarters here. If it should be found to emphasize in a striking way the difference of view between the United States and the mediators as to the treatment of the rebels there would be no surprise in some circles.

CARRANZA DELAYS REPLY.

But a Semi-Official Warning Is Issued to the Mediators.

EL PASO, June 4.—Gen. Carranza announced today through agents here that he would not make answer to the communication of the A B C mediators nor issue his proclamation dealing with the arrangement of a Provisional Government in Northern Mexico until he had reached Saltillo.

At the same time it was announced that the Constitutionalist Commander in Chief had departed from Durango on his way to Saltillo by way of Torreon.

The delay in the issuance of the proclamation is believed to have been occasioned by some phase of the Niagara Falls conferences and by the reported desire of Carranza formally to establish himself as Provisional President at Saltillo, the capital of the State of which he was Governor under the Madero Government.

Semi-Official Carranza Statement.

The opinions of those surrounding Carranza regarding the three-cornered conference at Niagara Falls were reflected once more in a semi-official statement from Durango.

The message follows:

"'Hamlet with Hamlet left out' is the way many of the Constitutionalist leaders here expressed themselves today regarding the conference at Niagara Falls. That a plan can be found to settle internal affairs in Mexico without the participation of the Constitutionalist Government is regarded by them as impossible. They point out that the only party directly interested in Mexico which has been represented in the formation of the Niagara Falls plans has been that of Huerta. This party, defeated by the Constitutionalists at every point, is in the throes of dissolution and is in no condition to fulfill any pledges that might be made.

"The Constitutionalists have declared repeatedly that the sole solution of the internal difficulties of the country was the elimination of Huerta and his party from politics.

"The Constitutionalists emphasize the fact that they will recognize only a Government established under the plan of Guadalupe at the triumph of the revolution. By this time the Commander in Chief of the Constitutionalist party will be provisional President of Mexico, while elections are being verified and constitutional order is restored.

"In a word, the Constitutionalists think it would be well for the negotiators to acquaint themselves with the facts before committing themselves to a programme which there is no possibility of their carrying out."

Declaration from Pesqueira.

In addition to the Durango statement, one was issued here through Roberto Pesquiera, Carranza's confidential diplomatic agent on the border. The latter was given out from Señor Pesquiera's office today, after it had been revised and edited by a number of lawyers employed by the Constitutionalists, and was given out with the express understanding that it was to appear in print in detail, and that nothing could be cut from it. The Pesquiera statement reads:

"Mexico is entitled to clean up its own back yard, and does not seek nor desire any interference from any quarter. Neither does Mexico intend that there shall be any interference with the sovereign rights of the Republic, and will resent any such infringement. The internal affairs of Mexico are subjects for the careful consideration of Mexicans, who are impartial and know the people and the country and bring patriotic motives to bear in dealing with such problems—certainly not by persons who by their past records show that they hold their selfish interests above the interests of Mexico, nor by foreigners, who cannot possibly understand fully the needs of our people, who are different from their people.

LOOK TO WASHINGTON NOW.

Mediators Await President Wilson's Acceptance of Peace Plan.

Special to The New York Times.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 4.—Another day of waiting has served neither to emphasize nor lessen the anxiety that prevails among those concerned in the Mexican peace agreement over the present aspect of their work. The situation is one of patience, and the mediators and those with whom they are conferring are exercising that virtue in the face of a feeling that the next few days may bring developments that will point the way to the success or failure of their undertaking.

Although in the face of things the next move appears to be expected from Gen. Carranza in the form of a response to the note mailed by the mediators to his agents in Washington on Tuesday night, the feeling among most of those connected with the negotiations is that President Wilson has it in his power to start the wheels of the peace movement again. Gen. Huerta has accepted in principle the plan of patification upon which the American and Mexican delegates agreed, and there is a hopeful feeling here that the Washington Government will lay the foundation for further progress by following the example of the old warrior who stands at the head of Mexican affairs. Should President Wilson also accept in principle the terms of the outlined programme submitted by his delegates, the mediation negotiations could be resumed without waiting for Gen. Carranza's response.

DENOUNCES VERA CRUZ FINES.

German Paper Says They Are a "Sheer Act of Revenge or Malice."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 4.—The German Foreign Office expects soon to receive the Hamburg-American Line's detailed report of the Ypiranga and Bavaria incident. Such instructions as it may be deemed necessary to send Ambassador von Bernstorff, if any, will not be dispatched to him before tomorrow or Saturday.

The German press continues to assert the illegality of the American action in fining the German ships. The Liberal Vossiche Zeitung, whose attitude toward the United States in Mexican affairs has always been more or less unfriendly, says that the German Captains "unquestionably acted within their rights" and that it is therefore inconceivable that the fines should be paid. It also says that the American official statement regarding the fines, which seeks to give them an aspect of legality, is a "sheer act of revenge or malice," nothing short of childish. The American position, it continues, is utterly untenable, because Gen. Funston is trying to invoke the Mexican harbor regulations "against Mexico itself." Such an attitude, it declares, is both petty and deplorable.

SCANT HOPE OF ARMISTICE.

Carranza's Agents Certain He Will Not Yield That Point.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Rafael Zubaran and his associates in the Constitutionalist junta in Washington are waiting for Gen. Carranza's reply to the latest note of the mediators, which was forwarded to him at Durango yesterday. No answer is expected from Gen. Carranza before Monday or Tuesday.

"The matters touched upon in the note of the mediators," said Señor Zubaran tonight, "will be given very careful consideration by Gen. Carranza, who is just now transferring his capital from Durango to Saltillo. Gen. Carranza will give preference to the consideration of the note, but he may be in Saltillo when he sends his answer."

When Señor Zubaran was asked what he thought of the situation, he said:

"I am inclined to think that the general situation is encouraging."

When asked wheher he thought Gen. Carranza would consent to an armistice and mediation of Mexican internal affairs, Señor Zubaran smiled, shrugged his shoulders, and, speaking through Señor Urquidi, as interpreter, responded that he could not enter into details; that Gen. Carranza was fully able to speak for himself and for the Constitutionalist cause.

Señor Zubaran was in telegraphic conversation with Gen. Carranza for several hours last night. After sending a cipher translation of the mediators' note to Gen. Carranza by telegraph, Señor Zubaran communicated to the head of the Constitutionalists a complete statement of the situation as seen through the eyes of the Constitutionalist junta in Washington. Every element and fact in the situation which it was deemed essential that Gen. Carranza should have before him while considering the note was telegraphed to him. This included a statement of the attitude of the American Government, as disclosed last night by John Lind in his talk with the Washington members of the junta and comment on the situation issued by the Huerta delegates at Niagara Falls.

The Constitutionalists here say Gen. Carranza is fixed in his determination not to consent to an armistice and in his opposition to the attempt to settle the internal affairs of Mexico by international arrangement.

SAYS AMERICANS WERE SHOT.

Oil Man Reports That Thirty Were Killed Near Tuxpam.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., June 4.—While making his escape from Mexico, George Dennison, an oil man, who arrived here today, said he saw thirty Americans shot down in cold blood by Mexican soldiers. He added that Americans were continually being murdered in the interior sections of the southern republic and that American property was being destroyed.

Nearly three weeks ago Dennison was working at Paramita, 52 miles from Tuxpam, when conditions became so critical that it was deemed advisable for all Americans to flee the country at once. They immediately hastened in from the lease on which they had been working and boarded a train for Tuxpam. The women and children had been sent to that city hours before and got through safely.

Dennison says that the assassination of the thirty Americans occurred at a point far off their direct route, and the three refugees were hiding in a clump of trees when they saw the tragedy. The Americans were making an effort to reach Tuxpam by boat, when they were captured by the Mexicans. He says the Mexicans lost little time, but quickly marched the Americans to a convenient place and shot them down.

OCCUPYING VERA CRUZ STATE.

Carranza Forces Working South—Take Only Current Taxes.

DURANGO, Mexico, June 3, (Via El Paso, Texas, June 4.)—The towns of Tantimo and Tantoyuca, in the State of Vera Cruz, have been captured by a force under Gen. Candido Aguilar, newly named Governor of that State, according to a message received today by Gen. Carranza. Gen. Aguilar has occupied a large portion of the State, has established civil and military authorities in office, and offered full guarantees to commerce and industries.

In answer to presentations made by the United States State Department, Gen. Carranza today ordered that collectors in the States held by Constitutionalists make no effort to again collect the back taxes paid by foreign companies to the Huerta Government. Collectors will now receive only current taxes.

HUERTAS STILL IN MEXICO.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 4.—President Huerta confirmed today the statement of THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, cabled yesterday, that no member of his family had left the country or thought of doing so.

The newspaper men had a weary wait in the anterooms of the Foreign Office this evening. Just when they expected to be received by Señor Esteva Ruiz, Francisco de la Lama, the Finance Minister, called and was for some time in conference with Señor Esteva Ruiz. At 8 P. M. the latter had not found time to receive the press representatives.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, June 4.—No member of the Huerta family is on board the Hamburg-American liner Ypiranga.

DAY ASSAILS WILSON ON MEXICAN POLICY

Chancellor Likens Situation to a Family Quarrel, Where Peacemaker Suffers.

BUSINESS POLICY INSANE

Editors of the State Hear The Times Described as a Model Newspaper.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, June 4.—The New York State Press Association met here in annual convention today. Delegates were present representing all parts of the State. There was a dinner tonight at the Onondaga Hotel, at which speeches were made by Charles H. Betts, editor of The Lyons Republican, the President of the association; Chancellor James Roscoe Day of Syracuse University, and Jacob Gould Schurman, President of Cornell University.

W. E. Gardner, publisher of The Syracuse Post Standard, in welcoming the delegates at the opening session of the convention, said:

"THE NEW YORK TIMES is a model for American journalists. In its presentation of the news it is the best and most complete American newspaper. It is the pride and the guide of every American editor. It is always reaching out to extend its usefulness. It thrills its readers daily not with sensationalism, but with its wonderful achievements, along rational, legitimate lines. What it does, it does daily. It is not fond of splurges."

"Sane Politics" was the subject of the speech of Chancellor Day. In discussing the characteristics of recent National Executives, the Chancellor referred to one "as a President of so tremendous energy and expanding force that he would have blown himself into a thousand pieces if he hadn't blown off steam at every valve, including the whistle, while he clanged the bell for everybody to get off his track."

Continuing, Chancellor Day said:

"Now we have an academician, a college president who manages the country as he did unruly college students, with little speeches and some private lambastings. He runs things with holy awe of the Democratic platform when he can use those planks, and when he wants the rails he steps off the platform and walks on his own planks.

Attacks Mexican Policy.

"We have been made a little nervous by his attempt to select the best assassin for the Presidency of our Mexican neighbor. Some of us didn't think it mattered a peanut shell which cutthroat was President. Let them at each other with provisional recognition of the survivor, and they would kill each other off until Mexico got down to decent and honorable men.

"Some of us couldn't see what we needed to get into that family row for anyway. It is a pretty dangerous thing to mix up in a neighbor's domestic row. A friend of mine was passing a house occupied by a Dutchman and his Irish wife. Holland and Ireland had many a scrap. One of these periodic discussions was on as my friend was passing. There was the sound of smashing furniture and kitchen utensils were going out of the window. A scream rent the Sabbath air.

"My friend, a powerful man, rushed in and flung the Dutchman into a corner of the room and addressed some pious words to him. He turned to console the assaulted and bruised wife when there came down upon the small of his back, wielded by her muscular arms, the heavy wooden bottom of a kitchen chair that sent him upon his hands and knees, followed by a blow on the head that nearly put him out of commission. My friend crawled away. Just then another shriek came from the woman. My friend looked over his shoulder and being a stutterer said feelingly: 'Ge—ge—give her hell!'

"It is my opinion that it is about as well to let Mexico have hell in her own way, that Mexico wants it, and that we have enough to do to mind our commerce without 'waiting and watching' while she gets it. My friend went home and minded his business. He never went back there again to serve humanity.

"I know that somebody spat at our flag. But a cat may spit at a lion at a safe distance. The seventeen boys brought back to New York and sent over the country to their burials is a sad price to pay for the spitting of a cat. It is too late in the world's history for us to get too easily provoked internationally. A big fellow never should bluster. It gives the little fellow great advantage. Sane politics will henceforth and forever avoid all wars except those of invasion of its native seas or shores."

"Insane Politics" in Business.

Chancellor Day then took up a discussion of business matters and conditions, saying: "Our insanity began when we smashed into the great business of the country and it became possible for a President to become a dictator in the sole purchase and control of great corporate forms of business."

"The insanity of our insane politics in business may be seen today in the wreck of one of the most stable, reliable and profitable railways in the world, and the stagnation of business for years from the lakes to the gulf and from ocean to ocean.

"Does it seem credible that this mighty country has put its great corporate businesses, built up by giants of industry whose movements were safeguarded by the security of their investments and the conditions of prosperity among the people by which alone they could succeed, over into the hands of commissions composed of men who would never be thought of as Directors of such corporations, men utterly without practical experience in such management.

"I believe that it is insane to try to manage business by politics. A very few, simple, plain statutes with their roots in the common law and with methods in common sense are all we need. Simply enough to make property property, and that men may know what they own, and that every man may have the right and privilege to make the most of himself and for himself is all we require.

"The commission is a nefarious thing. It has got to justify itself by doing things. It is a stage setting. It must keep in the limelight. It must mind the claquers in the gallery."

Schurman on Executive Reform.

President Schurman in his speech discussed the American system of government and said:

"In this State of New York we should have no State officials elected by the people except the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor. All the rest should be appointed by the Governor. This is the meaning of the short ballot. And you see the reason for it. Obviously it makes government more efficient; for every official becomes at once responsible to the Governor, and the Governor can supervise the work of his subordinates much more effectively than we, the 2,000,000 voters of the State, can do it. But that is not all. The short ballot makes government more democratic. For when the people elect the Governor and give him power to appoint all his subordinates, they can hold him responsible for the entire administration of the affairs of the State.

"The weakest point in our State systems of government is the Legislature."

SUFFRAGE STIRS EDITORS.

They Give Miss Todd the Floor After Warm Opposition.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, June 4.—The State Press Association Convention was in an uproar today when President Betts announced that he intended to call on Miss Helen Todd of California to speak for ten minutes in behalf of woman suffrage.

Edgar L. Adams, ex-President of the association and editor of The Marathon Independent, called the attention of the chair to a resolution adopted at the convention in Garden City two years ago which provided that politics should not be discussed in the convention. He also said that the resolution had been introduced by L. William Jones, editor of The Sullivan County Review of Roscoe, who had escorted Miss Todd and her friends to their seats in the convention hall. He said that the resolution, moreover, provided that no woman member of the association could speak to the association without unanimous consent.

"Then I ask for unanimous consent," said President Betts.

"I object," said Mr. Adams.

Mr. Adams said that two years ago a woman advocating the vote for her sex asked for fifteen minutes' time and took two hours in which to make her argument. The prohibitory resolution was the result, he said.

Chester C. Platt, editor of The Batavia Times and Secretary to William Sulzer when he was Governor, asked for fair play for Miss Todd. He said no resolution adopted two years ago could bind the members now if they wished to hear Miss Todd.

"We want enlightment," he said. "Why should we close an ear to this discussion. We should be broad-minded and courteous."

It was finally decided by the members with but one dissenting vote to remain and hear Miss Todd at the close of the morning session. Miss Todd's speech was applauded liberally.

GUADALAJARA SURROUNDED.

Rebels Also Report the Capture of Colima on West Coast.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, Mazatlan, June 3, (via wireless to San Diego, June 4.)—Guadalajara, the objective point of the recent operations of the Constitutionalist Army of the Northwest, under command of Gen. Obregon, has been effectually surrounded. Three columns of Obregon's army, according to official information reaching Admiral Howard, have succeeded in shutting off the city from the national capital on the east and Manzanillo and the Pacific Coast on the west.

It is understood here that Gen. Obregon in advance with combined forces of approximately 10,000 men upon Guadalajara will be timed so as to meet Gen. Villa's troops headed southward in a combined attack on Mexico City.

Colima, capital of the State of that name, and one of the most important cities in Southwestern Mexico, has fallen into the hands of the Constitutionalists under Gen. Alamillo, former Governor of Colima, according to official information furnished Admiral Howard late today by a Constitutionalist officer.

Gen. Alamillo has been operating near the City of Colima, it has been known, for some time, preparing for an assault.

Fernando Ibarro, an attorney of the Southern Pacific Company, has been imprisoned at Tepic on the order of Gen. Obregon, according to information reaching here today. The reasons were not stated.

REBELS DRIVEN BACK.

Blanquet Reports Defeat of Zapatistas and Constitutionalists.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 4.—War Minister Blanquet announced tonight that the Zapatistas who for three days past have been attacking the City of Cuernavaca were repulsed this morning, their losses being heavy.

The War Office also has advices that the rebels around Zacatecas City have been routed and dispersed.

The van of Gen. Morelos Zaragoza's forces which evacuated Tampico has arrived at Huauchinango, State of Puebla, en route to this capital. The van consists of Gen. Higinio Aguilar's cavalry.

Gen. José Refugio Velasco, who after the evacuation of Torreon was transferred to San Luis Potosi as Governor and military commandant, has been ordered to report to this capital and is expected to arrive here tomorrow night. There is a disposition to connect Gen. Velasco's trip to the capital in some way or other with the pending peace negotiations. Gen. Velasco is succeeded by Gen. Joaquin Maass.

FIRST VERA CRUZ PENSION

Granted to Mother of C. A. Smith, Marine, Who Was Killed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The first pension resulting from the trouble in Mexico was granted today to the mother of Charles Allen Smith, a marine, of Philadelphia, who was killed at Vera Cruz. He was killed on April 22 and Representative J. Hampton Moore made an application for a pension for his mother, Mrs. Jennie Smith, on April 27. She receives $12 a month, this amount having been forwarded to her today.

WHY Trust Companies advertise the risk of selecting a friend executor of your will on the basis of his good intentions and sterling character.

This applies to women as well as men.

The Answer On Request

Thos. P. Spencer

149 Broadway New York

Note: IT MUST BE IMPORTANT

This message, printed last Fall, was retained by business men and answered months later.

LIPTON'S NEW YACHT FASTER THAN THE OLD

British Experts Say Shamrock IV. Is "Shaped Like a Cuplifter."

FINE FIRST TEST YESTERDAY

Nicholson Quite Outdid Himself in Designing a Racing Body—Lipton Pleased with First Trial.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PORTSMOUTH, June 4.—Shamrock IV. had its first sail-stretching spin with the Shamrock III. on the Solent today and won favorable opinion of many of the yachtsmen who witnessed her movements. Thousands of people watched the yachts leave. Sir Thomas Lipton, who was aboard the challenger with Mr. Nicholson, her designer, and Capt. Burton, who is sailing her, were warmly cheered as the two Shamrocks were towed out to Portsmouth Harbor from Gosport, in fine sunny weather with a flukey wind blowing mainly from the northwest. Under mainsail, foresail, and jackyards topsail the challenger showed good speed in two runs across Osborne Bay and back to Ryde. Under American measurements she must allow the trial boat about four minutes. The challenger appeared to hold her own throughout. Designer Nicholson and Capt. Burton took turns at the tiller. Both expressed satisfaction as to the speed and handiness of the challenger and Mr. Lipton concurred in their opinion.

The challenger's skipper regarded the spin more as a sail test than as a speed trial, and probably the present sail plan will be altered before the next spin. Expert yachtsmen who followed the challenger's movements with critical eyes, approved the easy manner in which she was manoeuvred, and the quickness wherewith she tacked, and expressed the opinion that she is shaped like a cup lifter and will prove a very fast boat, once she is shaken down into racing trim.

The Daily Mail's special correspondent aboard Shamrock IV. explains that he cannot give her dimensions for this reason, "If accurate—and those published are not—the full particulars of the dimensions would be of great value to our American rivals. If these were known before the competing yachts were officially measured for the race, another advantage would be gained by the United States, and goodness knows they have plenty already. Let it suffice that the new boat is 110 feet in overall length, with beam 22 feet 9 inches. The waterline length is 75 feet, and it is satisfactory to know that so skillful has been the building of the hull and spars that the yacht is sailing under that length. Even more wonderful is that the mast is hundredweights lighter than the most sanguine had hoped for. So far, therefore, the designer has beaten his estimates. I, like others, was much impressed with the masterly interpretation of the rule which was strange to Shamrock IV.'s designer. Herreshoff practically devised the rule of the New York Yacht Club, but unless he drew it from a well which was deeper than most can fathom, Nicholson has him beaten—that is, if Shamrock IV. can carry her canvas. The English designer and his chief American rival were given widely different readings of the American rule of measurement, and that fact makes the coming races more interesting than they ever have been in former years. Curiously enough, Herreshoff has produced a vessel which might cross the Atlantic with greater ease than the Shamrock IV.—a small, sharp model, with moderate sail, and Nicholson with his long, full overhangs and heavy keel. The huge canvas area has turned out a racing yacht which might well have been devised by an American designer in his more advantageous position."

VANITIE LOSES BY RESCUES.

Two Sailors Fall from Cup Yacht Deck in Trial Race.

The third race for the America's Cup defense yachts, Resolute and Vanitie, was brought to a thrilling end yesterday less than twenty-five minutes after they had set forth in the teeth of a howling thirty-five-knot southeaster. Two of Vanitie's sailors, heedless of Capt. Bill Dennis's shout of warning, were washed overboard when an extra heavy gust came bowling across the Sound, smiting the Cochran sloop's sails and standing her almost on her beamends.

Vanitie was leading at the time, but the loss of her men took all the fight out of her for the rest of the day. Before they had been hauled, weak and exhausted, from the sea, Resolute had rounded the first turn and was running for home. The flag officers' candidate finished the second leg, and was declared the winner by the Regatta Committee, although she had sailed only half the prescribed course.

Seeing what had befallen the Cochran boat, the committee's tug, Julia Moran, raced for the second turn flying the code signal Flag M, which means "Race will finish at this mark." The committee, consisting of H. de B. Parsons, Chairman; J. M. Macdonough, and Frederick O. Spedden, clocked Resolute as she passed the mark at 1:55:30 and gave this as her official time. Her elapsed time was 53:41 for the nine miles. The starting times were: Vanitie, 1:00:21; Resolute, 1:01:57.

Two Sailors Go Overboard.

The wind was blowing hard all the time, but there were puffs in it, and Capt. Dennis sighted one of them heading straight for him. He shouted to the men to drop the sheets, but they only hauled the harder, and the next instant the gale was upon them, sending all hands sprawling, and into the trough of the sea went Oscar Olsen and Alec Johnson, two of the men at the sheets.

Capt. Dennis at once brought his boat up into the wind, while several of the crew cut frantically at the lashings of the little skiff on deck. Luckily, this boat, which is carried in compliance with the law, was on the lee side, and the crew had it launched in no time.

As it struck the water one of the crew, Hans Efrensen, sprang in and bent to the oars. At the same time Phil Dennis, a brother of Vanitie's skipper, and John Swansen, the mate, threw rings to the men. Both had drifted far astern by this time, and the weight of the water in their boots and the drag of their heavy oilskins made it difficult to keep afloat in the rough sea. One of the life rings was carried far out of reach, but the other drifted near enough for Olsen to grasp it.

Several vessels that had been left far astern in the race put on full steam when they saw what had happened. The Regatta Committee's tug was one of the first to start to the rescue, but the press tug John J. Timmins was the nearest of the fleet and got there first. Capt. Robert H. Deakin of the Timmins ordered his crew to stand ready with the line, for the man in the rowboat was having all he could do to rescue one of his mates.

This man, Johnson, after managing to keep his head above water for a quarter of an hour, was rapidly losing strength. He was finally hauled over the skiff's stern and sank exhausted on the seat.

Rescuing Sailor Olsen.

Olsen, the other sailor, was rescued by the crew of the Timmins. Capt. Deakin brought the tug close alongside, while his men tossed a line which the sailor caught. They hauled him to the tug's side in short order, but it took four men to lift him from the water, for his strength was gone and his sea boots were filled to the tops. The boots had been tied with rope just below the knee, and they could not be kicked off while the men were in the water.

Both sailors were hauled over the tug's stern, and their boat after them. Johnsen was in pretty bad shape and had to be carried to the engine room to get warm. He revived by the time Vanitie's tender, City of Stamford, drew alongside and took all three sailors off.

Alexander Smith Cochran, Vanitie's owner, was on board the sloop when the men went overboard, and he saw the rescue. Later in the day Vanitie, now on her tender, reached City Island he hastened aboard the City of Stanford to see that the two sailors were well cared for. Mr. Cochran had a word of praise for the work of the Timmins and its crew.

The accident spoiled what started out to be a thrashing race. The storm had been venting its force on the Sound all morning, and with no sign of a letup at noon, the prospect of a third trial looked very slim. Nevertheless, the Regatta Committee's tug loomed up in the rain off Great Captain's Island toward 12 o'clock, and the Resolute came out from her anchorage at Glen Cove under tow of her tender, Cape Cod. The Vanitie, showing for the least inclination to try conclusions in what promised to harden into half a gale, stuck to her moorings until she saw that her rival meant business. Then she towed across.

Sailing of the Race.

The committee signaled a windward and leeward course of four and a half miles to Matinicock Point and return, to be sailed twice, making a short race of eighteen miles. The preliminary whistle blew at 12:45 and the start was signaled at 1 o'clock.

Vanitie, with a seven-foot reef in her mainsail, which reduced her canvas 600 square feet, carried her jib and had her staysail set in stops, but she wore no topsail. Resolute carried her mainsail and single headsail. They jockeyed at short range, and the Herreshoff boat seemed to be standing up a bit better, although there was not much to choose between them.

Both bore down to the line with the wind, Vanitie just a short distance in the lead. In order to start they would have to go about, and Resolute jibed to port as she neared the stake. Charles Francis Adams, 2d, her skipper, was hoping to beat Dennis again over the mark, but this time he was completely outgeneraled.

With just enough seconds to spare, Dennis jibed and then sent his boat spinning around the buoy with Resolute to leeward. He held Vanitie back for the while and shot her over the line twenty-one seconds later.

Adams, unwilling to take the poorer berth, declined to follow, and bore off until his two-minute time limit was almost up. Then he came about and crossed 1 minute and 36 seconds behind Vanitie and just 4 seconds before the two-minute period expired.

It was a beat dead to windward all the way going out. Adams tacked more frequently than Dennis, but try as he would he could not gain an inch on the Cochran boat. If anything, Vanitie appeared to have lengthened out her lead in the first fifteen minutes of sailing. Whether she did or not will never be known.

The two boats will resume hostilities tomorrow, when they sail in a special race under the auspices of the Larchmont Yacht Club.

The Well Dressed New Yorker

Edited by Beaunash

THINK of it!—50 separate Styles and Patterns are rivals here for your choosing, if you want to spend $20 for your Mid-Summer Suit.

Each Suit is a veritable *eggshell* — just enough lining for needful heft and sleek drape. You can turn it inside out like a glove.

Needle-worked, not machine-shirked, into that *melting softness* which connotes the high-priest of Fashion.

Town-and-Country Suits
Tailored by Stein-Bloch
$20 to $45

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STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

Broadway at 32nd Street

"Quick-Look" Bulletin

Flannel Suits of leaf-light stuffs, ⅛ lined — "Skeleton" Waistcoat with "Athletic" Armholes — idle-hour Patch Pockets which conjure up country club and polo field—cut to confer the lance-like figure— $20

Blue Serge Suits of a wiry texture that baffles rough wear—as thin "as the law allows"—⅛ lined, "Skeleton" Waistcoat, "Athletic" Armholes, Patch Pockets—Meadow Brook will be dotted with them next week— $20

Brown and Green Tartans in those diminutive cubes which form a charming mosaic pattern—the designs are borrowed from the steepest-cost woolens hand-loomed in Scottish huts— $20

White Flannel Trousers, as well as White Serges, Plain and Striped—don't bracket these with the sleazy fabrics which curl and cockle—sold for $5 and $6 by "the-public-be-slammed" shops—$3.75

Silk-Mixed Shirts in crushable Pongees—plain or self-figured in White, Pink, Tan, Hello and Gray—loungy-looking Double Cuffs—a value unordinary, yes, extraordinary— $2.50

Swimming Suits for the beach loller or the seasoned "water-dog"—two-piece, in Blues, Blacks, Oxfords and Heather Mixtures—pure Worsted that won't shrink like your bank balance— $2.85

Beach Robes fashioned expressly for us in Japan of fine native Crepe—Shawl Collar, trimmed in a contrasting color—unbelievably cool, soft and light—a "bully" throw-on 'tween dips— $3.50

FORGET THE PAST, WILSON BIDS SOUTH

Tells Civil War Veterans at Arlington Unveiling to Look to the Future.

DOWNPOUR HALTS SPEECH

President and Daughters Drenched on Homeward Trip—Dash for Autos and Trolleys.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A heavy thunderstorm broke over Arlington National Cemetery late today while President Wilson was addressing a great crowd gathered for the unveiling of the monument erected there to the Confederate dead. Torrents of wind-driven rain drenched the Blue and Gray veterans and women and children before they could seek shelter, and then there was a wild dash for automobiles and trolley cars. The President was enthusiastically received.

"I assure you that I am profoundly aware of the solemn significance of the thing that has now taken place," he said. "The Daughters of the Confederacy have presented a memorial of their dead to the Government of the United States. I hope that you have noted the history of the conception of this idea. It was proposed by a President of the United States who had himself been a distinguished officer in the Union Army. It was authorized by an act of Congress of the United States. The cornerstone of the monument was laid by a President of the United States, elevated to his position by the votes of the party which had chiefly prided itself upon sustaining the war for the Union. And now it has fallen to my lot to accept, in the name of the great Government which I am privileged for the time to represent, this emblem of a reunited people.

"I am not so much happy as proud to participate in this capacity on such an occasion; proud that I should represent such a people. Am I mistaken, ladies and gentlemen, in supposing that nothing of this sort could have occurred in anything but a democracy? The people of a democracy are not related to their rulers as subjects are related to a Government. They are themselves the sovereign authority, and as they are neighbors and friends of each other, quickened by the same passions and moved by the

EMPRESS WIRELESS HAD ONLY 8 MINUTES

In That Time the Operator Was Able to Summon Two Boats.

PREVENTED GREATER LOSS

Rescued; Ferguson Broke Into Wireless Room of Lady Evelyn and Sent Details of Disaster.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, June 4.—Ronald Ferguson, wireless operator of the Empress of Ireland, through whose efforts the Lady Evelyn and the Eureka were brought to the rescue of the passengers of the sinking ship, broke today the strict silence which he has maintained since the disaster. Ferguson was carried down with the ship, and swam about until almost exhausted before being rescued. In his statement to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent he said:

"Between the time of the collision and the time that the dynamos went out of commission we had only eight minutes, and in that time we were able to summon two boats. My cabin was on the top deck, and immediately after the shock I saw lights passing. I ran to the wireless room and called to stations: 'Stand by for distress signals; have struck something.'

"Then the chief officer told me to call 'S O S,' so I sent out the message: 'S O S. Have struck something; sinking fast; send help.'

"The station at Father Point replied immediately, asking where we were. I replied we were twenty miles past Rimouski, and I was trying to confirm this in answer to a request from Father Point when the power was cut off. The water had got into the stokehold, cut off the steam, and put the dynamos out of commission.

"Before, however, the apparatus was useless I got from Father Point the following message:

"'O. K. Am sending out Eureka and Lady Evelyn to your assistance.'"

On being rescued and taken to the Storstad, Ferguson immediately made his way to the Lady Evelyn, which had wireless apparatus on board but no operator. The room was locked, but he broke a window, climbed through, geared up the apparatus with Father Point, and gave a brief story of the wreck, asking for clothes, supplies, and a train to be sent to Rimouski wharf.

He said in closing: "I do not think it has been realized what a part wireless played in the affair. Only eight minutes was I able to work, but without that the only boats available for the passengers would have been those on the starboard side of the Empress, and it is not likely that more than forty or fifty would have been saved.

It is now announced authoritatively that the bullion in the strong room of the Empress, which was situated amidships on the upper deck, is worth nearly $2,000,000, and is all in silver bars. Offers were made by private parties yesterday to the divers on board the British cruiser Essex of large sums if they would descend and explore the Empress. Of course, the offer was refused.

The inquest begun at Rimouski last Saturday will be resumed next Saturday, but it is not expected that many witnesses will be heard, the most important being reserved for the special inquiry which will begin after the arrival of Lord Mersey.

HONORS FOR EMPRESS DEAD.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, June 4.—The grey old streets of this ancient city were lined this morning by thousands who waited for the passing of the funeral of the twelve victims of the Empress of Ireland disaster who this morning were laid at rest. The people of Quebec stood with bared heads as the great cortège wound slowly through the city after services at St. Patrick's Church and the Anglican Cathedral.

First came the clergy who had charge of the services. They were followed by detachments of the city police in dress uniforms, with Chief Trudell, and the Canadian Pacific Railway police who have been on duty at the morgue, under Sergt. Bain. Then followed the military band, with drums crepe-covered, playing funeral airs. Bluejackets carrying huge wreaths and crosses led the long line of hearses with their guards of honor, soldiers from the garrison on one side and bluejackets on the other.

There followed one of the saddest figures of the entire procession, Capt. Kendall, his face set and stern, but haggard and pale with grief. With him was Capt. Walsh, Marine Superintendent of the Canadian Pacific Railway, personally representing Sir Thomas Shaughnessy. Then followed Dr. Grant, the ship's doctor, whose work saved many lives, other officers and survivors of the crew, men who had known those who were lost. The Canadian Pacific Railway was represented by William Stitt, general passenger agent; Capt. Staunton, J. M. Gibbon, William Baltaynine, A. J. Blasdell, William Webber, G. J. P. Moore, A. O. Seymour, R. McCormick, A. R. Kennedy, J. O. Apps, C. H. Olsen, J. McKenna, T. Gibbons and many others from the marine department.

His Royal Highness, the Duke of Connaught, was represented by his aid, Capt. Bulkeley, who marched with the officers from the garrison and from the Senate, all of whom came ashore. The Dominion Government was present in the persons of the harbor commissioners and the officers and men of the Marine and Fisheries Department. With them was Capt. Murray, the harbor master and former captain of the lost vessel.

The funeral took place this afternoon of Sir Henry Seton-Karr, one of the victims of the Empress of Ireland disaster. It is said that Sir Henry left instruction with Lady Seton-Karr that should he die on any of his frequent trips about the world his body should be interred where he died and should not be conveyed to England. In consequence of this the interment took place today at the Mount Herman Cemetery, after a service in the Anglican Cathedral, Dean Williams officiated.

The funeral was private, only A. E. Howard, of London; August Goebel, Jr., of Detroit; Conrad M. Brown, of Haileybury, friends of the deceased, and J. O. Apps, of Montreal, representing Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, of the Canadian Pacific Railway, being present.

CARDEN THANKS HUERTA.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 4.—Sir Lionel Carden, acting under instructions from Sir Edward Grey, has conveyed to the Mexican Government the British Government's thanks for Mexico's expressions of condolence over the Empress of Ireland catastrophe.

OSBORN'S ADVISERS ANTI-TAMMANY MEN

State Chairman Ignores C. F. Murphy in Naming Executive Committee.

HIS ENEMIES ON THE LIST

County Clerk Schneider and Corporation Counsel Polk Among the Appointees.

William Church Osborn, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has appointed a large Executive Committee, whose function will be, Mr. Osborn said yesterday, to help him umpire the Democratic direct primaries this Fall.

When the names of Executive Committee members became public last night it was found that Chairman Osborn had given scant recognition to Tammany Hall and the group of Democratic leaders up-State who in recent years have succeeded in passing themselves off as the "organization." The committee list with the names of men with whom militant opposition and denunciation of Tammany Hall has been a favorite indoor sport for years.

Conspicuous on the list of committee members is the name of Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin D. Roosevelt, who started an insurgent movement against Tammany in 1911, when, as a member of the Senate, he led the successful revolt against Tammany Leader Murphy's attempt to have William F. Sheehan elected United States Senator. Among other names on the list that will give Tammany and the Democratic bosses pain are those of Montgomery Hare, County Clerk William F. Schneider, and Alexander Konta of this city, all of whom are actively identified at the present moment with organizations which have entered the field to overthrow Tammany Leader Murphy. From Brooklyn Mr. Osborn has appointed a notorious bunch of boss baiters, among whom is Alonzo G. McLaughlin, who led a fight on the Tammany annex in Kings last Fall. From the Bronx was named former Borough President Cyrus C. Miller, who was elected in 1909 on the anti-Tammany ticket.

Of men who were active in behalf of President Wilson both in his pre-convention campaign and after his nomination, there will be a goodly number on the new Executive Committee. John S. De Saulles and J. R. Truesdale were at the head of the College Men's Wilson League during the national campaign. Augustus Thomas, the playwright, is another Wilson man who will sit on the Executive Committee. "Frank P. Polk, whom Mayor Mitchel appointed Corporation Counsel, is another member.

Here is the full list of Executive Committee members:

Mayor Louis P. Fuhrman of Buffalo, ex-Senator George P. Burd, W. B. Hoyt, Louis Desiderio and Thomas Lockwood of Erie, Thomas E. Spratt of Jefferson, Louis M. Antisdale of Monroe, Arthur Downey of Oswego, Henry Bacon of Orange, E. H. Tichener of Broome, Paul Nichols of Delaware, Thomas W. Meachem of Onondaga, Clarence E. Mallory of Tioga, James Fenimore Cooper of Albany, ex-Gov. John A. Dix of Washington, Franklin D. Roosevelt of Dutchess, Seymour Van Santvoord of Rensselaer; Augustus Thomas, William A. Rand, and F. H. Allen of Westchester; Charles Horrman of Richmond; John S. De Saulles, Jacob Katz, Martin W. Littleton, Frank Patterson, Frederic R. Coudert, William F. Schneider, Montgomery Hare, Frank L. Polk, Julius Stevens Ullman, Lieut. Gov. Robert F. Wagner, Alexander Konta, and J. R. Truesdale of New York; Charles E. Treman of Tompkins, William Temple Emmet of Columbia, G. M. Carnochan of Rockland; Charles A. Boody, Julian P. Fairchild, Congressman Herman A. Metz, Edward M. Bassett, Edward Lazansky, William N. Dykman, Congressman John J. Fitzgerald, Nathan S. Jonas, and Alonzo G. McLaughlin of Kings; Cyrus C. Miller of Bronx.

The names of most of the members have appeared on the roster of anti-Tammany organizations. The few out-and-out organization men include Lieut. Gov. Wagner, Frank Patterson, Congressman Metz, Public Service Commissioner Emmet, Congressman Fitzgerald, ex-Secretary of State Lazansky, and ex-Gov. Dix.

Chairman Osborn yesterday sent out his call for the prospective Democratic conference at the Hotel Knickerbocker. This is scheduled to be a two-day affair, beginning on June 18 and ending on June 19. It was intimated yesterday that it might last longer if a clash occurs, as there is every likelihood, when the independent and unterrified Executive Committee begins to pit its views against those of the Democratic State Committee, which is dominated by the old "organization."

"No candidate will be chosen and no slate made," said Chairman Osborn last night. "The meeting was called to settle problems of party action under the new law—how the platform is to be formulated, how we are to secure proper candidates for the Constitutional Convention, for United States Senate, and for Congress, and how local tickets shall be made in districts with adverse Republican majorities.

"I do not believe that a State convention or a single machine-made ticket will solve the problem. We want a free choice, not a dictated ticket. I have chosen men for the Executive Committee whose records justify the hope that they will hold and express their own views on all questions and will be quite as freely as will the State Committeemen and County Chairmen who also will come in on the conference. I believe that the plans for the platform, the tickets, and the party organization will develop so far at the conference as to insure to the Executive Committee, which has had little to say or do in the past, an important share in the effort to solve the problem imposed by the direct primaries law. I accepted the Chairmanship primarily to aid in securing a fair trial and start for this law."

The Executive Committee, the State Committee, and the County Chairmen have all been invited to the conference. Unlike the Republican conference at the Waldorf, outsiders in the party rank and file will not be admitted. Mr. Osborn said last night that in all probability some of the "elder statesmen" in the Democratic Party, as, for instance, Elihu Root, Bainbridge Colby, Edward M. Shepard, Alton B. Parker, D Cady Herrick, Norman E. Mack, and Chairman William F. McCombs of the Democratic National Committee would be invited.

Mr. Osborn does not regard it as likely that the Democrats will follow the example of the Republicans and hold an unofficial State Convention this Fall. Personally Mr. Osborn believes that all questions of nominations for administrative State offices ought to be settled at the primaries without any interference by the party management. On this point some diversity of opinion exists, however, among Democrats whom Mr. Osborn has talked with recently.

BUTTERFIELD WILL FAT FOR POLITICIANS

Continued from Page 1.

editor of The Brewster Standard, who was Postmaster until a short time ago. He got the profitable job of printing posters and catalogues of the sale.

When the hearings on admitting the will to probate began in the Town Hall of Cold Spring on Oct. 18, with Surrogate Southard presiding, it became evident shortly that there were two principal contending factions. One side, broadly speaking, consisted of the executors appointed by the will, together with the residuary legatee, the International Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, and the village and several local institutional legatees.

They were opposed principally by Nathan P. Bushnell, one of the special guardians of the grandnieces, and William H. Hamilton of 150 Broadway, Manhattan, who represented the interests of heirs of maternal cousins of Mrs. Butterfield. As has been said, Attorney Bushnell's clients were specifically barred by Mrs. Butterfield from benefit under the will. Mr. Hamilton's clients, the cousins, have since been declared to have no standing by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, and their case is now under consideration by the Court of Appeals. It is this appeal which is now holding up the estate. Daniel Butterfield, 2d, is the third contestant, alleging undue influence.

After legal wrangling over the admission of the cousins, the many opposing attorneys settled down to the first main contention, the appointment of temporary administrators.

Counsel for Albert Francis Hagar, who had filed the will as Mrs. Butterfield's lawyer, wanted the executors appointed temporary administrators. The executors are Mr. Hagar, David W. Haganess, Dr. Calvin May and Col. Edward M. L. Ehlers. Lawyers Bushnell and Hamilton joined forces in opposing this, and said outside administrators must be appointed because Mr. Hagar was a beneficiary under the will to the extent of $50,000. They attacked Mr. Hagar at this hearing, alleging that he had unduly influenced Mrs. Butterfield in making the will.

At the second hearing, on Nov. 15, those who argued for the appointment of the executors as temporary administrators received strong support in their contention. One after another these interests spoke for their appointment: The International Committee of the Y. M. C. A., (which receives under the will about $1,000,000, probably more than all the other legatee together); the villages of Cold Spring and Nelsonville, the Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females of New York; and the vestrymen and trustees of the Church of St. Mary's in the Highlands, at Cold Spring.

They all argued that Mr. Hagar had managed Mrs. Butterfield's investments for years and was thoroughly familiar with the vast holdings of the estate. Mr. Hagar also testified that there were eight wills of Mrs. Butterfield. He said that he and another executor has been named in the wills from the first one, and that all the present executors were named in the last two wills. At this hearing Mr. Hagar was asked questions that recognized him as most familiar with the estate.

Yet the arguments of Lawyers Hamilton and Bushnell prevailed with Surrogate Southard, and he appointed Yale and Berrigan as temporary administrators. After this Lawyer Hamilton took the case of the cousins to the Appellate Division and argued that, in the absence of a decision, the proceedings should be stayed. The attorneys for the executors maintained that the hearings would go on, and the estate be closed, since the cousins could always be represented, and if the Appellate Division gave them a status they would not have lost anything.

The counsel of delay prevailed, however, and the Surrogate ruled that the stay was continued, even after the Appellate Division had ruled against the cousins. The closing of the estate is officially in that position now, further action being halted until the Court of Appeals acts.

There have been several acts tending to close the estate, however. The administrators have sold the contents of Mrs. Butterfield's town house and the leasehold at 616 Fifth Avenue, as well as the contents of "Cragside," which were disposed of yesterday. The temporary administrators have also asked for an order to allow them to renew mortgages and invest in securities. These things involve the handling of commissions.

The lawyers for the contesting cousins and grandnieces opposed in the hearings any attempts to proceed with the proving of the will, although the attorneys for the executors and their allies argued that these matters could proceed without affecting the rights of any one concerned. As yet not even the subscribing witnesses to the will have been allowed to testify.

Surrogate Southard was seen in his office at Cold Spring yesterday by a TIMES reporter, who informed him that complaints had been made that political considerations had ruled more than was thought to be justified. Previously the Surrogate had placed at the reporter's disposal his transcript of the proceedings in the hearings, and professed himself willing to assist in any way.

"There is nothing to it," he said in regard to the statement that politics was concerned in the administration of the estate. "It is true that I have had political relations with some of those men, but I do not know anything about that in connection with the estate. From the viewpoint of some people, I suppose, it is unfortunate that Mr. Yale should have been named as the administrator. Are they sore because they did not get the appointments?

"The administrators had a perfect legal right to do all that has been done. The law allows them to take steps to protect the value of the estate. They got two offers for all the sales. They tell me there is no one better qualified in the country than the man who conducted the art sales, and the sale of the leasehold fetched a very advantageous sum. All these matters have been done in accordance with orders filed with the County Clerk, and they are ordinary steps.

The legal steps which have been taken so far toward settling the estate among the heirs are now held up until we get the court's decision. There is no use barring out contestants, in the first place, because they will appeal anyway. As soon as the decision of the court comes, that will decide who has the right to appeal, and we will then go ahead."

At the "Cragside" sale yesterday a few less than 350 items of household goods were sold. They consisted for the most part of furniture, crockery and glassware, and decorative articles. There was a good attendance and lively bidding, in spite of the fact that the rain interfered with the arrangements for the sale.

A pair of andirons went for $40, which was considered a remarkably low price for such good specimens.

It was originally intended that the articles should be displayed on the porch, the bidders being excluded by an improvised tent, but the rain made it necessary to admit the purchasers to the porch and the hall of the house.

There was considerable interest in the sale both in Cold Spring and in neighboring towns. After the sale the Fishkill and Poughkeepsie, and the indications were that good weather today would bring out a large crowd for the more valuable articles remaining, among them pictures and bronzes.

BULL MOOSE INSIST THAT COLONEL RUN

Roosevelt Petitions Are Sent to Every Progressive County Chairman.

"DRAFTED," SAYS PERKINS

State Advisory Committee Unanimous Against Any Kind of Fusion This Fall.

After a secret conference of the Advisory Committee of the Progressive State Committee yesterday afternoon it was announced that blank petitions designating Col. Theodore Roosevelt for a place on the Progressive primary ballot as the Progressive candidate for Governor had been sent to every Bull Moose County Chairman in the State. It was announced also that the work of signing up Roosevelt petitions was already in progress in all counties in the western section of the State and that in Erie County the work had already been completed and four times the necessary number of signatures obtained.

The members of the Advisory Committee attending the conference to a man were enthusiastically in favor of the Colonel leading the Progressive fight in this State in the Fall. They were vigorously outspoken against the proposition, put forth in inspired Oyster Bay dispatches just prior to the Colonel's departure for Spain, to give Progressive indorsement to an anti-Barnes Republican candidate for Governor, and against any coalition or working agreement with the Republican organization. The impossibility of running District Attorney Charles S. Whitman as candidate for Governor on the Progressive and Republican tickets both was given emphasis in a statement which was made public after the conference had come to a close.

The statement said:

"One of the objects of the meeting was the detailed consideration of reports received from the County Chairmen throughout the State. The particular topic of conversation was Col. Roosevelt's statement on the eve of sailing for Europe that all right-minded people ought to get together to clean house.

"From many quarters it appears that there is a strong and insistent demand that Col. Roosevelt shall himself be a candidate for Governor, owing to his remarkable experience and great administrative ability, and that he shall head a movement which shall expressly appeal to the independent voters of all parties for the overthrow of the corrupt bipartisan control of the State Government. It was felt that the time had come to end the fruitless alternation between Republican and Democratic misrule, between Murphy's Tammany and Barnes's Tammany, that the voters see this, and that the call is for a man who is as large as the issue, and who can put government in this State upon the basis of honest intention.

"Col. Roosevelt has expressed himself as averse to becoming a candidate. He has reiterated his refusal to run for Governor. But the demand for him to lead in a clean-up is growing in volume, and it was thought that this demand would exercise a strong appeal to his high sense of duty.

"Any working arrangement or coalition with the Republican machine or the Democratic machine in this State was vigorously repudiated. The reports from all over the State were that the people were demanding a clean-cut issue.

"Chairman Robinson's statement of Tuesday pointing out the defects of Mr. Whitman as a candidate for Governor on any ticket and the impossibility of his candidacy on the Progressive ticket, was approved."

Only five members of the Advisory Committee failed to attend the meeting, which was held behind closed doors, at Progressive State headquarters in Washington Square and lasted three hours and a half. Prior to the conference there had been a smaller gathering at the office of George W. Perkins in the headquarters of the Progressive National Committee in the West Forty-second Street Building.

Those attending the conference yesterday afternoon were George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Progressive National Committee; Theodore Douglas Robinson, Chairman of the Progressive State Committee, and O. B. Phillips of Rockland, Vice Chairman of the committee; Chauncey J. Hamlin of Erie, ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Oneida, Horace S. Wilkinson of Onondaga, Regis H. Post, ex-Judge Virgil K. Kellogg of Jefferson, Hamilton Fish, Jr., of Putnam, Henry L. Stoddard and Bainbridge Colby of New York, Charles S. Assenheim of Kings, Walter A. Johnson of Westchester, Hugh Abbott of St. Lawrence, Beveridge C. Dunlop of Rockland, Earle S. Warren of Ontario, Arthur N. Gibb of Tompkins, and Michael H. Schapp, Progressive leader in the Assembly.

From the statement made public at the close of the conference the inference was widely drawn that Col. Roosevelt had intimated to some of his political associates that despite his repeated assertions that he would not be-come a candidate for Governor this Fall, his mind was not absolutely made up in the matter.

Up to the present time nearly all the influential Bull Moose leaders in other States have been dead set against the Colonel becoming a candidate this Fall on the ground that he could do more good by taking the stump for Progressive candidates in other localities for the United States Senate, the House of Representatives, and for the local tickets in States where the Progressives have a chance of winning. It was the pressure brought to bear by these leaders through George W. Perkins, who is in constant touch with them all, that is said to have decided the Colonel to keep out of the fight as a candidate in this State.

Recently, however, there has been a change of sentiment among Bull Moose chieftains in other parts of the country. It was said yesterday that the new trend is most pronouncedly in favor of making New York State the centre of the Progressive fight this year. This would necessitate the Colonel's candidacy, and it was thought yesterday that, as the Colonel was guided, before, by the suggestions of leaders in other States who are viewing the situation from the national aspect, so he might be influenced on his return by the apparent change in sentiment among these leaders when to it is added the overwhelming expression of sentiment by Bull Moose rank and file in this State—an outlet for which it is planned to afford through the petitions.

Even Mr. Perkins, who has been strongly in favor of "saving the Colonel for 1916," showed signs of weakening after yesterday's conference.

"Perkins is on the fence," ran in jubilant whispers among the assembled Bull Moose leaders as they emerged from the room of State Chairman Robinson, where the conference was held.

"It looks though the Colonel would be drafted for the war," said Mr. Perkins with a somewhat disconsolate air, as he came out.

DENIES MELLEN SHIELDED MORGAN

Continued from Page 1.

yard said he did not attach much importance to the matter, but insisted that it would be a dangerous thing to do.

"I was satisfied," said Mr. Ledyard, "that the record of an error would not undo Billard's profits, and it did not seem so important to me."

"Now, that is all I know of the Billard matter," declared the witness.

The conversation that took place when Mr. Ledyard took the stand was significant of the views of the Interstate Commerce Commission as to the matter of immunity.

"Mr. Commissioner, shall I be sworn now?" asked Mr. Ledyard as he stepped up to the witness chair.

"No," said Commissioner McChord gruffly.

"I am here, sir," said Mr. Ledyard, "in response to the permission accorded me by the commission to make a statement of my knowledge concerning the matters which have been under inquiry in this investigation. I am willing, sir, to be sworn, or I am willing, as the commission shall direct, to make a statement without being sworn."

Commissioner McChord: "Well, we had some correspondence with you on that subject, and it is in the record."

Mr. Ledyard: "About appearing, but not about being sworn, sir. I only want to say this, that it makes no difference to me whether I am sworn or not. I can assure you that my testimony will be the same whether I take an oath to it or not."

Commissioner McChord: "We are quite sure of that."

"My honor is as dear to me as anything," Mr. Ledyard went on. "There have been certain matters brought out in the testimony of Mr. Mellen which I find myself obliged to contradict and to tell you about. They occurred prior to my becoming a Director of the New Haven Railroad, and before I had any relations of any kind with that road; but as Mr. Mellen brought my name into it, and has stated erroneously the nature of a certain transaction that I had with him on behalf of one of my clients, I shall first clear that matter up.

"That relates to the negotiations which took place in the Spring of 1907 in relation to the sale by certain owners of Boston & Maine stock, of that stock to the New Haven interests.

American Express Company Deal.

"I was at that time and for many years have been a Director of the Boston & Maine Railroad. I was not and never had been a Director of nor had I ever occupied any relations of any kind with the New Haven Railroad. I was a representative and had been for many years on the Boston & Maine Road of the largest holding of the Boston & Maine stock, which was owned by clients of mine, the American Express Company.

"In 1907 Mr. Lane of Lee, Higginson & Co. came into my office in New York and asked me if the American Express Company would desire to sell its Boston & Maine stock. That is the first intimation of any one wanting to buy it at that time, and I asked him who wanted to buy it, and he said Mr. Mellen wanted it for the New Haven Road. I told him that I would submit it to the American Express people about it. I found that the Board of Directors of the American Express Company did desire to sell its stock, because under the laws of Massachusetts, as they existed then, the stock was becoming rapidly an unprofitable and undesirable one for them. In the course of those negotiations I came in contact with Mr. Mellen.

"The Boston & Maine express business was then, and for a great many years before I had anything to do with the Boston & Maine, performed by the American Express Company. When I went into the Boston & Maine board, in the early nineties, to represent express company holdings in the stock, I told the Board of Directors I was there to represent the American Express Company as a stockholder. 'I am here,' I said, 'to represent the express company as a stockholder. I am not here to promote their interests or to have anything to do with their interests in having any business relation with this road.' I steadfastly adhered to that policy as long as I was in the Boston & Maine Railroad.

"By the way, I might add that there was a contract between the express company and the Boston & Maine Railroad, made in 1890, for, I think, ten years, and when that came up before the Executive Committee of the Boston & Maine and the Board of Directors of the Boston & Maine, I had nothing to do with it. I never discussed it with the officials of the express company, nor with those of the railroad company. I took no action about it. I retired from the Executive Committee when it came up for discussion. I retired from the board and left the room, when it came up to be discussed there. Anybody that was in the Boston & Maine Railroad, on the Board of Directors, during the time I was there, will, I am confident, if he is an honest man, state that it was perfectly well known in that board that I never had anything to do, and never did have anything to do, with any contractual relations between those companies.

"The contract of 1894, I think, was for ten years, and in 1904 another contract was made between the American Express Company and the Boston & Maine Railroad. I had nothing more to do with that one than I had to do with the previous one; and that contract of 1904 was the one which was in force between the American Express Company and the Boston & Maine Railroad at the time I met Mr. Mellen in these negotiations for the purchase from the American Express Company of its Boston & Maine stock by the New Haven Railroad.

Negotiations with the New Haven.

"In the course of those negotiations the terms became fixed. Mr. Mellen either directly or through Mr. Lane—I think Mr. Lane was the one who first named the amount—had offered to us one share of New Haven stock for a share of Boston & Maine stock which we might sell. We insisted that the same opportunity for sale be given to all Boston & Maine stockholders, and Mr. Mellen was agreeable to that.

"Now, I was anxious to promote the interests of the express company, or extend its business by getting what they had never had, getting for them the business of the New Haven Railroad, not the Boston & Maine. The New Haven Road would be new business for us. That was then occupied by the Adams Express Company. Mr. Fargo, the President of the American Express Company, asked me if I could not get Mr. Mellen to agree that on the expiration of the existing contract between the New Haven Railroad and the Adams Express Company the American Express Company should take the place of the Adams Express Company. The single question between Mr. Mellen and myself was: 'Will you now agree with the American Express Company that at the expiration of the Adams Express Company contract the American Express Company shall have the New Haven Road on whatever fair contractual terms may be arranged?'

"That is to say, we were not attempting to barter nor determine what per cent. the American Express Company should pay the Adams Express Company if it should get in before the expiration of the Adams contract; but what I want to impress upon the Commissioner is that the thing we were after was the New Haven Railroad, and not the Boston & Maine Railroad. We had the Boston & Maine contract already.

"I am very particular in putting this in clearly, because Mr. Mellen has testified that what I was after was the contract for the Boston & Maine Railroad, the American Express Company to get its Boston & Maine contract extended; that he thought the terms the Boston & Maine was receiving from the American Express Company were inadequate and that I wanted to get the Boston & Maine contract extended for the American Express Company before the New Haven Railroad came into power, for fear that Mr. Mellen might object to the terms of that contract.

"There is not a word of truth in any part of that testimony. If Mr. Mellen intended to testify to that effect he has testified to what is not true. The only thing I was after was the business of the New Haven Railroad.

I took no part in procuring any extension. I explained the subject to Mr. Fargo. I took no part in procuring any extension of the contract to be made. I left it to be taken up by the express officials with the railroad officials. It was taken up. It was extended, or the existing contract was included, and longer one made. It was extended to lap over the extension of the Adams contract with the New Haven Railroad. I took no part in it. I did not act in the Executive Committee on it. I did not act in the Board of Directors on it. I have not seen the records of the Boston & Maine Railroad, but you will find there that I desired to be excused from voting because I was counsel for the American Express Company.

Contract's Cost to the B. & M.

"It has been stated here that contract which the American Express Company had with the Boston & Maine Railroad—Gov. Folk said that again and again to one of the witnesses here, asking him if it did not cost the Boston & Maine Railroad $700,000 a year over and above what a proper contract or an adequate one would have produced. That was taken from the report of the New Hampshire Railroad Commission. The New Hampshire Railroad Commission had some investigation of the Boston & Maine Railroad and the New Haven Railroad. I did not know of the existence of any such inquiry, and it made a very drastic report about that extension of the American Express Company contract with the Boston & Maine Railroad in 1907. I did say that it cost the road $700,000 a year.

"The subject, however, as I afterward ascertained, had never been raised at the hearing before that commission, and there is in this record today—I think in the hearing before Mr. Commissioner Prouty in the early part of this investigation—a letter from Mr. Tuttle that I would refer you to on that subject, in which he takes the entire responsibility for the terms of that contract. They reached the $700,000 a year by comparing 35 per cent. of its gross receipts paid by the American Express Company to the Boston & Maine Railroad with what the commission said was a normal rate paid by the express companies to railroad companies—55 per cent. of their gross receipts. That is not the normal rate paid by express companies and never has been.

"The New Haven Railroad Company said that a contract on a 55 per cent. basis would have been a normal one. At that time the American Express Company was paying the New York Central Lines only 45 per cent., and making very little out of that, and I might say that it was just after that incident that the New York Central Lines forced the American Express Company up to a 50 per cent. basis from a 45 per cent. basis. They were told that there was no profit in that for the express business. 'Well,' they said, 'keep an account and see what happens.' But they had to go up to the 50 per cent. basis just the same.

"The American Express Company kept an account of their business on the New York Central Lines under regulations agreed upon with the railroad authorities, and under their supervision, and afterward under the auditor of the controller's department of the railroad company, and they kept it up under that new contract at 50 per cent. until such time as the gross receipts of the American Express Company on the New York Central Lines had amounted to a total of just $42,000,000. I have forgotten what the length of time was, two or three years, or whatever it was, up until the time that their gross receipts were $42,000,000 those accounts were kept.

Net Profit Only About $200,000.

"Well, of the 50 per cent. out of the $42,000,000, $21,000,000 went to the New York Central Railroad. That left £21,000,000, and out of that the actual operating profit to the American Express Company was about $200,000. So that that 50 per cent. contract, just after this 1907 transaction on lines like the New York Central lines, which are infinitely more profitable than Boston & Maine country lines, resulted in a gross earning of the express company of $42,000,000 and a net profit, operating profit, to the express company of about $200,000. And all of that profit, I want to say, was west of Buffalo. There was a deficit east of Buffalo.

"I now say that if the American Express Company, at any time in the past—I do not mean now that the parcel post has come in, but in normal times in the past—had undertaken to pay the Boston & Maine Railroad anything like 45 per cent., let alone 55 per cent., as the New Hampshire Commission suggested, of its gross receipts, it would, in my judgment, have come out with an actual operating loss.

"I also want to say one thing about the express business here of the Adams Express Company, as a matter of consequence. Some time after the purchase of the Boston & Maine stock by the New Haven Railroad or the navigation company, I became a Director of the New Haven Railroad, and after I had been some time a Director of the New Haven Railroad, Mr. Mellen asked me to come to see him one day, and I went.

"He said: 'Mr. Ledyard, will the American Express take the Adams business on the New Haven Railroad?'

"I said: 'What do you mean?'

"He said: 'Iwant to turn the Adams off the New Haven Railroad, and I would like to know whether the American Express will take that contract up?'

"I said: 'It will not.'

"He said, 'Why.' I said: 'It will not, because I am a Director of the New Haven Railroad. The Adams Express Company is their competitor. It has a contract with you. You are not pleased with the working of that contract. Do you think that I will let you, while I am a Director of your company, turn our competitor off, and have it said that my influence had resulted in your breach of contract with them and the putting of my contract on?' I said, 'Never. If you have any difficulties with the Adams Express Company, as long as this present contract of yours runs with it, you will settle those difficulties, Mr. Mellen. You can never put the American Express Company on this road as long as I am a Director here and as long as the Adams has an unexpired contract here.'

"I then took up with some of the stockholders of the Boston & Maine Railroad the offer of the New Haven to purchase our individual shares. The person with whom I was most in conference and consultation respecting the desire of the New Haven to purchase our holdings in the Boston & Maine stock was Mr. Richard Olney, former Secretary of State and Attorney General, who had been for many years a close friend of mine. He had a good many interests in the Boston & Maine stock as trustee and otherwise, and we had discussed the taking of the control of the New Haven under the proposition which was made to me by Mr. Mellen.

"Although we were not at all responsible for what the New Haven was doing, we were in the attitude of individual stockholders, and we thought it a wise thing for the New Haven to acquire the Boston & Maine. We thought one road was a natural extension of and complement to the other. The properties were competitive, or, if competitive at all, in so small a degree as to be negligible and incidental, and we thought it would be a good thing from a freight point of view for New England, for its industries, its commerce, for the people, for the prosperity of New England, that these systems should be operated in unison.

"We also discussed the capacity of the New Haven, through one of its subsidiaries, to acquire this stock, and Mr. Olney was of the opinion that there was nothing in the laws of Massachusetts to prevent the New Haven from acquiring it, and that it had a right to act in that matter under its Connecticut charter.

"I come to speak later of the trolley decision made by the Supreme Court of Massachusetts.

Mr. Ledyard's Many Interests.

"I might say just a word by way of preface before I get on to the next stage, a word of explanation as to myself. I am a lawyer, a member of the bar of New York. I live in the City of New York. I have been for a great many years a member of the bar of the Supreme Court of the United States. I have until lately, when I have been withdrawing from active work in affairs, enjoyed a very large practice of an important character. I have been President of the Bar Association of the City of New York. I have had a good deal of experience in railroad and other corporate matters.

"I have been since 1908, and until lately, Director of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and some of its subsidiary companies. I have been a Director of the New York Central, the Michigan Central, the Lake Shore, and a number of other companies known ordinarily as New York Central lines. I have been for many years a Director of the Northern Pacific, and a member of its Executive Committee. I have been for a good many years a Director of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, and a member of its Executive Committee.

"I have been a Director of the United States Trust Company of New York, one of our largest and most important trust companies. I was for many years a Director and general counsel of the American Express Company, from which I retired two or three years ago—two years ago, I think.

"I have been a Director and on the Executive Committee of the Atlantic Mutual Company, our largest marine insurance company of New York. I have been a member of a number of others—at all events, I think I have had a fair amount of experience in the management of corporations and in the way of a knowledge of business as done by them and by their Boards of Directors.

"I was elected a member of the Board of Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company in February, 1908. At that time I was ill, and unable to take any active part in affairs. Immediately upon my election I resigned because of the passage or the introduction of [illegible] which of no act in the Massachusetts Legislature, which prevented a person being a Director in both the Boston & Maine and the New Haven companies.

"In that Spring of my election I went to Europe ill, and I did not return until September. I think I attended one formal meeting of the Board of Directors before I went to Europe, but I knew of nothing done at that meeting which is in question here. So it was in the Autumn of 1908 that I first took any executive participation in New Haven affairs.

"I think it right that it should be understood as to what the situation in the New Haven was at that time, in the Autumn of 1908, for I am very sure, Mr. Commissioner, that a very erroneous impression is abroad concerning the so-called policy of expansion on the part of the New Haven Road, the expansion which has gone, and the time during which it has been continued.

The New Haven's Expansion Policy

"At that time—in the Autumn of 1908, when I took hold here—the New Haven had already acquired the New England Railroad. It had already acquired the Central New England. It had already acquired the Connecticut trolleys, the Rhode Island trolleys and the Massachusetts trolleys, it had already acquired the New York, Westchester & Boston, and the Portchester—stocks and other securities.

"The expenditure on those lines mentioned, in securities and the construction on those properties, of $11,000,000 and something, which has been so much talked about here, had already been made, and an additional expenditure of nearly $2,000,000 upon these same properties had been made.

"They had already acquired their Harlem River and Portchester and were actively engaged in the work of improving that and enlarging its services. They had already acquired the New York, Ontario and Western, and they had acquired practically all the steamship companies that they ever have acquired. Many of these properties had been acquired years back. That was true of the railroad properties; it was true of some of the trolleys; it was true in eminent degree of the Sound lines of steamships.

"As the New Haven from time to time started from a road running from New York along the westerly part of the present line, and acquired one after another the lines of railway running along Long Island Sound to Boston, and then to Cape Cod, as those roads came in by lease or otherwise to the New Haven system it was found that they, each of them, or most of them, had boat lines to New York through the Sound, and those boat lines came in in connection with the onward extension of the New Haven from New York to the East."

Mr. Ledyard then went on to defend the manner in which the New Haven board transacted business. He said that there was always discussion and often dissent and opposition. If a matter was seriously opposed it was withdrawn until some future time. The meetings were largely in the nature of conferences, and there was no record of opposition, as there were no votes taken if a subject met with much opposition. The proposition was withdrawn and, of course, the minutes would carry no mention of the fact that there had been opposition.

He said that his presence on the board was as a lawyer representing clients who had 51,000 shares of New Haven stock, the largest single holding, and that he still held it, or did a week ago, when he made inquiries.

Since he left the New Haven, he said, he had not owned a share of its stock. He described the method the road had of raising funds by borrowing on notes due in a year, and said it embarrassed the management sorely.

Taking up the Westchester deal, he told how he had come to have a knowledge of that more by representing the road in an adjustment of the Gottshall suit for $2,100,000. He said that the plaintiff was one that the New Haven would not want in its organization, if he won his suit and took his judgment in stock in the Westchester, and so he advised a compromise, which was effected by a payment of about $1,100,000.

"Going into the Worcester, Nashua and Rochester deal, Mr. Ledyard said that he did not think the purchase of the road by the Boston & Maine instead of leasing it was bad policy. The Boston & Maine, he said, had been loaded down with leased property at one time, having but thirty miles of capitalized road and over 500 of leased

DAILY TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

MRS. HEWLETT FINED.

Novelist's Wife Charged with Driving Auto Into May Day Paraders.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—Mrs. Maurice Hewlett, the well-known airwoman and wife of the novelist, was fined at the Marylebone Police Court today for driving an automobile in a manner dangerous to the public. The police alleged that she drove the car into the May Day procession, scattering the paraders in all directions.

After her name and address had been taken it was alleged that she told the police to move the crowd out of the way or she would drive over them. The crowd, incensed, threatened to overturn her car. Mrs. Hewlett said in court that the crowd mobbed her car, mistaking her for a suffragette.

SPANISH RULERS OUR ENVOY'S GUESTS

Ambassador Willard Gives a Luncheon to Them, to Kermit Roosevelt, and Others.

WEDDING PLANS COMPLETED

Room for the Roosevelt Civil Ceremony Fitted Up in the Residence of the Magistrate.

MADRID, June 4.—Col. Joseph E. Willard, the United States Ambassador here, and Mrs. Willard had King Alfonso and Queen Victoria of Spain as their guests at luncheon at the American Embassy today. Kermit Roosevelt and the British and German Ambassadors were also guests.

A brilliant reception followed, which was attended by the members of the Diplomatic Corps and many prominent persons in the social world of the Spanish capital. A Russian ballet was given for the entertainment of the guests.

Because Ambassador Willard desires to observe all the requirements of the Spanish laws in respect to foreign marriages, the Magistrate of the Buenavista District will perform the civil marriage ceremony for Miss Belle Willard and Kermit Roosevelt on June 10. The American Embassy is situated in the Buenavista district, the most aristocratic section of the city.

When the Minister of State learned that the Ambassador desired to observe the Spanish law in this respect he suggested that the Justice should go to the American Embassy. But, as the Embassy is beyond the legal control of the Magistrate, being technically United States territory, a room has been fitted up in the Magistrate's own residence, where the ceremony will take place.

The formal witnesses will doubtless include Eduardo Dato, the Spanish Premier; the Marquis of Lama, the Minister of State; Myron T. Herrick, the American Ambassador in Paris, and Col. Roosevelt.

The religious services will take place at noon the next day in the chapel of the British Embassy. The chapel is in a pavilion in the Embassy grounds. The Rev. Dr. Samuel N. Watson, pastor of the American Protestant Episcopal Church in Paris, will perform the service, assisted by the Rev. Herbert Brown, chaplain of the British Embassy in Madrid.

The wedding party will proceed from the Ambassador's house to the church in automobiles and gala carriages, among which will probably be one of the Court equipages with a representative of King Alfonso.

The bride's dress will be of ivory satin and tulle, with a court train. She will wear orange blossoms arranged with old lace, and a long veil of tulle and lace. The maid of honor, Miss Elizabeth Willard, will wear white satin with a tunic of pale blue tulle. The bridesmaids, the Princess of Thurn and Taxis, Miss Katherine Page, Mlle. Gilone le Veneurs de Tillieres, and Miss Virginia Christian, will wear white tulle with tunics. All will wear lace with touches of yellow, and yellow ribbons tied under the chin. They will carry bouquets of yellow orchids.

The wedding breakfast will be served in the American Embassy, and a reception, to which some thousands of persons have been invited, including all the Diplomatic Corps and many officials and members of the highest Spanish nobility, will follow.

SPECIAL CAR FOR ROOSEVELT.

French Railway Will Have It Ready at Cherbourg Tonight.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 4.—Col. Roosevelt is expected at Cherbourg, on board the Olympic, at 5 P. M. tomorrow.

The French State Railways have placed a reserved saloon car at his disposition for the journey to Paris, where he is expected early Saturday morning.

$28,200 FOR A LEONARDO.

First Day's Sale of the Crespi Collection Realizes $241,470.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 4.—The sale began today at the Georges Petit Gallery of the collection of works by old masters of the Italian, Spanish, German, Flemish, and Dutch schools collected by Commander Cristofero Crespi at Milan, chiefly between the years 1880 and 1900. They were housed in the seventeenth century Perego Palace, now called the Crespi Gallery.

The collection was permitted to leave Italy only on condition that the finest pictures be relinquished. Thus the Brera Museum at Milan obtained gratis Correggio's fine "Nativity." Mantua received a splendid Moroni. Florence obtained Granacci's "Entrance of Charles VIII. into Florence." Today's total was $241,470.

Leonardo's "Ave Maria" brought $28,200.

Tiepolo's "Vision of St. Anne" realized $17,400.

Oggiono's "Virgin and Child," a tryptich, brought $14,120.

Salvado's "Nativity" went for $12,200.

A "Madonna" by Michael Angelo, brought $11,200.

Francia's "St. Barbara" was sold for $10,600.

Ferrari's "Dead Christ" realized $10,000.

Solario's "Mother of Sorrows" brought $8,000.

ENGLISH AIRMEN DROWNED.

Big Navy Seaplane Falls—Accident Caused by Explosion.

PORTSMOUTH, England, June 4.—Commander Rice and Lieut. Thomas S. Creswell were drowned today when a seaplane in which they were making a flight over Southampton Water plunged into the sea. Creswell was acting as pilot and Rice was a passenger. The seaplane was engaged with several other air craft in manoeuvres.

A torpedo boat rushed to the spot and recovered Creswell's body, which was strapped to the seat, but the body of Rice was not found.

The seaplane was one of the largest in the naval service, and was of the latest model. It had a wing span of 63 feet, carried a 200-horsepower engine, and was equipped with wireless apparatus.

OUR MISSIONARIES MAY BE IN PERIL

Officials Alarmed by the Extension of "White Wolf's" Operations in China.

NOW DEVASTATING KAN-SU

Sets Fire to a Monastery at Cho-Ni in Which Americans Are Believed to Have Been Staying.

PEKING, June 4.—"White Wolf," the brigand who during the past few months has devastated the Provinces of Hu-Pé, Ho-Nan, and Shen-Si, is now looting and burning towns and villages in the Province of Kan-Su.

After eluding the great army of troops sent to capture him by the Chinese Government, he yesterday set fire to the town of Ning-Chow, and his followers today attacked Tao-Chow, in the extreme south of the Province. After pillaging it they burned it to the ground.

The brigands then proceeded to Cho-Ni, where they set fire to the famous monastery of the Tibetan Lamas.

Subsequently a column of regular troops overtook and defeated the bandits, who fled to the ravines of Lily Mountain, 100 miles to the south of Lan-Chow, the capital of the Province, where they are reported to be virtually surrounded by the troops.

Fears were expressed yesterday by the Christian and Missionary Alliance, which has about 100 missionaries stationed in various parts of China, for the safety of several men and women who were known to be in the towns pillaged and burned by the brigand "White Wolf."

At the monastery of the Tibetan Lamas when "White Wolf's" followers set fire to it was a missionary named Kauffman, who came from Missouri. Miss Haupberg of Boone, Iowa; Miss Kennon of Ohio, and J. P. Rommen of Indiana were also believed to have been at the monastery mission.

Other Americans known to have been in missions said to have been destroyed by "White Wolf" are the Rev. and Mrs. W. C. Christie, the Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Ruhl of Philadelphia, the Rev. Mr. Diehl and his wife of Bowling Green, Ohio, and the Rev. Mr. Snyder and his wife of Indiana.

Two British missionaries, Mr. and Mrs. McGillvray, are also in the troubled zone.

TRIAL OF PERUGIA BEGUN.

Italian Says He Stole "Mona Lisa" as an Act of Patriotism.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, June 4.—The trial of Perugia, who stole "La Gioconda" from the Louvre, began in Florence today. The prisoner's face was wreathed in smiles as he underwent the presiding Judge's examination.

He said that when he was employed in the Louvre he studied the history of the grand masterpieces, and, learning that all the celebrated Italian pictures there had been stolen from Italy, he determined to restore at least one of them to its rightful owner, the Italian people.

"Walking in one morning," he said, "I leisurely unhooked 'Mona Lisa,' released her from the massive frame, and then quietly left the building with her under my arm by the selfsame door I entered."

Perugia denied having tried to sell the stolen masterpiece in London and said it was the art dealer Gerri who had made the suggestion that $100,000 could be squeezed out of the Italian Government and the proceeds shared by himself, Gerri, and Commendatore Poggi, director of the State Art Galleries in Florence.

The Commendatore, in giving his evidence, said that at no time had he suggested the sale or hinted at personal remuneration for the transactions conducted by Gerri.

Dr. Amaldi at today's hearing said he had made prolonged and careful observation of Perugia and had become convinced that he was only partly responsible for his actions.

Countess Russell Sues Husband.

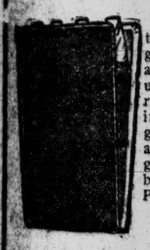
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, June 4.—Among the petitioners in the Divorce Court at the Trinity term is Countess Russell, who will proceed against Earl Russell for restitution of conjugal rights. The case will be undefended.

RIKER

Riker-Hegeman Drug Stores

CIGAR CASE



Flat folding case to hold four cigars. Soft, pliable and padded; takes up very little room. May be had in black seal and grain sheepskin; also plain dark green or dark brown sheepskin. Price,

25c

We put the savings from our low cost of doing cigar business into extra cigar quality for advertising purposes.

A Remarkable Clear Havana Cigar

JAYNES' VICTORIA

Rothschild Size, 10c

SELIM LITTLE CIGARS

10 for 22c

An extra good short smoke—one containing only Havana tobacco.

JAYNES' PERFECTO

This cigar has the largest sales of any private brand cigar in the country. Better than a 10c. cigar 7c

R-J SPECIAL

An actual 10c. cigar which we Sell Saturday at 4 for..... 25c

Our usual price, 3 for 25c. Box of 25..... $1.50

A quality which never sells elsewhere for less than 10c straight.

At stores having photographic goods.

CAMERAS & SUPPLIES

Developing and Printing

Double the pleasure of your week-end trip by taking with you a Brownie or a Kodak.

Only so can you live over and over again the joys you've had.

The greatest pleasure comes not in snapping the picture, but in looking them over.

The Brownie No. 2 A at $3.00, and the Kodak No. 1 A at $12.00 are the best Cameras in the field for the novice.

No focussing—no guessing of distances — always ready — of course the result is PERFECT PICTURES.

TAKE YOUR FILMS

to the nearest Riker Drug Store. Our developing and printing plant is one of the best in the city, equipped with the most improved facilities for doing superior work.

RIKER

Riker-Hegeman Drug Stores.

Mail Order Dept. 200 Broadway, N. Y. C.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue. 46TH AND 47TH STS.

Will Close Out, Today,

In their June sales—

small groups from previous selling.

$38 to $65 Tailored Dresses, $19

For traveling, cool days at the seashore, etc.

$45 to $65 Tailleur Suits, $25

Smart models in checks and fashionable colors.

$45 & $55 Cloth Capes, $19

Of serge or smart checks; lined with charmeuse or striped taffeta.

Motor Coats of Pongee, $15—Of Linen, $10.

$10 to $20 Hats, $5

Street and motor styles; also misses' hats.

A limited selection for prompt clearance.

Stern Brothers

42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue.

Will continue, Today, their Special Sale of

Dress and Steamer Trunks at $14.50

Regularly sold at $22.00 to $27.00

THIS collection, offered on the Fourth Floor, Today, includes the most desirable well-made varieties of light-weight Dress and Steamer Trunks.

Of veneered basswood, covered with fabrikoid leather; heavy raw-hide binding; polished brass-plated hardware; strong lock; two leather straps; two trays; one with hat compartment as shown in the illustration. Trunks strongly built and fully riveted throughout, in two different styles; 32 to 40 inches long; Regularly sold at $22.00 to 27.00

Today, at $14.50 each

Those who prefer the Wardrobe style will find the Stern Brothers' Trunks complete and satisfying in every way; specially constructed, and with all conveniences, strength and finish of the usual $35.00 Wardrobe Trunk, at $28.50.

Today, an Extraordinary Sale of

Suits for Men and Young Men

At Fully a Third Less Than Former Prices

THIS remarkable offering on the Third Floor follows several advantageous purchases of smart and well-made clothing from our best manufacturers. All are in desirable Summer weights, as follows:

Men's $30.00 to 35.00 Suits at $22.50

Men's $28.50 Suits, Reduced to $19.00

Young Men's $19.50 to 25.00 Suits, at $15.00

Young Men's $27.50 to 32.50 Suits, at $18.50

Men's $5.00 to 7.50 Automobile Dusters, at $3.50

Today and tomorrow the last two days for

Men's High & Low Shoes at these reductions

Button, lace and Blucher styles, in patent coltskin, gun metal calfskin, black and brown vici kid, and tan Russia calf. And every pair made on a new last, especially designed for us, that these Shoes may conform to current footwear modes and yet be readily distinguishable from the average.

$5 High and Low Shoes at $3.85

$4 High and Low Shoes at $2.95

Men's Duster Sale

In our Motor Apparel Dept.—today

$7.00 Dusters at $4.75

Mohair and natural linen dusters of very serviceable quality, in single and double breasted models.

$12.00 Dusters at $7.50

Imported pongees in gray and tan and mohairs in medium gray, made in either single or double breasted models.

Very special for today and tomorrow—Men's

$1.50 Negligee Shirts pleated and plain at 95c

No half-way merit about these values—they are simply great. Made of Madras, percale, crepe and mercerized fabrics, in a splendid assortment of designs and colors.

Extraordinary sale today and tomorrow of

Men's $6.00 Blanket and Terry Bath Robes at $2.85

New—not resurrected patterns—but new, snappy merchandise, marked at a special price for a one-day drive. A splendid assortment of designs.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

Clicquot Club
Pronounced Kleek-O
GINGER ALE
Did You Ever Taste Saccharin?
You have, if you have drunk cheap ginger ale. Clicquot Club Ginger Ale is not sweetened with saccharin, but with pure syrup of specially refined granulated sugar. The ginger is imported Jamaica, and the other flavors are from pure fruit juices. The water is from the famous, deep Clicquot Springs and is carbonated and bottled without exposure to the air.
Cooling Clicquot poured from a bottle leaps and sparkles and bubbles with life. It's refreshing, good, pure, mildy laxative and is safe for your gullet, because it's ginger ale made of ginger.
Sold by Good Grocers and Druggists
Other Clicquot flavors: Birch Beer, Root Beer, Sarsaparilla, Lemon Sour and Orange Phosphate.
THE CLICQUOT CLUB CO. Millis, Mass.

Haste Makes Waste

Yet, how many people every day fail to give to the selection of their investments any more than hasty thought?

It has been estimated that twenty-six millions were lost last year by people "investing" in so-called "get-rich-quick" schemes.

Before investing secure the advice of responsible specialists in the investment business—it costs nothing.

F. S. Smithers & Co.

ESTABLISHED 1857

44 Exchange Place

MEMBERS OF New York STOCK EXCHANGE

SAVING MONEY

Saving money is an art exceeded only by the art of getting it.

Any property Owner with money can have his property improved whenever he wishes.

But it takes a wise Owner to improve his property without impairing his investment.

We have served a lot of wise ones in our time.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Lord & Taylor

Fifth Avenue, 38th Street, 39th Street

Murray Hill 9000

Today and Saturday

Young Men's Imported English Suits

London's Finest Clothing Product

Sizes 34 to 40

$21.50

Formerly up to $35.00

Flannel Suits for "Knockabout" Wear — $17.50

Of plain blue or gray flannel; single or double breasted; patch pockets. Sizes 33 to 40.....

A Fine Suit for Seashore wear consists of

A Sack Coat — $15.00

of blue unfinished worsted, single or double breasted, partly silk lined.....

Flannel Trousers — $5.00

Plain white, white with stripe and gray effects. Sizes 28 to 38 waist measure....

Fourth Floor

Waltham Watches

The Waltham "Opera" watch is so thin that you are unconscious of it in the lightest clothing and so supremely handsome that the moderate price will surprise you—$35. Like all Walthams it is scrupulously accurate.

Reed and Barton Silver is justly celebrated for the scope and richness of its design.

DIAMONDS
GOLD JEWELRY
STERLING SILVER

LEATHER GOODS
CANES — UMBRELLAS
ART STATIONERY

Reed & Barton

5th Avenue at Thirty-second Street

The Time Is Past To Buy a 1914 Car

We have disposed of our 1914 cars. The New Locomobile with 105 Refinements is the car you now want to see.

Once you have seen it, its style and conveniences will make you recommend it. Every owner, every driver, every one interested in motor cars will want to see this new model. Now on exhibition. We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries.

The Locomobile Company of America

61st Street, next to Broadway, New York

Seal of the Manhattan Company Since 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

The Bank of the Manhattan Company was originally established as an "Office of Discount and Deposit."

It has been developed as an independent commercial bank, and the diversity of its deposits has always given it ample funds for the requirements of its commercial depositors.

Capital $2,050,000
Surplus $4,100,000

We want your account.

114 Years at 40 Wall Street

Maine Cedar Canoes

Have the reputation of being a bit better than any others. Maine canoe-builders know best how to combine steadiness in the water with easy-paddling qualities. If you want a high-grade canoe, you can't afford to miss seeing these.

SPECIAL:

Canoe Paddles, 75c

They will not last long at this price. Better come early. Other paddles as high as $5.00.

Sail Outfits (complete with Leeboard), $14.

Pneumatic Cushions, $2.75 to $8.00.
Lazy-Backs, 75c to $3.00.
Kapok Cushions, $1.25 to $3.75.
Flat Bottom Fishing Boats at low prices.

The finest line of Camper's Equipment to be found in New York City.

Schoverling, Daly & Gales
Sportsmen's Supplies
302-304 Broadway at Duane St.

Burns Soft Coal Smokelessly

A dollar spent for soft coal buys more heat than a dollar spent for anthracite.

And a Kewanee Smokeless Firebox Boiler will burn cheap soft coal and still keep within New York City's strict Smoke Ordinance.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

Far from the madding crowd it is yet necessary to have THE NEW YORK TIMES to get the news. Before leaving town instruct your newsdealer or telephone Bryant 1,000. Daily and Sunday, 75c. per month. Daily only, 50c. per month.—Adv.

DR. BUTLER FAVORS SHORT STATE BALLOT

Tells Brooklyn Republicans He Would Limit It to Governor and His Lieutenant.

LET GOVERNOR DO THE REST

Urges Care in Selecting Delegates to Constitutional Convention—Stimson Agrees with Him.

Plans for a reform of legislative procedure and the adoption of a short ballot, with only the Governor and Lieutenant Governor elected directly by the people and the administrative officers of the State appointed by the Governor, were outlined last night by President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University and by former Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson at a meeting of the Young Republican Club in the Imperial, at Fulton Street and Red Hook Lane, Brooklyn. The need of recasting the present State budget system was also emphasized, and a thoroughgoing campaign to awaken the citizenship of the State to the importance of the proposed Constitutional Convention between now and the time of its assembling was announced.

Dr. Butler, introduced by Elmer G. Sammis, President of the club, as "a scholar in politics," said he was not above being called a politician and that he considered himself one.

"Vastly more important than the choice of men to elect into office," he said, "is the matter of carrying out properly the ideals of civic liberty in the coming Constitutional Convention. Men may come and men may go, but a great principle, once forgotten or trodden under foot, is amazingly difficult to replace.

"At the special election just held as to whether there should be a Constitutional Convention, the entire vote from Montauk Point to Buffalo was 85,000 less than the vote cast for Mayor Mitchel in this city alone, or a vote of less than one-sixth the voters of the State. It is necessary between now and the time of the convention to awaken the people of the State from this apathy."

Must Cleanse, Not Destroy.

In framing the amendments to the State fundamental law, Dr. Butler said, care must be taken to avoid bringing into the convention small matters of detail that properly belong to the Legislature and statute law, instead of to the broad principles of constitutional law. To bring such matters into the Constitution would destroy the respect of the people for the Constitution as the instrument of fundamental law.

"As time goes on," he said, "the actual instruments of Government creak a little in their workings and are not so quick as once they were to respond to the popular will. The man with temper and no patience wants to take a hatchet and destroy, and to build up some new and untried system. It can't be done. It is not necessary to set fire to your house in order to clean it.

"One difficulty we labor under at present is the very large number of directly elective officers in the State, ranging from Governor to Coroner. It has been found impossible, under such an arrangement—especially where the various officers happen to be elected by different parties—to get along harmoniously and with efficiency.

"I believe one of the greatest reforms we could bring about in our next Constitutional Convention would be to provide for what is known as the short ballot, having only the Governor and Lieutenant Governor elected, and appointed officers designated by these as heads of the various departments of government, serving under the Governor as associates and colleagues and subject to him in carrying out his declared policies. I feel that this would go far toward making the Government responsive to the people who select it.

Suggests Legislative Reforms.

"In my judgment," he continued, "we should give serious attention, too, to the reform of legislative procedure, which is now a primary reason of the discontent of the average man. After two hundred years we have found that the complete separation of executive and legislative branches in our government works to the disadvantage of both and to the inefficiency of the administration of the State's business. We find the Governor, an official chosen by the entire State, unable to limit or influence or reach a legislative power chosen at the same time with him, especially if he happens to be elected by a different party.

"There would be an enormous gain if we made the heads of the various departments of the executive branch of the Government men entitled to sit with the legislative branch and to assist it with their advice or with any answers they could make to questions directed in open session against the policies of their departments. That would bring the matter at once into the limelight and lead to enlightened and constructive criticism, and a more efficient working between the executive and legislative branches of the Government. We must do something like this, or otherwise our Legislatures will soon break down. Unless we do, there will be more and more appointive commissions and less and less constructive criticism on the part of our Legislature.

"We should provide also for the most modern type of financial administration in the State Government, including the State budget. At present there is no adjustment between expenditures and revenue, and no attempt to bring about one. We must revise and reform our financial administration."

In closing, Dr. Butler urged the adoption of the home rule principle for great cities, although, he added, the line of demarcation between the sovereignty of the municipalities and that of the State was often hard to fix.

The Cause of Inefficiency.

Mr. Stimson, indorsing the views expressed by Dr. Butler, said that the Constitutional Convention was peculiarly the "job" of the Republican Party by historical inheritance.

"Our party always believed in the efficiency of government," he said. "The wide separation between the executive and legislative branches that is now working for such inefficiency was the direct result of Thomas Jefferson's fear of giving the executive too much power. It is necessary for us to bring about in this State a government that shall be responsive to the will of the people, and to obviate those elements that have made it less responsive.

"Under the present system, we find a Governor elected to carry out certain declared principles utterly without influence to carry them out, and the platform principles often pocketed by some committee of the Legislature."

The proposed budget reform, he said, far from keeping the Legislature from being watchful of the finances of the State, would make it more watchful. He quoted one authority to this effect: "If Legislatures themselves are prevented from putting their own hands in the till, then they will keep a stricter watch on those who do."

BOY KILLED BY A BLOW.

Dying Lad Says He Was Hit in the Stomach with a Brick.

Walter Metzger, Jr., the 6-year-old son of Walter Metzger, a clerk in the Street Cleaning Department, living at 1,500 Lexington Avenue, near Ninety-seventh Street, was removed to the Harlem Hospital at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was delirious. The physicians diagnosed the case as appendicitis and pneumonia. While they were trying to relieve the boy, he cried out that he had been hit in the stomach with a brick four days ago.

The boy died at 8 o'clock last night. The Coroner's office was notified and an investigation was begun.

TH' man thet wears a sour face Will find th' world a lookin'-glass; While he thet fights with smilin' face Will find his troubles lightly pass.

Velvet Joe.

VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco, for blue-days or joyous-ways. Full weight 2 oz. tins, 10c.

Coupons of Value with Velvet.

QUESTION COUSINS' BIRTH.

Halsey Will Fight Hinges on Legitimacy of Son's Children.

Testimony was taken yesterday in Newark before ex-Gov. Fort, as Special Master in Chancery, to determine the legitimacy of the children of John R. Halsey of Hoboken, N. J. The suit involves the distribution of $100,000 left by the late Isaac Halsey, who died in Madison, N. J., in December, 1893.

The proceedings were instituted by John H. Bonsall of Morristown, trustee of the Halsey estate. This was left to the testator's sons, Edmund Halsey and John R. Halsey, or their children. Both sons of Isaac Halsey are dead, and the children of Edmund Halsey are contesting the rights of the children of John R. Halsey on the ground of illegitimacy.

It was brought out in the testimony taken before Mr. Fort that John R. Halsey, who was a graduate of West Point, ran away and married Sarah Elizabeth Ferris, who was a servant in the Halsey home.

After his marriage John R. lived in Hoboken under the name of Henry Clayton and worked as a longshoreman nearly all his life. The children were all baptized under the name of Clayton. After Halsey's death, in 1902, his family assumed the family name without resorting to legal proceedings.

H. L. ANSTEY A BANKRUPT.

Bond Broker's Liabilities Are $171,588 and Assets $268.

Henry Lee Anstey, a bond broker of 101 Broadway, who lives in Oyster Bay, yesterday filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy before Charles A. Tipling, referee in bankruptcy, in Long Island City. Mr. Anstey places his liabilities at $171,588, of which $145,053 is unsecured. His assets are placed at $268. The only secured creditor is the firm of A. O. Brown & Co. of 61 Broadway, which is now in bankruptcy, with C. E. Littlefield as receiver. The amount due this firm is $27,534, which is secured by an assignment from Mrs. Anstey of sixty acres of land at Glen Head, L. I., valued at $48,000.

Among the large creditors are the Empire Trust Company, $13,759; the Guaranty Trust Company, $29,545; the Union Trust Company, $16,597; the Equitable Trust Company, $7,315; the Chase National Bank, $7,321, and Mrs. Phoebe E. Anstey, $37,768. A meeting of the creditors will be held to select a trustee to take charge of the bankrupt's affairs.

CITY BREVITIES.

At the Church of the Puritans, in 130th Street near Fifth Avenue, next Sunday evening there will be a service to celebrate the 600th anniversary of the battle of Bannockburn, fought on June 24, 1314, when Robert Bruce, King of Scotland, defeated Edward of England.

Next Saturday the Rev. D. Maurice Harris will conduct a confirmation service at the Temple Israel of Harlem for the mission school of the synagogue and on Sunday he will hold a confirmation service for the schools of the Council of Jewish Women.

Arnold Constable & Co.

TODAY (FRIDAY) AND SATURDAY

We will offer another lot of 100 Celebrated "Waterberry" Raincoats for Women

Regular value $15.00

"Waterberry" TRADE MARK Priestley's Cloth

REG. Cravenette TRADE MARK

Special price 9.50

This Raincoat is absolutely owned and controlled by Arnold, Constable & Co. for the United States of America.

Latest English made fabric; attractive silky lustre; contains no rubber, but absolutely rainproof. Newest London model—ideal summer traveling coat.

Other Women's Outer Garments Specially Priced

35 TWEED COATS—New Balmacaan models in Gray and Brownish mixtures, Cravenette. **10.50** Value $16.50

35 CAPES OF DONEGAL TWEED—Exclusive model. A perfect garment for motor, ocean or mountain. **12.75** Value $20.00

50 COATS AND CAPES—Consisting of Sport Coats, Evening Coats and Mistral Moire Trimmed Coats. Also a number of the newest capes in serge, handsomely lined with silk. **19.50** Value $26.00 to $35.00

Men's Summer Furnishings

Another week-end opportunity in new summer apparel.

High Grade Mercerized and Silk Mixed Shirts

FINELY TUCKED FRONT SHIRTS
TENNIS SHIRTS WITH COLLARS ON
FANCY SILK MULL SHIRTS
FANCY CREPE WEAVE SHIRTS
PLAIN COLORED NEGLIGEE SHIRTS
TAFFETA SUMMER FLANNEL SHIRTS
SILK STRIPED MERCERIZED SHIRTS

1.35 3 for 4.00 *Values $1.50, 1.65, 1.95, 2.50*

ENGLISH FOULARD FOUR IN HANDS—New arrivals. Made in England. *Special each* 45c

GRENADINE WINDSOR TIES—Extra long and wide. Black, Navy and Green. *Special each* 50c

MERCERIZED FANCY PAJAMAS—Neat stripes and plain colors. Low neck and silk frogs. *Value $1.50* 95c

SILK HALF HOSE—Unusually fine assortment of the season's newest weaves. Solid and two tone colorings. *Special pair* 45c

Pretty Blouses

For Every Occasion

Specially reduced for this Week-End Sale

JAP SILK—In all black and semi-mourning.
BATISTE—Lace trimmed; embroidered frills.
CREPE DE CHINE—Embroidered and hemstitched.
VOILE—Hand embroidered panels and lace trimmed. *Regularly $6.00* 4.50
JAP SILK—Hemstitched model, with painted collar; white.
LINEN—White and colors.
EMBROIDERED SILK—With hemstitched organdie collar.
VOILE—Trimmed with embroidered organdie and lace. *Regularly $3.00* 2.00
WASH SILK—High grade silk in striped patterns.
ORGANDIE—Tucked model with embroidered collar.
STRIPED VOILE—With plain white collar. *Regularly $1.50* 95c

Cool Underwear

For Women and Misses.

GLOVE SILK VESTS—Embroidered fronts; reinforced. *3 for $5.00, each* 1.75
GLOVE SILK BLOOMERS—White, pink and black. *Special value* 2.25
PURE GAUZE SILK VESTS—Imported; Swiss ribbed; low neck; sleeveless. *3 for $2.75, each* 95c
IMPORTED LISLE VESTS—Swiss ribbed, light weight; regular or V neck models. *Regularly 45c (6 for $1.90), each* 33c
GAUZE LISLE VESTS—Swiss ribbed; plain or with crocheted fronts. *Reg. 35c (6 for $1.35), each* 23c

Smart Neckwear

and other fashionable dress accessories for Women and Misses.

PIQUE COLLARS—For coat or dress. *Regularly 85c* 70c
ORGANDIE VESTEES—"Gladstone" model; also rolling collar; trimmed pearl buttons. *Regularly 65c* 45c
ROMAN SASHES—In various gay colors; fringed ends. *Regularly $2.75* 2.25

Toilet Requisites

Everything needed for the week end.

A complete assortment of the finest imported and American brands of Perfumes, Lotions, Toilet Waters, Soaps, Dentifrices, Sachets, Face Powders, Creams and Bath Salts.

Auto Toilet Cases

Attractive leather case with silk lining and compartments. Full sized and complete white fittings. *Value $9.00* 6.25

Traveling Bags

Only the finest grades included in this lot. Black and tan; in styles to meet every requirement. *Regularly $13.50, $15.00* 10.00

Vanity Cases

VICTORIA—The season's newest novelty; for the beach, auto and general use. Complete and unique gold fittings. *Value $5.00* 3.15

Broadway & 19th Street

Household Silver Needs Protection

over the Summer from fire and theft. We guarantee safety from your door.

Furs and Rugs Should Now Be In Cold Storage

Trunks of Winter clothing received. Also curtains. Telephone Murray Hill 5888 and we will promptly send for them.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION STORED

Careful packers. Superior van service. Warehouses fireproof.

SAFES FOR VALUABLE PAPERS
in Burglar Proof Vaults.

Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

42d Street, opp. Grand Central Terminal

Readily reached from anywhere.

GIMBELS

Store Opens at 8:30, Closes at 5:30

POLO TICKETS
Desirable Seats, Centre of the East Stand,
$5.50 for the Series.
Theatre Ticket Office, Third Floor

Come and Prove for Yourself That This Fine Collection of

Men's Suits at $17.50

Is of GIMBEL $25 and $27.50 Grades

Prove it by your own knowledge of what good tailoring and good style are, and by the fashionable weaves, colorings of the fabrics. Three splendid groups!

Group 1—

350 Blue Serge & Unfinished Worsted Suits

With soft rolled fronts, patch pockets, quarter or half lined. Also a conservative model, with regulation lapels.

Group 2—

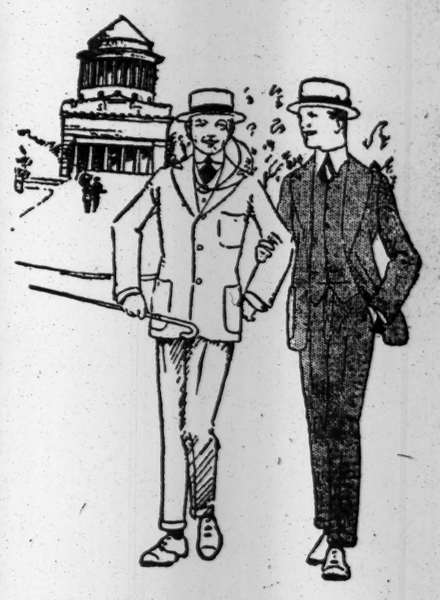
225 Unfinished Worsted Suits in Fancy Effects

Here are pin stripes, double stripes, Tartan plaids and shepherd checks, as well as plain grays, blues and blacks. Several styles, including patch and regular flap pockets; sleeves plain or with cuffs.

Group 3—

150 Fine, Cool Cassimere and Flannel Suits

These are splendid Suits for summer wear, particularly adapted to suit young men's tastes. Athletic Vests made without any backs; soft roll fronts; shoulders without padding.



Special Showing of New "Priestley" Cravenetted Mohair Suits

In soft roll and conservative models; plain blue, blue or black hair stripe, black-and-white pencil stripes, and brown checks. Tailored to hold their shape; at $15, $18 and $20.

$7 and $8 Flannel Trousers, $5 Pair

Cut on the new straight narrow model, and made of plain white flannel and blue or black stripe or self striped white serge. Fourth Floor

Another Millinery Triumph for GIMBELS!

Several weeks ago Black Velvet Hats made their *début* in Paris. Of course, everyone knew that they were the forerunners of Autumn styles. And many New York milliners said what a glorious surprise for America in July! But as we consider that every new fashion of Paris should be immediately introduced in America we did not wait one minute to reproduce these hats. So in this instance, as in many others, we presented the new mode of Paris to New York—and that is why all the fashionable women are now talking about these

Black Velvet Chapeaux
With Blanc Mat Trimmings
At $15 and $22

Our Paris Bureau has cabled us that these Hats are winning new successes at all of the Races. Therefore, it is obvious that these will be the *Correct Fashions for the International Polo Matches.* Third Floor

The Latest Word in Smart Tailleurs—

Suits with Cape-Coats and Capes At $19.75 to $42.50

"Madame is surely just back from Paris"—is one's comment upon seeing a woman in one of these new suits. That opinion was quite right until a few days ago, when it was possible to get these new suits at GIMBELS, for we have had these newest models of Paris

Reproduced in White and Navy Serge

The model with the Spanish Cape and long Russian Tunic, bound with silk braid, is especially smart—and it is only **$19.75.**

The suit with the accordion-pleated tunic mounted on a deep yoke is **$35;** and the model with the wide pleated tunic (illustrated) is **$42.50.**

White Cotton Eponge Suits with Capes and Cape-Coats, $9.75 and $14.75

Third Floor

A Sale of 18,000 Pairs of Women's Silk Gloves

An event most interesting to women just now. A vast purchase of Summer Gloves, of silk and chamoisette, in fashionable styles, and carefully selected by the GIMBEL Glove Store for women who are quick to recognize real worth, to choose their Summer's supply.

$1.25 Milanese Silk Gloves, 85c Pair
16-button length, in black and white, with Paris point embroidery (the white with 3 rows of heavy black embroidery).

$1 Milanese Gloves, 68c Pair
16-button length, Paris point stitching, black and white.

85c Milanese Silk Gloves, 60c Pair
2-clasp, Paris point embroidery, black and white.

65c Chamoisette Gloves, 38c pair
16-button, white only.

50c Chamoisette Gloves, 38c Pair
2-clasp.

75c Tricot Silk Gloves, 45c Pair
12-button length, in black and white.

50c Tricot Silk Gloves, 38c Pair
2-clasp, black and white.

Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY-NEW YORK-33rd STREET

WAUMBEK
AND COTTAGES
Jefferson New Hampshire.
OPENS JUNE 27th
¶ Delightful family resort in a most picturesque section, with accommodations for 500.
Table supplied from our own Farm and Dairies
¶ 18 hole golf course, tennis, saddle horses, garage and livery.
ON FAMOUS SCENIC ROUTES
¶ Detached family cottages, completely furnished with hotel service.
¶ White Mountain Amateur Golf Championship will be held here last week in August.
CHARLES V. MURPHY, Mgr.
Address LAUREL HOUSE,
Lakewood, N. J., until June 1st.

MARCONI DEVICE FOR WIRELESS FOG GUN

New Invention, It Is Thought, May Revolutionize Signaling on Land and Sea.

OBVIATES NEED OF CABLE

Guns Tested by Clyde Lighthouse Trust May Be Fired from Shore and Are Unattended for Months.

A wireless electric system for the control of signals at sea, which it is hoped will prevent accidents in fogs such as the wreck of the Empress of Ireland, was described in a communication received yesterday at the office of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America from the Technical Committee of the Marconi Company in England, which has just completed its experiments and obtained patents on the invention. The device will control also safety signals in mines, on railway trains, for blasting purposes, alarm signals between vessels, and call signals for wireless telephones. The report says:

Now that the dots and dashes of the Morse code can be transmitted with regularity over thousands of miles, it would seem only reasonable to suppose that with the help of suitable relays, valves could be turned on and off, helms moved to port or starboard, machinery checked and started, alarms run—in fact, a whole number of useful operations could be controlled by the electric waves used in wireless telegraphy. Hitherto of the many inventions along these lines not one has come to any good result.

Now, however, the Marconi Company has an apparatus for distant control which has been tested under the most adverse conditions possible: for from the very start it has been combined with an automatic fog gun erected on an isolated beacon in mid-sea, and has not only been left unattended for weeks on end, but has all this time been exposed to all weathers and to the interference from strong signals from ships passing close by.

There are at present two such fog guns fitted with the Marconi control—both belonging to the Clyde Lighthouse Trust. These guns, when once started, will continue to fire at intervals of about twenty seconds until the supply of acetylene gas is exhausted, which would take two or three weeks. The function of the wireless control is to enable the coast guard station to turn "on" and "off" the gun as desired, by this means prolonging the time for which the gun may be left without attention for from three to four months, according to the period of foggy weather experienced.

It is impossible, according to the report, to rely on sending a boat to regulate the gas supply, since in many weathers the beacon is unapproachable. The only alternative to wireless would be a cable, but not only would this mean a large expense in laying and maintaining the cable, but also a cable would be liable to break at a critical moment.

The apparatus which the Marconi engineers say they have perfected is applied to a Stevenson-Moyes acetylene gun. It contains a gas-admission valve introduced between the gas generator and the gun itself. This needle valve is controlled by two electro-magnets, so arranged that when the first magnet is energized the valve opens wide and allows the gas to pass freely. When the second magnet is energized the valve shuts firmly against a pressure of 20 pounds a square inch—a pressure considerably in excess of the maximum used in the acetylene gun.

Next to the valve is a water tight metal box containing the wireless receiving gear. Connection to the receiving aerial is made through an insulator; the received signals pass through the receiving apparatus to earth. A special form of detecter is used which actuates a special relay which is so constructed that, although very sensitive, it has a large movement and is therefore capable of keeping in adjustment under all kinds of temperature conditions. This end is further assured by the provision of counterbalancing springs.

Two synchronizers are an essential part of the apparatus, and make it immune from the two great troubles of wireless—atmospherics and interference from powerful signals from passing ships. It enables the same apparatus to perform two distinct functions—to turn "on" and "off" the gun. One of these synchronizers is connected to one of the two electro-magnets of the gas valve, so that when one synchronizer is actuated by the relay, it energizes one magnet and opens the valve, which remains fully open until the second synchronizer, actuated by the same relay, energizes the second magnet and closes the valve.

The second synchronizer is also in an air-tight case containing a clockwork mechanism which runs for four months with one winding. This clockwork performs a useful function every ten minutes; it strikes a sharp blow with a hammer, which gives the relay contacts a shake, gets rid of any stickiness, either in the pivots or at the contacts themselves, which might develop after several months, and at the same time causes a momentary current to flow through the detector.

A battery of dry cells provides the driving power for the whole receiving apparatus. A small four-fold aerial, supported from a short mast about 14 feet high, completes the receiving apparatus.

The transmitting apparatus, installed on shore and in charge of the coast guards, is very simple. For short distances, such as four-mile communication, it consists of a small transformer, a transmitting jigger and condenser, and the transmitting synchronizers corresponding to those of the receiving set. For greater distances the same apparatus will serve if a greater aerial height is available; failing this, a dynamo is used to provide the additional power.

"Such is the Marconi control apparatus as applied to fog signals at sea," the committee says. "On all sides one can see opportunities for the employment of this apparatus in other fields with very great utility; fields, moreover, which present only a fraction of the difficulties already surmounted in connection with these exposed and unattended fog guns."

Aquitania, Cunard Line's Biggest Ship, and Her Captain.

The new Cunard Liner "Aquitania" passing Holyhead, England, on her trial trip at a speed of 25 knots.

Captain Turner of the Aquitania

AQUITANIA TO DOCK AT 9 THIS MORNING

Capt. Turner Reports 602 Knots Made in the Day Ended at Noon Yesterday.

FASTEST OF THE BIG SHIPS

Has Averaged More Than 23 Knots Throughout the Trip—A Sketch of Her Commander.

According to a wireless report received last night from Capt. Turner, the new Cunarder Aquitania continues to make excellent time. She again achieved 602 knots for the twenty-four hours ended at noon yesterday, an average of 24.24 knots.

This should bring her to the Ambrose Channel Lightship by 4 o'clock this morning, and five hours later to her pier at the foot of West Thirteenth Street.

Her runs up to noon yesterday from Liverpool were:

	Knots.
Saturday to Sunday	475
Sunday to Monday	576
Monday to Tuesday	602
Tuesday to Wednesday	*527
Wednesday to Thursday	602

*Slowed down for fog and ice.

Average speed throughout the trip, 23.65 knots.

The Aquitania has proved to be the fastest of the big ships in the New York-European trade.

Capt. William T. Turner of the Aquitania became well known to regular patrons of the Cunard Line as commander of the record-breakers Lusitania and Mauretania.

He was born in Liverpool of Irish parents in 1856 when his father was in command of a famous East Indiaman sailing out of that port. He started his seafaring career in 1869, shipping as a deckboy on the sailing ship White Star bound around the Cape of Good Hope to the Guanape Islands, where his father's ship Queen of the Nations was waiting for a cargo. He transferred to his father's ship there and made the voyage around Cape Horn to Callao, Peru, and then to Liverpool, making a tour of eighteen months at sea.

Once when Capt. Turner was second mate of the clipper ship Thunderbolt, bound across the Indian Ocean to Calcutta in the monsoon season, he was washed off the jibboom end while fishing for dolphin. A life buoy was thrown to him by the mate, who was on the poop deck at the time, and he grabbed it and kept afloat for an hour and twenty minutes until a boat reached him. The ship was surrounded by sharks, but the noise made by the vigorous young officer and his splashing kept them away until he was hauled into the jolly boat.

The Captain of the Thunderbolt, who was an old-school mariner, looked over the side as the boat came up to the jacob's ladder and exclaimed, "Is that you, Mr. Turner?"

"It is, Sir," replied the rescued second mate.

"Well, you can come on board and go to your bunk for three days. Empty your watch before you turn in," added the methodical skipper, "or the salt water may rust the works."

After he got to command sailing ships Capt. Turner circumnavigated the globe several times, going out to New Zealand via Cape of Good Hope and returning via Cape Horn. After two voyages as a junior officer on the Inman Line steamer City of Chester, and later the Leyland steamer Egyptian, he joined the Cunard service in 1878 as third officer of the Cherbourg, in the Liverpool and Mediterranean service. After two or three voyages Capt. Turner felt the call of the clipper ship and left the Cunard Line to take command of the clipper bark James Kenway of Liverpool, and later the Star of the East, where he remained until he rejoined the Cunard Company in his former position on the Cherbourg in 1888.

In April, 1903, he received his first command in the Cunard Line as captain of the Aleppo in the Mediterranean service, and later had the Carpathia, Ivernia, Umbria, Caronia, Carmania, Lusitania and Mauretania.

The rank of honorary commander in the Royal Naval Reserve was conferred upon Capt. Turner by King George when he opened the Gladstone Dock, Liverpool, last August.

Among his brother captains in the Atlantic trade William T. Turner is looked upon as a first class navigator, a thorough seaman and the master of his ship.

He may be classed as one of the last of the old school of mariners who were taught the sea in sailing ships. Although he commands one of the finest ships in the world Capt. Turner is one of the most democratic commanders afloat today.

Dwarf Burglar to the Island.

George Coppinger, 64 years old, who was convicted of unlawful entry before Judge Wadhams in General Sessions, told the court yesterday when he came up for sentence that in the twenty-three years he had spent in prison he had never been in the penitentiary. He begged that he be sent to the penitentiary for a change. Judge Wadhams decided that the circumstances in the case were extenuating and sentenced him to the penitentiary. Coppinger cut his way into 629 Sixth Avenue several weeks ago and pleaded guilty to unlawful entry, which is a misdemeanor. He is a dwarf.

DURYEA TO MATTEAWAN.

Man Who Killed His Father Said to be a Paranoiac.

On the report of a commission of alienists that he is hopelessly insane a paranoiac, Chester B. Duryea, who shot and killed his father, Gen. Hiram Duryea at their home, 120 Eighty-fifth Street, Brooklyn, on May 5, was committed by Judge Dike in the Kings County Court yesterday to Matteawan Asylum for the criminal insane. Since the tragedy Duryea has been confined in Bellevue Hospital. Dr. Nathan Rathbun and Dr. Thurston B. Dexter were named by the court to examine him.

The size of the Equitable is only half the story

Today, months ahead of its completion, the Equitable Building that-is-to-be is known the round world over for the supremacy of its size. But pretty soon, when it is completed, tenanted, and in the full, free swing of operation, the Equitable is going to be known also for the supremacy of its service.

New York needs the Equitable Building—but it needs far more the kind of service which the Equitable Building is going to give to its tenants.

Leases now being made from May 1, 1915. The building, however, is due to be completed 2 or 3 months ahead of that date.

Equitable Building
Temporary Office, 27 Pine Street

Some men, from a clothes standpoint, have the "regular" or normal figure; some are short, stout men; some short but not exactly stout; some very slender.

Our designers know every one of these types; and they get up models suitable for all, and we make the clothes to fit.

Find your size at our dealer's store.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

We carry complete lines of these clothes—which means all shapes in all sizes.

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
246-248 West 125th St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St.

New Jersey Central One Day EXCURSIONS
Lake Hopatoong
$1 NEXT SUNDAY
Also Every Sunday and Holiday
Leave W. 23d St., 8.50 a.m. Leave Liberty St., 9.00 a.m. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.
HARD COAL NO SMOKE COMFORT

The Peerless Union Suit is for particular men who insist on Comfort, with a big C. It fits like the bark on a beech tree.

UNION SUITS for MEN
Sold by PROMINENT dealers everywhere.
Peerless Knitting Mills Co., 1170 5th Ave., New York City.

"NATIONAL HERO SERIES" NO. 5

KOSCIUSKO
"THE GREATEST OF THE POLES"

NEVER in the history of mankind has there lived a more ardent lover of Personal and National Liberty. He fought with intrepid valor under our own Washington for American Liberty. He devoted his life to regain the ancient freedom of his beloved Poland. Kosciusko hated any legislative attempt which invaded the Natural Rights of Man. If he were alive to-day, every son of Poland knows that he would revolt at any LAW which declared: "Thou shalt NOT eat this—thou shalt NOT drink that". Kosciusko knew that the light wines of his native land and the barley brews of Germany were good for mankind when used in moderation. He drank them himself to the end of his honored days, and who will DARE say that they in any way injured this mighty personality. For 57 years Anheuser-Busch have honestly brewed honest beers. Their great brand—BUDWEISER—is sold throughout the world and has helped the cause of true Temperance. Seven thousand, five hundred men are daily required to keep pace with the natural demand of Americans for BUDWEISER. Its sales exceed any other beer by millions of bottles.

Bottled only at the home plant. ANHEUSER-BUSCH · ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

On Sale Everywhere. Families supplied by Grocers and Retailers
Anheuser-Busch Agency - New York
A. Busch Bottling Co. - - Brooklyn

Budweiser
Means Moderation

Store Opens at 9 A. M.

Simpson-Crawford Store
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH ST. NEW YORK CITY.

WHAT $1.00 WILL BUY!

$1.50 to $3.00 Silk and Linen Shirts
New $3.00 to $4.00 Lounging Robes
$1.50 to $2.50 Pajamas
Three 50c to 65c Silk Neckties
Three 65c Muslin Night Shirts
$1.50 to $3 Crepe & Madras Shirts

$1.50 to $3.00 SHIRTS

Actual Values $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

This gigantic sale represents the entire surplus lots from several of the **best shirt makers in the country.** Every shirt is clean and fresh, **just taken from the boxes.** Every shirt is guaranteed perfect.

The Materials
Silk and Linen, Silk and Cotton imported and domestic Madras, imported and domestic Percale, Crepes, and an endless assortment of mercerized cloths, also a good assortment of Silk Novelty Shirts.

The Colors
Not an undesirable one in the lot. Plain colors, stripes, dots and figures. Light and dark effects. All colors guaranteed fast.

The Sizes
All sizes from 13½ to 18.

The Styles
They are all coat models, soft French cuffs, collars attached, collars to match and with the plain neck band. They are made very large and full, and neatly finished throughout.

Note
We have given over the entire main aisle for this sale and have secured an extra sales force so as to attend to your wants quickly. Be wise and come early.

500 Men's $3.00 and $4.00 Beach and Lounging Robes **$1.00**
At this price they shouldn't last the day out. They are made of woven mercerized fabrics, woven madras and light weight flannel. Just the thing for your going away. Finished with a deep sailor or roll collar, double side pockets and girdle to match. Small, medium and large sizes. Some slightly soiled.

Men's 65c Muslin Night Robes **3 for $1.00**
There are about 650, all told. An exceptionally fine grade of muslin used in their making. Surplice neck. Cut extra large and full. Plain white and some neatly trimmed. Handkerchief pocket on side. All seams reinforced. Sizes 15 to 19.

Men's $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 Sample Pajamas **$1.00**
Made by one of the best manufacturers of pajamas in this country. So good is his reputation as a pajama maker that he removed all his labels. They are made of madras, percale and silk mixed cloths. Cut surplice neck, with white silk frogs and large pearl buttons. Cut extra large and full. Small, medium and large sizes. Some you will find soiled, but the laundry will take care of that.

Men's 50c and 65c Silk Neckwear **3 for $1.00**
They are made in an extra large open end shape that is so much in vogue. All with neat colored stripes on grounds of contrasting colors. The silks are both imported and domestic. Haberdashers about town ask $1.00 for the same scarf. 3 for $1.00.

Simpson Crawford Store, 6th Avenue, 19th & 20th Streets

The Building Was Empty

One year ago a large Building in the old Dry Goods district on Broadway was vacant.

We sold it. The owner altered it.

Before Feb. 1st we had rented every foot of space to desirable tenants.

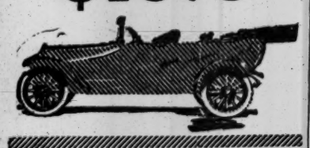
This proves what a *live* renting organization can do.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 Cedar St.

Studebaker

ECONOMICAL LIGHT WEIGHT **SIX**

$1575



There's only one scientific way to build a light "Six" and that's the Studebaker way—the manufactured way.

Studebaker, literally, gets lightness with doubled or trebled strength—by heat treating the steels.

The other way—the dangerous and weakening way—is to assemble parts—not heat treated, and get lightness by reducing size.

Or, sometimes, a so-called light "Six" is simply a "Six" slightly smaller than a large "Six" and practically as heavy.

The Studebaker SIX, moreover, is perfectly aligned, perfectly lubricated, perfectly balanced.

This friction and vibration are reduced and long life promoted.

The owner of the Studebaker light SIX, therefore, gets greater value than can be given with smaller production, in which any lowering of price necessarily means a lowering of quality.

Send for the Studebaker Proof Book, describing Studebaker manufacturing methods.

F. O. B. Detroit	
FOUR Touring Car	$1050
SIX Touring Car	1575
SIX Landau-Roadster	1800
SIX Sedan	2250

Phelps Motor Car Corporation
New York Distributors
Broadway and 59th St.
"Quantity Production of Quality Cars"

HURLINGHAM

Correct for Summer 1914
Button-less back
Lion Collars
Oldest Brand in America
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY, N.Y.

Ask your Dentist

PYRODENTO
LIQUID ANTISEPTIC

Not only relieves Pyorrhoea, but is equally efficient when applied to a sore throat, a cut, or a burn.
Address "Pyrodento, Baltimore, Md.," for free sample.

SHERIFFS ALL READY FOR I. W. W. INVADERS

Will Have 200 "Veterans" at Tarrytown to Meet Them When They Arrive.

REV. CATES TO TALK HERE

Accepts Berkman's Invitation to Debate at Ferrer School—Threats by Wire to Pierson.

The I. W. W. leaders continued yesterday their enlistment of men for the big demonstration which Alexander Berkman asserts is to be made at Fountain Square, in Tarrytown, to vindicate the right of free speech, in so far as it relates to their being permitted to assail John D. Rockefeller at open-air meetings.

Berkman and his lieutenants went to Brooklyn last night to get the I. W. W. there to join in a concerted movement against Tarrytown. He had already recruited members here and in Paterson.

The I. W. W's. gained two new defenders yesterday, one in Tarrytown and one who expressed his feelings by telegraph from New York to President Pierson of Tarrytown Village. The Tarrytown convert wrote to a local paper over the name of Leonard De Carlo, saying that he knew the I. W. W. well, and that the village had merely a choice "between bloodshed and free speech."

The telegram to President Pierson was of such a violent character that Mr. Pierson, after consulting with the District Attorney of Westchester County, decided not to make it public. Friends of his said it threatened personal violence to Judge Moorehouse, who sentenced three I. W. W. men last Monday to serve from thirty to ninety days in jail, and destruction to the flower gardens and greenhouses of Tarrytown's President. It was signed "The Live and Let Live League." Detectives are looking for its author.

Of the thirteen I. W. W. members in the White Plains jail one lost his courage yesterday and asked to be allowed to plead guilty to the charge of disorderly conduct made against him for participating in a riot at Fountain Square last Sunday. He had given his name as Jack Britton, but when a sister appeared in Judge Moorehouse's court to plead for him he said his right name was John Butler, and that he lived in the Bronx.

Henry Pursht of 2,379 Marion Avenue, the Bronx, was on hand to give a bail bond for Butler. District Attorney Weeks, who had heard the pleas of the prisoner's sister and Mr. Pursht, had Butler sent before Judge Moorehouse at Tarrytown, but it seemed that the Judge did not share the view of the District Attorney's office that clemency ought to be extended. He sentenced Butler to six months in the King's County penitentiary.

The Rev. J. E. Cates, who was compelled by his parishioners and the clergymen of Tarrytown churches other than his own, to cancel his agreement to meet Alexander Berkman and his followers at his church next Saturday, sent a letter to Berkman notifying him that his suggestion "had stirred up a hornet's nest" and therefore would have to be withdrawn. He received from Berkman an acknowledgment, coupled with an invitation to come to New York and debate the Rockefeller issue under the auspices of the Francisco Ferrer Association. The Rev. Mr. Cates announced that he would accept this invitation.

Reports made to Sheriff Doyle by detectives yesterday were to the effect that he would have to handle the invading I. W. W. hosts next Saturday. The Sheriff said he would be in Tarrytown on that day with deputies enough to handle 200 of the agitators.

Does the

Square Deal for All Appeal to You?

The one price system established by the

Pease Piano Co.

means—just one price for all. There should be some satisfaction in doing business with a house that delivers what it guarantees to—and gives equal advantages to all. Pease Pianos have been famous for 70 years. At their best now.

New Pease Pianos $325 up
New Wilbur made by Pease Co. $325 up
New Wilbur & Pease Player Pianos $475 FREE Music Exchange.

Pease Piano Co.

Retail Warerooms, 128 West 42d St., New York; 34 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn; 10 New St., Newark.

A full supply of Victor and Columbia Records and Supplies.

SUPERIOR SERVICE.

EST. 1850 PHONE BRYANT 156

DAVID **Stevenson** EST. 1850 BREWING CO. BOTTLED BEER

Pilsener Beer

10TH AVE 39TH TO 40TH ST NEW YORK

on sale at the BILTMORE 1914, BELMONT, McALPIN, PLAZA and other leading hotels. To be obtained at Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. Charles & Co. and all first-class dealers.

HIGH BIDS AT FOULC SALE.

Paris Art Library and M. Doucet Among the Buyers Yesterday.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 4.—The sale of the Edmond Foulc collection of valuable books and engravings on architecture and decoration was continued today. The Paris Art Library was a large purchaser, as was an agent for Jacques Doucet, who is said to have refused the collection when it was offered to him as a whole not long ago by the Librairie Desombes. The prices again surpassed expectations, the total realized amounting to $38,467.

The largest price at today's sale was brought by the "Collection of the Lesser Masters of the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Centuries," a selection from the works of 110 artists of France, Germany, Italy, and the Low Countries, most of whom attained relatively little fame and whose best work, sometimes reaching a very high standard, is little known and very hard to obtain. The price was $7,200. Other sales were:

"The Book of Hanns Christoff Laechlin of Leutkirch," published at Nuremberg in 1595 by Baltazar Caimox. A series of 30 plates depicting vases, goblets, ewers, &c., $3,600.

"A New Book of Art," by Hans Brosamer of Fulda, printed in 1540; a book on gold work, with 38 plates, believed to be the most complete specimen in existence, $2,400.

"Designs for Jewelry," by Mathias Zuendt. Published in 1553. A collection of 66 plates, with binding in the style of Clovis Eve, $1,640.

Works of Michel le Blon, known as Blondus. Published at Amsterdam. Over 100 plates, with a portrait of Blondus by Matham, after Van Dyck, $1,620.

"A New and Wonderful Work on Craterography," by an unknown master. Nuremberg, 1551. A book with 30 plates illustrating all kinds of drinking vessels, which ranks among the finest collections of that century; sometimes ascribed to Mathias Zuendt, but without good authority, $1,140.

"Models for the Goldsmith," by Hans Hirtz of Wurzburg. Printed by Matheus Greutern. A total of 29 plates, the most complete collection of the works of a little known master, $1,100.

"Collection of Moorish and Damascene Patterns," by Pierre Floetner. Printed at Zurich by Rudolph Wyssenbach in 1549. A complete collection of 40 plates, $1,080.

"The Book of Paul Flindt of Nürnberg," printed in 1594 by Friedrich Durerij. Thirty plates, $1,020.

"A Book of Hours According to the Style of Rome, with the Destruction of Jerusalem, and Pictures of the Life of Man," printed at Paris by Gillet Hardouyn about 1530, $950.

"The Book of Those Figures Vulgarly Called Maurusian," by Baltazar Sylvius. 1554. A collection of varied designs, including Moorish patterns, watch cases, sword hilts, &c., $804.

"The Kisses," preceded by "The Month of May," by Claude Joseph Dorat. Published at The Hague and Paris in 1770. Illustrated by Eisen, $672.

The sale will be continued tomorrow and Saturday.

CUT HERE

THIS COUPON WORTH $2.00

Toward the Purchase of Photographs of Yourself or Any Member of Your Family if Presented Within 30 Days

Your daughter's confirmation—graduation—marriage—soon will be but memories unless a photograph keeps the record of these important events.

This Coupon entitles bearer to HALF A DOZEN ARTISTIC CARBONETTE PHOTOGRAPHS in Book Form, size 6½x9½, at the REDUCED PRICE of.. **$1.00**

(Regular Price Without This Coupon, $8.00)

If presented at any of the following studios from June 5 to July 6, 1914.

Sol. Young PHOTOGRAPHER

NEW YORK.
40 W. 34th St., Bet. B'way and 5th Ave.
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985 Lexington Ave., Cor. 71st St.
1807 Amsterdam Ave., Bet. 149th and 150th Sts.

BRONX, N. Y.
474 Tremont Ave., Cor. Washington Ave.
BROOKLYN.
23 Flatbush Avenue.
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THIS COUPON MUST BE PRESENTED WITH THE ORDER.

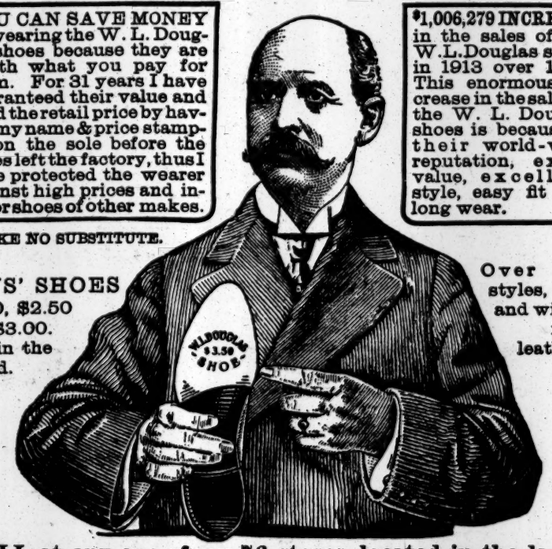
CUT HERE

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 $4.00 & $4.50 SHOES

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by wearing the W. L. Douglas shoes because they are worth what you pay for them. For 31 years I have guaranteed their value and fixed the retail price by having my name & price stamped on the sole before the shoes left the factory, thus I have protected the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

$1,006,279 INCREASE in the sales of the W. L. Douglas shoes in 1913 over 1912. This enormous increase in the sales of the W. L. Douglas shoes is because of their world-wide reputation, extra value, excellent style, easy fit and long wear.



BOYS' SHOES $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. Best in the World.

Over 150 styles, sizes and widths in all leathers.

CALL at any one of my 76 stores located in the large cities, and see for yourself the kind of shoes I am selling for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50.

I wish to call your special attention to my low, broad heel, receding toe English Walking Boots in Tans, Gun Metal and Imported Patent, also my exclusive short vamp shoes which make the foot look smaller. The W.L.Douglas conservative, comfortable shoes are also carried in all of my stores. I am confident that after a careful examination you will be convinced that it is not economy to pay from $5.00 to $7.00 for shoes any longer.

INSIST UPON HAVING THE W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES WITH NAME AND PRICE STAMPED ON THE SOLE.

If the W.L.Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from factory. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, postage free. Write for Illustrated Catalog, showing how to order by mail. W. L. DOUGLAS, 160 Spark Street, Brockton, Mass.

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2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
250 West 125th Street.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
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1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.
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BLACK & WHITE
Scotch Whisky

There are economies in all things.

Why pay more than $1.20 (the price of "Black and White") for any Scotch Whisky?

Jas. Buchanan & Co. tell us it is the best possible value and *they* produce at their own and affiliated distilleries the largest quantity of Malt Whisky of any firm in Scotland.

ALEX D SHAW & CO NY

Store Opens at 9:00 A. M. Closes 6:00 P. M.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Merchandise Here Advertised On Sale Today and Tomorrow

Continuation Today and Tomorrow of the *Sale of Men's Summer Suits*

Many of the Suits are Silk Lined Throughout, Some Half Silk Lined, Others Quarter Silk Lined, but the majority Mohair Lined.

$16.75

Materials are Tartan Plaids, Club Checks, Fancy Mixed Cassimeres, Cheviots, Dark Mixed Worsteds, Unfinished Worsteds and Pencil Stripes.

The usual prices $19.75, $22.50 and $24.75

Regular Stock Marked for Quick Clearance.

Fifth Floor, Broadway.

Men's Imported Hose Specially Priced

The four items here listed are typical of the Macy stock of Hose for men.

Black Cotton Half Hose (pr.), **19c**
Standard price throughout the City, 25c
Macy split soles, soles and toes double, high spliced heels; light weight and elastic.

Imported Black Cotton Half Hose (pr.), **19c**
Standard price throughout the City, 25c
Light weight, double soles, heels and toes; good wearing and very elastic.

Black Mercerized Lisle Half Hose (pr.), **24c**
Good appearing Hose to wear with low-cut shoes. They are imported, have double soles and toes and high spliced heels.

Imported Silk Lisle Half Hose (pr.), **33c**
Sheer and fine double soles, will not tear, high spliced heels and toes. These Socks have a silk lustre and will wear sometimes better than pure silk.
Main Floor, Centre.

Men's All-Silk Shirts Extra Quality, at $2.89

In fact these are Shirts that should sell for much higher price even at Macy's; We have seen shirts not one whit better in specialty shops at $5.00

Soft double cuffs attached. Coat models. The colors are stripes of blue, helio, pink and gray on white grounds.

Fine Silk, and Madras Soft Shirts, at **$1.69**
Made for hot weather wear. The colorings and designs will suit the men of taste. All the shirts have soft French cuffs attached and are made in coat style. Sizes 13½ to 18. Various sleeve lengths.

Soft Summer Shirts, at **94c**
Best crepe weaves, woven madras and satin striped madras. All have soft double cuffs and are coat models. The sizes range from 13½ to 17. Men who know shirt values will take quick advantage of this offering.
Main Floor, 35th Street.

Panama and Straw Hats for Men and Young Men

Panamas, a Week-End Special, at **$3.74**
Were $4.96
As will be seen by the *illustration*, this is a stylish Hat. The reduced price is for Friday and Saturday only.

Men's Imported Straw Hats, Special, at **$1.39**
These Hats sell in specialty stores for $2.00. The collection of blocks is usually to be found only in Hats of foreign makes. There are rough, medium, and conservative braids. Trimmed and blocked with the greatest care.
Main Floor, 33th Street.

Men's Linen, Repp, and Mohair Dusters, $3.69

Macy's Usual Price, $4.74
A special lot of Motor Dust Coats, in single and double breasted models. All sizes, 34 to 46.
Fifth Floor, 34th St., Centre.

Men's Comfortable Shoes Of Style and Quality

Ease with Shapeliness and Excellence.

In Macy's, men find solutions for foot problems that can only be solved by a store carrying immense assortments.

Men's "Combination Size" Shoes (pr.) **$4.96**
Special construction designed to afford an easy fit for the toes and ball of the foot and a snug, frictionless fit for the arch, instep and heel.
For example, Shoes with 7 D ball and toe, C width at instep and B at heel and ankle.

Men's "Broad Toe" Shoes (pr.) **$4.96**
Specially broad toes, providing ease for sufferers with corns, bunions and the like, these shoes are not only comfortable but very sightly also.

Men's "Arch Support" Shoes (pr.) **$5.94**
Fitted with strong, elastic steel arch supports that are welcomed by heavy men, or those who are on their feet constantly. They have cushion soles, soft and yielding, minimizing the jar of the sidewalks.

Men's Shoes from $3.96 to **$5.94**
For all uses, in the newest, smartest lasts and best leathers, including the popular low heel and receding toe. All the conservative styles, too.

All types of Men's Outing Shoes at Macy's at lowest-in-the-city prices.
Main Floor, Balcony.

Imported Golf Clubs, Scotch & English Makes

We have just received a new shipment of Scotch and English Clubs. The wooden Clubs are made with fine quality socket heads in all the latest models. Included are:

Ted Ray's Drivers and Brassies, $2.74
Alex Herd's Drivers and Brassies, $2.74
W. Winton's Drivers and Brassies, $2.49

The Iron Clubs have hand-forged heads and the best quality hickory shafts. They include mashies, niblicks, mid-irons, cleeks, driving irons and mashie niblicks, in the Ted Ray, Alex Herd and W. Winton models.
Prices $2.24 and $2.49.
Spieler Mashies, $2.24.

We have a fine assortment of clubs for left hand players.

Thistle Clubs, iron and wood, $1.39.

Slazenger's Irons in all the new models, $1.74.

Slazenger's Drivers and Brassies, $1.98.

Golf Bags, good quality canvas bags, from $1.98 to $10.49.

Leather Golf Bags from $5.24 to $24.74.

Golf Balls from $3.96 doz. to $7.29 doz.

Our Golf Department is in charge of a very competent professional golfer who is at your service. He will be pleased to give you any information regarding the game.

Fifth Floor, 34th St.

Men's Summer Underwear

In making up our vacation kit this offering provides an opportunity to buy lightweight Underwear at great savings.

Men's Union Suits Special at **79c**
Made of fine Madras and nainsook in stripes and checks, sleeveless and knee lengths; pearl buttons.

Union Suits of Woven Seersucker, **98c**
Featherweight with closed crotch; sleeveless and open knee length. Just the weight for warm weather.

Balbriggan Underwear Special, (garment) **29c**
Light weight; shirts long or short sleeves; drawers ankle length, with double seat.

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers (each) **49c**
Medium weight; shirts have long or short sleeves; drawers in ankle or knee length; double seat; suspender straps.

Silk Athletic Underwear, Special (garment) **98c**
Macy's price was (ea.) $1.39
Fancy silk striped shirts and drawers; very light weight; shirts are sleeveless; drawers knee length.

"Porosknit" Underwear, Slightly Imperfect (each) **29c**
Shirts have short sleeves, with white sateen facing; drawers knee length, with double seat; strongly made, with sateen waistband.
Main Floor, Centre.

One Good Skid is Often a Finish

Red Rubber Empire Tires have put tire buying on a rational basis. Live **red rubber** gives you longer tire life. Our "you-must-be-satisfied" agreement protects you against hidden defects. The non-skid tread that we build onto non-skid

Empire Tires WEAR LONGEST

makes a tire that is absolutely skid-proof and rut-proof. This tread presents a multitude of edges that find a grip on any kind of road.

Get a **Red Rubber Empire** Tire on your car and join the crowd that is finding 100% tire satisfaction.

Your garage man can easily get a live **Red Rubber Empire** Tire for you. Sold by leading supply dealers.

"The man with a red tire knows."

EMPIRE RUBBER AND TIRE CO.
240 W. 55th St., New York.
Factory and Home Office, Trenton, N. J.
Makers of "Peerless" Red Rubber Inner Tubes

MARRIAGE PROMISE SPLITS HOE JURY

Never Reached the Question of Damages and Are Discharged.

A SECOND TRIAL PROBABLE

Vote Was 9 to 3 That Wealthy Defendant Said He Would Marry Miss Sullivan.

The jury in the suit of Miss Mae A. Sullivan against Arthur I. Hoe for $150,000 for breach of promise failed to reach an agreement and were discharged by Justice Gavegan of the Supreme Court at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning. That the jurors made every effort to agree was shown by the fact that they were confined in a small room in the County Court House from 12:45 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon until nearly 3 o'clock yesterday morning, barring an hour when they were at dinner.

How the jurors stood from the time the first ballot was taken until they gave up in despair was variously told by the lawyers. At the office of William H. Hamilton, counsel for Mr. Hoe, it was said that the first vote was six to six on the question whether Mr. Hoe really did make Miss Sullivan an offer of marriage. At the office of Mirabeau L. Towns, counsel for Miss Sullivan, it was said that at one time the vote was nine to three that Mr. Hoe did make such an offer.

The truth probably is that the vote shifted from six to six to nine to three, where it stood when the jurors went home, after nearly fourteen hours of discussion and argument. Just how the vote was divided could not be learned, because the jurymen agreed to give out no precise information ,and the pact was kept. The story that the majority of the jurors were in favor of awarding to Miss Sullivan damages of from $50,000 to $60,000 was early exploded, because all of the jurors who talked at all said that the direction of Justice Gavegan was obeyed in the matter of first deciding whether an offer of marriage was made before the question of damages was taken up.

As this first question was never decided, there was, of course, no vote taken at all as to how large the damages should be. One of the jurors said that the first vote showed that eight of the jurors thought there had been a promise of marriage, while the other four were sure there never was any such promise.

"The four didn't believe," said this juror, "that, however foolish Hoe might have acted, he was ever foolish enough to promise to marry the plaintiff when he had a wife and a three-months-old baby at home. Any talk about damages was only scattering and not of any consequence, because that matter was never presented to us by the foreman. Of course, there were some remarks about the $50,000 Mr. Hoe had already spent through his association with the plaintiff."

Mr. Hoe said he was disappointed at the outcome, because he felt certain up to the very end that he would be vindicated by the jury. He said:

"The sex appeal to the jury made by counsel for Miss Sullivan must have had a strong effect. At the next trial we will try to eliminate that entirely so that only the merits of the case may be dealt with."

Counsel for Mr. Hoe said that the next move would have to be made by counsel on the other side. Whether there would be another and speedy trial was not known. At the office of Mr. Towns, Philip J. Termini, Miss Sullivan's guardian, said:

"I have not had a chance to talk with Mr. Towns about what shall be done next, although it is certain the matter will be carried to the end. We shall probably discuss the case in a day or two and prepare for another trial. The matter may be settled within a day or two."

The trial of Miss Sullivan's second suit for $75,000, which she says is due her because of a promise Mr. Hoe made to pay her $1,000 a week for life, is on the calendar for Monday. But it will probably go over because the issues to be presented in this suit depended largely upon the outcome of the trial in the breach of promise suit. There was some talk that a settlement would be arrived at by the lawyers, but there was no foundation for it, judging by the statements of both sides. It is probable that there will be another trial of the breach of promise suit and that this second trial will be hurried forward.

Gets $5,500 for Husband's Death.

Mrs. Anna Schott, as executrix, obtained a verdict of $5,500 yesterday against the United States Printing Company of Brooklyn in the Queens County Supreme Court for the death of her husband, John Schott, on Aug. 8, 1913. Schott was operating a circular saw when a splinter was embedded in his abdomen. He died five days later, as a perjurer Bramowitz decided that his identification might be at fault.

B. Fliashnick, counsel for Mr. Sears, said he had been told that Bramowitz had volunteered to give testimony in several other suits. Bramowitz could not be found at his supposed residence at 591 Clinton Avenue, the Bronx, and it was discovered also that he did not hold the automobile license which he had told the court he held.

AGAINST HOME TAILORS.

Miss Wald Tells Industrial Commission It Should Be Forbidden by Law

The Federal Commission on Industrial Relations at its hearing yesterday in the City Hall took up home work in the tailoring trades. The commission considered general conditions in the trade, but the problem of the women who toil in the tenement houses in finishing garments for a very small wage received the most attention.

Miss Lillian D. Wald of the Child Labor Committee of New York and witnesses from the ranks of the working men condemned this system unsparingly, but Charles A. Rosenwasser, a manufacturer of Newark, who asked leave to testify, asserted that he could not get women to work in his factory.

Miss Wald asserted that in the matter of home work no compromise was possible. It should be forbidden by law, she said. It was a mistake, she testified, to suppose that only cheap work was given to the tenement workers. She knew, she asserted, that much high-grade work was done in the homes and that to supervise it was impossible.

"Then there is always a serious danger from infection from children suffering from scarlet fever, chicken pox, aand measles, as well as parents in various stages of tuberculosis," Miss Wald said. "It will sometimes happen that a manufactured garment will be thrown over a person suffering from an infectious disease and then offered for sale."

In this connection, Mr. Rosenwasser, when he was on the stand, remarked:

"I have seen women at work on an overcoat with the scarlet fever sign on the door. But there is one thing between the scarlet fever and the customer—the hot iron."

William Goldman, President of the New York Clothing Men's Association, said that he would be in favor of a law prohibiting all home labor, and in reply to a question from Mrs. J. Borden Harriman he explained that the only objection to such a measure would be the hardship which it might work for a time in certain cases.

Mr. Rosenwasser pointed out that when the tailors told of women who could make only $2 a week, it must be remembered that these women were working only when they could find time away from their home duties, and that this $2 should be regarded only as an additional income which they were able to make. In reply to Mrs. Harriman, Mr. Rosenwasser said that the low prices for finishing might be improved if some of the other classes of labor were not paid too much.

"Pocketmakers," he said, "get very high wages. I have paid some of them, unusually skilled men, as much as $30 a week, and many get $18. Take $5 off these rates and distribute it among the other workers, and you would be able to relieve conditions a good deal."

STOPS SIEGEL BOND SUITS.

Court Discountenances Efforts to Seize Surety Given to State.

To prevent further attempt to obtain payment on the bond of $100,000 furnished to the State of New York by the United States Fidelity and Guranty Company of Baltimore as security for Henry Siegel & Co., Judge Hough signed yesterday in the Federal District Court an order staying any such proceeding. The bond was paid to the Chamberlain of the City of New York by the bonding company on April 4.

The hearing in the bankruptcy proceedings of the Siegel-Vogel Corporations, which was set for yesterday before Commissioner Gilchrist, was postponed by consent of counsel to June 18.

Will Discuss Traffic Regulations.

The traffic regulations of upper Broadway and the near-by streets will be discussed next Monday afternoon at a luncheon of the Broadway Association at the Hotel Cumberland. This has been arranged by the automobile interests, which are centred near Columbus Circle, and among those invited to discuss the matter are President McAneny, Borough President Marks, Fire Commissioner Adamson, Street Commissioner Featherston, and Police Commissioner Woods. The automobile men feel that at present they are hampered by too many regulations and ordinances, and that the situation needs clarification.

McAlpin Not to Extend.

The report that the owners of the McAlpin were negotiating for the purchase of two lots adjoining the hotel on Thirty-fourth Street and that the deal would probably be closed within a few days was denied by the management of the McAlpin yesterday. It was said by them that however much it might be desirable to increase the frontage of the hotel on Thirty-fourth Street, no negotiations were in progress for the acquirement of the land mentioned.

CHAMPIONS SEARS IN DIVORCE TRIAL

Miss Langdon, Co-respondent, Says He's Greatest Man in the World.

NEW THOUGHT TREATMENT

Mr. Sears Placed His Hand on Her Head and Maintained Silence for Ten Minutes.

Miss Pauline Langdon, named as co-respondent in the divorce suit brought by Dr. Julia Seton Sears, founder of the New Thought Church, against Frank W. Sears, resumed the witness stand in Justice Giegerich's part of the Supreme Court yesterday and told the court and an attentive audience just what the mental healing treatments were that she had received from Mr. Sears on that return trip across the Atlantic in the Fall of 1913. Miss Langdon said that the treatments consisted of Mr. Sears's laying his hand upon her head and maintaining a prolonged silence. This silence, she said, would remain unbroken for nearly ten minutes. When it was terminated she would feel better and would pay Mr. Sears $2.

Edward T. Hiscox, counsel for Mrs. Sears, called forth a rhetorical outburst from Miss Langdon by asking her if she did not think she had done Mrs. Sears an injury by her conduct with the defendant.

"This is not a divorce trial," cried Miss Langdon, her voice rising rapidly. "It is a fight for power. Mrs. Sears is not jealous of me. She is jealous of Mr. Sears's success, but she would crucify me if she could.

"And you, Mr. Hiscox," she continued, despite all efforts to check her, "have a personal antipathy against us, being a member of her church. Mrs. Sears is jealous of the position she has lost in the church. She wants it back again, and she wants to persecute me. I am the victim. In theory Mrs. Sears is a great woman, but in practice she is not. She has outraged every principle she pretends to represent, and the whole world knows it. She has persecuted me with a relentless malice."

The court rapped for order, but Miss Langdon would not stop until she had delivered this eulogy:

"Mr. Sears is the greatest man in the world, and has preached the greatest truth in the world."

Miss Langdon then subsided and left the stand, and Mr. Sears, recalled, denied that he had met Miss Langdon alone in a room at Aeolian Hall. He denied, also, that he had eaten a midnight meal with Miss Langdon, or with anybody else, and said that his arm had never been around Miss Langdon in Central Park. He said he had not met Miss Langon at the time he separated from Mrs. Sears.

The trial of the divorce suit came to an end at noon yesterday. Justice Giegerich reserved decision on a motion to have the complaint dismissed, and allowed the attorneys ten days in which to submit briefs on the points of law involved. Just before the trial ended the Justice suggested that Morris Bramowitz, the chauffeur who testified that he had taken Mr. Sears and Miss Langdon to various hotels, might possibly be apprehended on a charge of perjury.

Bramowitz identified Mr. Sears and Miss Langdon positively as a couple he had driven to various hotels, but after Mr. Sears had denounced him in court

CAN'T SPLIT THIS TAX BILL.

Neither Can Interest Be Collected for Fifteen Years.

The smallest tax bill that the city collects is charged against a piece of Staten Island realty. At the junction of Depew Avenue and Brighton Street, Tottenville, there is a plot of ground 4 feet 4 inches by 3 feet and ¼ inch. The yearly assessment on it is $1, and the tax amounts to only 1 cent a year.

Receiver of Taxes Frederick H. E. Ebstein was notified yesterday by his Richmond Borough Deputy that the tax on the plot had not been paid. It is Lot No. 1,229 of the Fifth Ward, Vol. 1, and Block No. 29 on the real estate map.

The law provides that 7 per cent. interest shall be imposed on tax bills not paid by May 31, and that owners may pay yearly taxes in two installments. In this case it is impossible for the owner to pay his taxes in two parts, for the smallest coin made by Uncle Sam is the 1-cent piece. Even the 7 per cent. interest cannot be charged, as it would be almost fifteen years before the interest would be equal to the principal.

Meantime the city is losing money, and Receiver Ebstein is wondering what he can do about it.

Auto Victim Brodie L. Duke's Son.

W. W. Duke, the young man who was drowned on Wednesday near Park City, Utah, when he was thrown from his automobile into a swollen creek, was a son of Brodie L. Duke, it was said yesterday at the home of J. B. Duke at Raritan, N. J. Brodie L. Duke, who is a half-brother of J. B. Duke, is a tobacco manufacturer of Durham, N. C.

CLYSMIC

"King of Table Waters"

The mineral salts in Clysmic were placed there by nature, not artificially added

ARMOUR & Co.

ARMOUR carries perishable goods.
That's why they use

MACK & SAURER TRUCKS

They can be depended on for consistent delivery service.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY
General Offices, West End Ave. and 64th St., N. Y.

TASTED EVERYTHING HE ATE

How often do we feel annoyed and inconvenienced by the taste of food we have eaten? Invariably it can be laid to an overloaded system. Hercules Water, the great natural laxative, should be taken twice a week to flush out the system. Ask your druggist for it—it's the best. For samples write to Eisner-Mendelson Company, New York.—Adv.

CHICAGO LIMITED

Leave New York 2 P. M. Arrive Chicago 2 P. M. Via Lackawanna-Michigan Central.

ALL steel, electric lighted sleepers.
Ticket Offices:
Broadway
Cor. Wall St. Cor. 28th St.
Cor. Howard St. Cor. 42d St.
Brooklyn—505 Fulton St.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE

ALL-THE-WAY-BY-WATER

DIRECT TO

PORTLAND
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MOST DELIGHTFUL SHORT SEA TRIP ANYWHERE

OCEAN GOING STEEL STEAMSHIPS
"NORTH STAR" and "NORTH LAND"
Satisfying passenger and freight service

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, SATURDAYS
FROM PIER 19 NORTH RIVER at 5 P.M.
A 390 mile trip on salt water, due Portland following day at 3 P.M.

Season 1914

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

Perfect Fitting Ankle Hugging — *Just the Thing For Low Shoes*

Holeproof Hosiery FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Smart, trim, stylish, sheer and thin, they will grace a ballroom as well as they'll stand the wear and tear of Tennis, Golf, Walking or Climbing—Buy six pairs to-day at a Brill Store and wear them ALL SUMMER AND ALL FALL, right up to THANKSGIVING DAY—we will replace with new ones free any that show holes, for

6 Pairs are Guaranteed to Wear 6 Months.

For Men, 6 pairs, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
Men's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for three months, $2
For Women and Children, 6 pairs, $2; Silk Lisle for Women, $3
Women's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for 3 months, $3
We are New York Agents. Mail and Phone Orders Promptly Filled.

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INTER Interwoven TOE-HEEL **WOVEN**

Be sure they are marked INTERWOVEN.

The best wearing sock ever made

Visualizing the News.

On returning from the wilds of Brazil, Col. Roosevelt, looking about him at Sagamore Hill, feelingly remarked that no spot he had seen in all his travels was so attractive to him as his home. Beautiful photographs of that home, exterior and interior, taken last week will be reproduced exclusively in the Picture Section of next Sunday's Times.

Miss Belle Willard, daughter of the United States Ambassador to Spain, will be married next week to Kermit Roosevelt in Madrid. A new and striking portrait of Miss Willard by the celebrated Paul Chabas, who painted "September Morn," will be reproduced in the Picture Section of The Sunday Times.

New Yorkers are manifesting keenest interest in the international polo match at Meadow Brook next week between the American champions and the stalwart, hopeful cup-lifters sent over by Great Britain.

Photographs of exceptional composition, showing the American defenders in vigorous practice for the great event, will be among the numerous other features of Sunday's Pictorial Section.

The liveliest news of the day, the leading channels of thought and action, whether at home or abroad, are thus visualized and made real for the reader through the pictures reproduced in The Sunday Times from week to week.

Place your order today.

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BASEBALL---NEW JERSEY AND WOMEN'S GOLF---DOG SHOW---TURF

FEDERAL FIGHT FOR PITCHER BLANDING

Kansas City Club to Seek Injunction Against Cleveland "Jumper."

CHICAGO, June 4.—The Kansas City Federal League Club today served notice on Pitcher Blanding, of the Cleveland Americans, to appear before Judge Foell, in the Superior Court here, next Monday, when it intends to move that a temporary injunction be granted restraining him from playing with Cleveland or any club other than the Kansas City Federals.

Blanding, the Kansas City Club will try to show, signed a contract with it and received $2,500 advance money, but before the season opened "jumped" his contract, though it had no "ten-day clause," and returned to the Cleveland Club.

The hearing is to come before the same Judge who yesterday decided against the Kansas City Club in the Johnson case, the Cincinnati Nationals in that suit occupying the same place that the Kansas City Club does here, according to Federal League counsel. The Federals claim credit for notifying Blanding, saying that the same courtesy was not shown Johnson.

It was Blanding's return to the Cleveland Club that caused President Gilmore to permit the Kansas City Club to "go after any players under contract." The reserve rule, which held Blanding to Cleveland, will be a factor in the new suit which did not come up in the Johnson case.

MARSANS MUST SEE HERZOG.

Herrmann Declines to Settle Contract Demands of Cuban Player.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 4.—After a talk with Armando Marsans, the Cincinnati outfielder, who was suspended indefinitely yesterday by Manager Herzog for demanding a new contract, President August Herrmann, of the Cincinnati Club, declared today he would not take any action in the matter. He said he told Marsans that the affair is up to Herzog, and that if he wanted to do anything he should get in communication with the manager, who is on his way East today with the Cincinnati team. Marsans said he would think it over, according to Herrmann.

Previous to his conference with Herrmann, Marsans said he would remain here ten days and report each morning to the baseball office, and if no order is received from Herzog at the end of that time he would go to his home in Cuba.

CHICAGO, June 4.—With the statement that the "Federal League is thoroughly satisfied that the contract containing the ten-day clause are iniquitous and that we are ready at all times to negotiate with any player whose contract contains it," President Gilmore today answered a query from Cincinnati as to whether the Federal League would take part in the differences between the Cincinnati National League Club and Player Marsans. Marsans, according to the query, gave the Cincinnati Club "ten days' notice" that he was going to leave it. Gilmore replied to this answer that he was not fully aware of all particulars in the Marsans case.

In spite of the Superior Court's adverse decision in the Johnson case, the Federal League, it is assured, will use the pitcher in games outside Chicago.

National League Bulletin.

John K. Tener, President of the National League, announced yesterday that the following contracts and releases have been approved:

Contracts—With Brooklyn, J. C. Schultz, 1915, 1916, 1917; with Pittsburgh, G. H. Rogers.

Releases—By Boston to Indianapolis A. A., Thomas H. Griffith; by Boston to Brooklyn, N. L., C. O. Kraft; by Brooklyn to Newark, I. L., C. O. Kraft; by Chicago to Cincinnati, N. L., Elmer Koestner; by Chicago to Davenport, I. I. L., Jesse Barnes; by Chicago to Atlanta, S. A., Emil Tyree; by Cincinnati to Victoria, N. W. L., Alfred Harveson; by New York, unconditionally, Richard R. Cotter; by St. Louis to St. Paul A. A., W. B. Hopper.

Frank Schmitt was returned to Boston by Montreal on May 25.

Baseball News in Brief.

The Yankees left for Chicago yesterday, where they will open a series tomorrow with the White Sox. They will not come back to the Polo Grounds until July 2, Ed Sweeny, the catcher, who has been ill with grip, is at his home in Chicago, and will be able to play in the coming series.

The Giants returned from a disastrous trip to Philadelphia yesterday. The double-header was postponed on account of rain, and Secretary Heydler announced that these games would be played in Philadelphia on Sept. 12 and 13. McGraw's team opens with St. Louis at the Polo Grounds today. The double-header will be visited by all of the Western clubs during the present stay.

There will be "Girls' High School Day" at Ebbets Field to-day, and a delegation of young women, with Dr. Wm. L. Felter, Principal, will witness the game with the Chicago Cubs. Tomorrow Shannon's band will give a band concert at Ebbets Field.

President Thomas of the Cubs is here with the team. Many Chicago fans still believe that Charles W. Murphy has some interest in the club, because of the fact that Mr. Thomas was closely allied with him during his reign. Mr. Thomas, however, has stated so often that the club is solely the property of Charles P. Taft of Cincinnati that he is tired of repeating the statement.

Today will be "Ladies' Day" at Washington Park, where the Brookfeds will play Buffalo. Every Friday, hereafter, will be known as "Ladies' Day."

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
AT KANSAS CITY.

Chicago	0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 0	4	12 4
Kansas City	2 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	5	9 1

Batteries—Sherman, Fisk, Lange and Wilson; Block, Stone, and Easterly.

AT ST. LOUIS.

Indianapolis	0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 3	7	13 2
St. Louis	1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 2	6	8 4

Batteries—Moseley and Rariden; Keupper and Simon.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New England League.

All games postponed; rain.

Eastern Association.

All games postponed; rain.

New York State League.

All games postponed; rain.

Tri-State League.

All games postponed; rain.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Milwaukee, 6; Minneapolis, 2.
At Columbus—Columbus, 8; Indianapolis, 6.
Other games postponed; rain.

Southern Association.

At Nashville—Nashville, 3; Birmingham, 2.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 6; Mobile, 5.
At Memphis—Montgomery, 5; Memphis, 3.
At Atlanta—Atlanta, 9; New Orleans, 6.

Virginia League.

At Portsmouth—Richmond, 6; Portsmouth, 4.
At Roanoke—Norfolk, 3; Roanoke, 0.
At Petersburg—Newport News, 3; Petersburg, 1.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Washington at New York—rain.
Philadelphia at Boston—rain.
St. Louis at Detroit—rain.
Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at Philadelphia—rain.
Boston at Brooklyn—rain.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh—rain.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Buffalo at Brooklyn—rain.
Baltimore at Pittsburgh—rain.
Kansas City, 5; Chicago, 4.
Indianapolis, 7; St. Louis, 6.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City at Newark—rain.
Rochester at Buffalo—rain.
Montreal at Toronto—rain.
Providence, 2; Baltimore, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	25	15	.625
Washington	26	16	.619
Detroit	25	18	.581
St. Louis	21	19	.523
Boston	19	22	.464
Chicago	19	25	.432
New York	17	23	.425
Cleveland	14	28	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	23	13	.639
Cincinnati	26	17	.605
Pittsburgh	21	17	.552
Brooklyn	18	19	.486
Chicago	21	22	.488
St. Louis	21	24	.467
Philadelphia	17	20	.459
Boston	11	26	.297

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	22	14	.611
Chicago	21	18	.538
Brooklyn	17	16	.515
Indianapolis	18	19	.487
Buffalo	17	18	.486
Pittsburgh	18	20	.474
St. Louis	19	23	.452
Kansas City	19	23	.452

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Buffalo	25	12	.676
Rochester	22	14	.611
Baltimore	23	15	.605
Providence	19	17	.528
Newark	16	16	.485
Toronto	16	18	.471
Jersey City	12	24	.333
Montreal	11	27	.290

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis at New York.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Boston.
Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
St. Louis at Detroit—2 games.
Cleveland at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City at Newark.
Providence at Baltimore.
Montreal at Toronto.
Rochester at Buffalo.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Buffalo at Brooklyn.
Baltimore at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at Indianapolis.
St. Louis at Kansas City.

ONE HIT OFF SCOTT.

Joe Jackson Spoils No-Hit Game for White Sox Pitcher.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Scott allowed only two Cleveland players to reach first base today. One got a hit and the other drew a pass. Both were thrown out stealing. Jackson was the man who spoiled Scott's chance of a no-hit game. He opened the second inning with a single to left. Chicago's runs were scored in the first inning. Weaver singled and Blackburn sacrificed. Weaver moved up on a passed ball and Collins walked. Collins was caught off first base by Blanding and when Johnston hit Blanding with the ball trying to catch Weaver off third, the latter scored. Collins took second and scored on Chase's single. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Weaver, ss.	4	1	1	2	0
Blurn, 2b.	3	0	0	2	4
Demmitt, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Collins, rf.	2	1	1	3	0
Chase, 1b.	3	0	1	8	1
Bodie, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Schalk, c.	3	0	0	8	2
Alcock, 3b.	3	0	0	1	3
Scott, p.	3	0	0	1	3
Total	28	2	5	27	11

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Liebold, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
H'ford, ss.	3	0	0	0	2
Graney, lf.	3	0	0	2	0
J'kson, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
Lajoie, 2b.	3	0	0	5	4
J'ston, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
Turner, 3b.	3	0	0	2	3
O'Neill, c.	2	0	0	2	3
Bland'g, p.	2	0	0	0	3
*Lelivelt	1	0	0	0	0
†Bassler	1	0	0	0	0
Total	26	0	1	24	15

*Batted for O'Neill in ninth inning.
†Batted for Blanding in ninth inning.
Errors—Leibold, Graney, Johnston, O'Neill, (2).

Chicago	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Sacrifice hit—Blackburn. Stolen base—Chase. Left on bases—Chicago, 4. Bases on balls—Off Scott, 1; off Blanding, 1. Struck out—By Scott, 1; by Blanding, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

International League.
AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	8	0
Baltimore	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	4	0

(Game called at the end of seventh inning on account of darkness.)

Batteries—Comstock and Kocher; Ruth and Egan.

All other games were postponed on account of rain.

Amateur Bouts Postponed.

Notwithstanding the fact that fifty entries had been received from eight metropolitan clubs for the amateur boxing tournament scheduled to be decided last night and tomorrow night at the New Polo Athletic Association in Harlem, the management of the clubhouse had to cancel the show. Representatives from the Glencoe A. C., Trinity Club, Boys' Club, Pastime A. C., and several other local organizations were to have boxed in the different classes, chief interest centring around the heavyweight class, in which William Spengler, Union Settlement A. C., the metropolitan title holder; W. White, a clubmate, and G. Birdsall of the Ossining A. C. were scheduled to appear. Even with this enticing schedule of bouts the event failed to create enough interest among followers of local amateur boxing to warrant holding the show, and at 8 o'clock last night, when the first bout was scheduled to go on, the attendance was so small that the management of the club announced they had decided to postpone the bouts until June 20.

Lipton Yacht for Panama Races.

LONDON, June 5.—Sir Thomas Lipton has placed an order with Charles E. Nicholson, designer of Shamrock IV., for a twelve-meter racing yacht to compete in the Panama-Pacific Exposition regatta.

Baseball, Washington Park, 3:30 P. M. Today, Brooklyn Feds. vs. Buffalo Feds.—Adv.

VAN VLECK BEST IN JERSEY GOLF

Baltusrol Player Qualifies Five Strokes Better Than His Nearest Competitors.

Charles E. Van Vleck, Jr., of Baltusrol spread-eagled his field with an exceptional score of 75 in the qualifying round of the annual championship tournament of the New Jersey State Golf Association over the links of the Morris County Golf Club yesterday. This score, made in a downpour of rain, was 5 strokes better than the trio of next nearest contenders. They were Oswald Kirkby, the Metropolitan titleholder; W. E. Shackelford, of Atlantic City, and Max Behr, of the home club.

Eighty-four drove off in the qualifying round and when the last card had been returned it was found that three players, Maurice Risley, of Atlantic City; E. M. Barnes, of Englewood, and William Watson, of Baltusrol, with scores of 85, had tied for last place in the championship division. The playoff was a thriller. At the first hole Watson had to take a penalty stroke when he accidently touched his ball as he took his stance for the approach. Even then he managed to lay the next shot sufficiently close to hole the putt and get a halve in 4 with the other two. At the second hole Watson drove into a bunker and that ended his chances. Risley and Barnes halved in 3 and they also divided the third in 3, each man bringing off a putt of about fifteen feet. Barnes then drove two balls out of bounds and gave up the hole.

Because of the big field and the consequent delays it was found possible to run off only the first match round in the first two sixteens. With regard to the other divisions conditions were changed so as to provide for 18-hole rounds.

The most protracted contest of the day was that between Van Vleck and Behr. When they came to the home green they were all square and it was necessary to continue for five more holes before Van Vleck won. Oswald Kirky met Maraden and defeated the Baltusrol man by a 2 and 1 margin.

In the club competition coincident with the qualifying round the Morris County team with an aggregate total of 227 won the banner. Baltusrol with 833 came second. The scores:

Qualifying Round.—Charles E. Van Vleck, Jr., Baltusrol, 75; W. E. Shackelford, Atlantic City, 80; Oswald Kirkby, Englewood, 80; Max H. Behr, Morris County, 80; Wallace N. Sinclair, Baltusrol, 81; W. P. Letchford, Morris County, 82; A. J. Swoyer, Morris County, 82; Edwin M. Wild, Cranford, 82; Roy D. Webb Englewood, 82; Wynant D. Vanderpool, Morris County, 83; A. J. Feuchtwanger, Canoe Brook, 83; D. B. Dougherty, Princeton, 83; Maxwell E. Marston, Baltusrol, 84; F. W. L. Fullerton, Baltusrol, 84; Devereux Lord, Haworth, 84; Maurice E. Risley, Atlantic City, 85; William Watson, Baltusrol, 85; E. M. Barnes, Englewood, 85; J. B. Bradshaw, Morris County, 86; T. B. Richardson, Morris County, 86; Frederick H. Thomas, Morris County, 86; J. N. Stearns, 3d, Somerville, 87; C. Kohler, Ridgewood, 87; T. P. Endicott, Atlantic City, 87; F. W. Baldwin, Glen Ridge, 87; R. W. Maine, Jr., Hackensack, 87; Morgan K. Smith, Morris County, 88; P. Holden, Jr., Madison, 88; Alfred Morrell, Hackensack, 88; A. A. Gussman, Forest Hill, 89; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 89; J. T. Gillespie, Morris County, 89; W. E. F. Moore, Canoe Brook, 89; A. L. Merserau, Glen Ridge, 89; Eads Johnson, Montclair, 90; Dr. D. W. Granberry, Baltusrol, 90; M. T. Adams, Morris County, 90; P. H. B. Freilinghuysen, Morris County, 90; J. J. Radel, Forest Hill, 90; A. C. Pratt, Montclair, 90; R. R. Williams, Jr., Morris County, 91; J. I. Simmons, Montclair, 91; W. T. Glenney, Plainfield, 91; Dr. J. W. Westney, Atlantic City, 91; H. L. Holmes, Essex County, 92; J. H. McDonald, Essex County, 92; J. F. Taylor, Essex County, 93; H. R. Townsend, Baltusrol, 93; H. W. Ford, Morris County, 93; J. P. Kellogg, Ramson, 94; Frederick C. Reynolds, Essex County, 94; Harry deSwaldon, Atlantic City, 94; C. B. Wilcox, Westfield, 94; Edward Shippen, Morris County, 95; R. D. Graham, Morris County, 95; R. S. Rowland, Plainfield, 95; Elihu Chauncey, Essex County, 96; John G. Bates, Morris County, 97; C. F. Watson, Baltusrol, 97; J. B. Griswold, Morris County, 97; C. W. O'Connor, Essex County, 98; Paul R. Fielding, Forest Hill, 98; C. W. Schwin, Glen Ridge, 98; O. L. Gubelman, Essex County, 99; H. L. Servoss, Madison; 99; Theodore Keer, Baltusrol, 100; R. D. Reynolds, Essex County, 100; H. W. Garner, Princeton, 103; A. C. Puddington, Madison, 103; Livingston Whitney, Morris County, 105; S. H. Plum, 2d, Madison, 105; R. D. Chandler, Baltusrol, 105; Carl Martin, Baltusrol, 107; Max Fleischman, Morris County, 106; G. S. Wheeler, Plainfield, 107; O. M. Weston, Essex County, 107; Gerome Paul, Hackensack, 109.

MATCH PLAY.

Championship Division, First Round.—Fullerton beat Feuchtwanger, 4 up and 3 to play; Vanderpool beat Letchford, 2 up and 1 to play; Van Vleck beat Behr, 1 up, (23 holes); Risley beat Sinclair, 2 up and 1 to play; Swords beat Wild, 4 up and 3 to play; Douglas beat Webb, 3 up and 1 to play; Kirkby beat Marston, 2 up and 1 to play; Lord beat Shackelford, 6 up and 4 to play.

Second Sixteen.—Smith beat Barnes, 4 up and 2 to play; Endicott beat Bradshaw, 3 up and 2 to play; Pyne beat Holden, 3 up and 1 to play; Stearns beat Gillespie, 5 up and 4 to play; Gussman beat Kohler, 3 up; Baldwin beat Morrell, 5 up and 4 to play; Watson beat Thomas, 1 up, (19 holes;) Maine beat Richardson, 2 up and 1 to play.

Honors for N. Y. U. Athletes.

The Executive Committee of the New York University Athletic Association yesterday granted the "Varsity "N. Y. U." to eleven members of the baseball team and nine members of the track squad, including the manager of each of the two teams. The privilege of wearing their class numerals was conferred upon six members of the baseball squad and ten track athletes. Those receiving the "Varsity "N. Y. U." for baseball were: Capt. William A. Lynch, '14; E. Woolf, '15; H. Frau, '16; J. McIntyre, '15; Keenan McNally, '15; W. Kranichfeld, '17; R. McCulloch, '16; E. Carr, '15, L.; F. J. Burke, '17; W. O. Partisch, '14, and H. K. Young, '14, manager. The "N. Y. U." for track to: Capt. R. A. Van Cliff, '14; Victor Nichtauer, '14; W. McGowan, '14 C.; Alvin F. Lent, '15; Walter G. Many, '15; Elwood E. O'Donnell, '15, Captain-elect for next year's team; Norman S. Tyler, '16 C.; R. Barber, '17, and E. G. Wunderlich, '14, manager. Class numerals for baseball to: M. J. White, '16; R. Freitag, '17; R. Triplett, '14 C.; N. S. Tyler, '16 C.; L. S. Davidson, '17, and F. J. Kohl, '15, assistant manager. Class numerals for baseball to: F. E. Kaplan, '15 C.; W. Stockfish, '17; Cephas Brainerd 4th, '14; R. S. Sherman, '17; Phillips Carlin, '16; L. Campagnoli, '16; S. B. Many, '17; T. R. Racoosin, '16 C.; W. J. Bleckwenn, '17, and E. A. Sears, '15, assistant manager.

Wants Soccer in Olympic Games.

Dr. G. Randolph Manning, President of the United States Football Association, to which position he was re-elected last Saturday, sailed yesterday on the steamship Berlin of the North German Lloyd Line for Paris, where he will attend the meeting of the International Olympic Committee, at which he will represent the American Olympic Committee as association football delegate. The meeting at the French capital takes place on June 18. Dr. Manning stated before sailing that he had strong hopes of America sending a team to compete in the international soccer competition to be held as a part of the Olympic programme at Berlin in 1916.

"MET" WOMEN WIN.

Boston Team Again Defeated for Griscom Golf Cup.

The team of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association came out a winner over that of the Women's Golf Association of Boston yesterday, when the second of the tri-city matches for the Griscom Cup was played over the links of the Greenwich Country Club. The Metropolitan combination won eleven matches as against ten for Boston. Five matches were defaulted by the women of the Boston team on account of rain.

Miss Margaret Curtis, a former national champion, who had a severe cold, defaulted to Miss Georgianna M. Bishop of Brooklawn. For similar reasons Mrs. E. C. Wheeler, Jr., and Miss C. L. Duncan declined to start. In the foursomes Boston allowed two matches to go by default.

On the Metropolitan side two forfeitures took place; Miss Lillian B. Hyde, the Metropolitan champion, and Miss Marion Hollins, former title holder, being forced to abandon a contemplated trip in a motor boat across the Sound from their homes because of the rough water. They had to come by automobile, and were unable to reach the club until after noon.

In actual matches, Metropolitan and Boston broke even in the singles, each winning five. The same was true of the foursomes later in the day. Particular attention was paid to the matches between Mrs. H. A. Jackson and Miss H. S. Curtis, the Boston leaders, and Miss Hyde and Mrs. Lawrence Swift from New York, the first winning by 2 up and 1 to play. The match was even until the sixteenth hole. The summary:

INDIVIDUALS.

Metropolitan.—Miss Lillian B. Hyde, 0; Miss Georgianna M. Bishop, 1; Mrs. N. Pendleton Rogers, 0; Mrs. Lawrence Swift, 0; Mrs. W. J. Faith, 1; Miss Marion Hollins, 0; Mrs. M. H. Frayne, 0; Mrs. A. S. Rossin, 1; Miss Bertha Stratton, 1; Mrs. Howard E. Whitney, 1; Mrs. H. R. Stockton, 1; Mrs. E. F. Sanford, 0; Miss Louise F. Krug, 1; Mrs. A. G. Cahn, 1; Mrs. L. F. F. Wanner, 0. Total, 8.

Boston.—Mrs. H. A. Jackson, 1; Miss Margaret Curtis, 0; Miss Fannie C. Osgood, 1; Miss Harriott S. Curtis, 1; Mrs. E. C. Wheeler, Jr., 0; Mrs. G. W. Roope, 1; Miss Elizabeth Porter, 1; Miss Anne Nason, 0; Miss Louisa J. Wells, 0; Mrs. F. W. Batchelder, 0; Miss K. F. Duncan, 0; Mrs. Edwin W. Daley, 1; Mrs. A. McGregor, 0; Miss C. L. Duncan, 0; Miss Ruth Hichborn, 1. Total, 7.

Summary of Match Play.—Mrs. Jackson beat Miss Hyde by default; Miss Bishop beat Miss Curtis by default; Miss Osgood beat Mrs. Rogers, 4 and 3; Miss H. Curtis beat Mrs. Swift, 4 and 2; Mrs. Faith beat Mrs. Wheeler by default; Mrs. Roope beat Miss Hollins by default; Miss Porter beat Mrs. Frayne, 6 and 5; Mrs. Rossin beat Miss Nason, 2 and 1; Miss Stratton beat Miss Wells, 3 and 2; Mrs. Whitney beat Mrs. Batchelder, up; Mrs. Stockton beat Miss K. F. Duncan, 4 and 3; Mrs. Krug beat Mrs. Sanford, 2 up; Miss Krug beat Mrs. McGregor, 4 and 3; Mrs. Cahn beat Miss C. L. Duncan by default; Miss Hichborn beat Mrs. Wanner 3 and 4.

FOURSOMES.

Metropolitan.—Miss Hyde and Mrs. Swift, 0; Miss Bishop and Mrs. Stockton, 1; Mrs. Faith and Miss Hollins, 0; Mrs. Cahn and Mrs. Whitney, 0; Mrs. Rossin and Miss Krug, 1; Miss Stratton and Mrs. Rogers, 1. Total, 3.

Boston.—Mrs. Jackson and Miss H. Curtis, 1; Mrs. Roope and Mrs. Daley, 0; Miss M. Curtis and Miss Hichborn, 1; Miss Porter and Miss Nason, 1; default, 0. Total, 3.

Summary of Match Play.—Mrs. Jackson and Miss H. Curtis beat Miss Hyde and Mrs. Swift, 2 and 1; Miss Bishop and Mrs. Stockton beat Mrs. Roope and Mrs. Daley, 4 and 3; Miss M. Curtis and Miss Hichborn beat Mrs. Faith and Miss Hollins, 4 and 2; Miss Porter and Miss Nason beat Mrs. Cahn and Mrs. Whitney, 3 and 2.

TOO WET FOR POLO PLAY.

American and English Teams Will Get Into Action Today.

Practice by the English polo team at Meadow Brook was canceled yesterday owing to rain. The practice match was to be on the international field and playing on the wet turf would have damaged it beyond immediate repair. The American team's practice also was canceled for the day. Weather permitting, both teams will play this afternoon. Players and ponies only took light exercise yesterday.

Joshua Crane of Boston, who has been the American umpire in two former international matches, has been selected to assist again. The English umpire and the referee, who is selected by both teams, will be named later. The name of the Duke of Penaranda is being suggested for this place.

Owing to inability to leave the capital at this juncture, President Wilson and Vice President Marshall have declined the invitations sent them by the President of the association in the international event. Acceptances have been received, however, from Secretary of War Harrison, Governor Tener of Pennsylvania, Gov. Glynn and Senator O'Gorman of New York, and Mayor Mitchel. Other notables will also be in attendance.

Eleven Balloons in St. Louis Race.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—Eleven entries for the elimination balloon race here July 11 were announced today by the St. Louis Aero Club. The list, the largest ever recorded for the national race, follows: Roy S. Donaldson, Springfield, Ill.; Jerome Kingsbury, New York City; R. A. G. Preston, Akron, Ohio; Arthur Atherholt, Philadelphia; H. E. Honeywell, Chicago; William Assmann, Paul J. McCullough, and Capt. John Berry, St. Louis; Warren Rasor, Brookville, Ohio, and John Watts, Kansas City, Mo.

Cole to Lead Amherst on Track.

Special to The New York Times.

AMHERST, Mass., June 4.—Harry Wing Cole, 1915, of Saratoga Springs, N. Y., was elected Captain of the Amherst track team for next season. Cole's strength lies in the sprints and quarter-mile. He has records of 10 seconds for the 100-yard dash and 22 seconds for the 220 yards, and has been on the track team for three years. Coleman Philip Herrschaft, 1915, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was elected manager of the gym team. Herrschaft is a member of the team and his strength lies in the parallel bars.

Miss Fenno and Miss Sears Win.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Miss Marian Fenno and Miss Eleanora Sears of Boston defeated the Misses Myers, Philadelphia, 6—3, 6—4, in the semi-final round of the championship doubles in the Pennsylvania and Eastern States Tennis Tournament today at Merion. Rain fell during the afternoon and the other matches in the championship event were postponed until tomorrow.

Pell and Wright in Final.

RICHMOND, Va., June 4.—T. R. Pell of New York and Irving Wright of Boston will play the final round in the men's singles here Saturday, the winner to meet Dr. Nat Thornton of Atlanta, present holder of the Old Dominion tennis tourney trophy. Miss Clare Cassell of New York and Miss Mary Wagner of New York, national indoor tennis champion, will contest for the privilege of meeting Mrs. Connie Sullivan of Richmond, holder of the title in women's singles. The surprise of today was the ease with which Irving Wright defeated Wylie Grant of New York, indoor champion, taking two straight sets, 6—2, 6—3. Pell had an even easier match with W. F. Harrity, Jr., of Philadelphia, defeating his man, 6—2, 6—1.

CHARLESTONIAN WON LARCHMONT STAKES

Speedy Three-Year-Old Then Leased to Run in $25,000 Canadian Derby.

As there are no such things as "double headers" in the racing game, the races were run off at Belmont Park yesterday in spite of the downpour in which the sport was begun. Strangely enough, too, a couple of thousand people, including a hundred or so venturesome women, were there to see the horses perform. The track was very sloppy, but firm underneath, as the very fair time made shows.

It was unfortunate that so good an event as the Larchmont, guaranteed to be worth $4,000 to the winner, was carded under such conditions. That Charlestonian, winner of the historic Withers, should have won it, carrying twelve pounds more than when he beat Old Rosebud, so impressed Henry Morris that he at once leased the racing qualities of the Woolsthorpe gelding for the Dorval Derby of $25,000, the great Canadian racing event of the Summer. In that race he will meet Pennant, the unbeaten Whitney colt, winner of the Futurity last year and of the Little Neck Handicap on Tuesday last, and then have a chance to prove just how good he is. After yesterday's race there came a belief that Charlestonian has been underrated, that he is a high-class three-year-old, and might have beaten Old Rosebud on his merits in the Withers had the latter stood up.

Thornhill and Gainer were about equal favorites for the stake, as good as 6 to 1 always to be had against Charlestonian. Early Rose and Figinny—the latter carrying 17 pounds more than he did in the Metropolitan, in which he ran second to Buskin—made the pace. Thornhill and Charlestonian were up behind the leaders, but well away from the flying mud showered at them until the turn into the stretch was made. Then, as Early Rose quit, Gainer, moving up from the outside, and Charlestonian passed Thornhill after a brief skirmish and overhauled Figinny. Gainer squeezed through next to the rail, and Charlestonian, escaping a pocket by the narrowest of margins, passed Thornhill, and both challenged Figinny. For a couple of hundred yards Gainer, Charlestonian, and Figinny ran stride for stride and so closely together that neither appeared to have the slightest advantage.

All three jockeys were using whips and spurs, and it was not until the last sixteenth pole we passed that Figinny cracked and Gainer showed in front for an instant. But Burlingame would not be denied. He shook Charlestonian up once more for the final effort. The big bay responded in true race-horse fashion, showing his gameness by coming away from the whip with a rush that sent him flying past the judges with daylight showing between him and Gainer. The latter finished gamely also, and snatched second honors from Figinny by about the same distance he was himself beaten. Figinny, tiring badly in the last hundred yards, lasted long enough to beat Thornhill with clear space between them.

Among the youngsters Kilkenny Boy and Albrena were winners of their respective events, the former a veritable mud lark as he spread-eagled the field of nine that ran, and with odds of 7 to 1 against him. He is from the stable of James Butler, which is showing up a fair lot of two-year-olds.

Albena was an even favorite with Hectograph for the third race, but made the Holland filly look pretty badly. Albena won by three lengths from Harlequin, who beat Roly only a half length after the latter had tested the going in all parts of the track, swerving from one side to the other and back again before his jockey could get him to run true.

Grover Hughes made a runaway race of the six furlongs selling race, running in front from start to finish, and clear of his field all the way.

Skibbereen, thanks to the clever handling of Allen, a Canadian jockey, won the Appleblossom in a rousing finish after F. Ambrose Clark's pair had led up to and over the last hurdle.

Capt. C. K. Rockwell, U. S. A., who had a bad fall at Piping Rock on Wednesday, came to the track to see the race and to convince his friends he was not badly hurt as was feared by the physicians. It was found no ribs were broken. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, at 15 pounds below the scale; $400 added; four and a half furlongs. Time—0:52 4-5.

Kilkenny Boy, James Butler's ch. c., by Hippodrome-Maid of Erin, 107 pounds, (Kederis,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1.....1¹⁴
*Trojan, Quincy Stable's ch. c., 107, (Schuttinger,) 12 to 1 and 3 to 1.....2²¹
*Double Eagle, Stable's ch. c., 111, (Burlingame,) 12 to 1 and 5 to 1.....3³
Sea Shell, Gloaming, Distant Shore, Fair Helen, Type, and Distance also ran.
*Coupled.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; $400 added, six furlongs. Time—1:13 4-5.

Governor Hughes, F. D. Weir's ch. g., 6 years, by Handsel-Stamen, 115 pounds, (McCabe,) 7 to 10 and out.....1¹⁵
Honey Bee, J. Whalen's b. f., 4, 105, (Fairbrother,) 5 to 1 and 7 to 5.....2²
Altamaha, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s, b. g., 6, 110, (Wolfe,) 4 to 1 and 7 to 5.....3³
Progressive and Phyllis Antoinette also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; for two-year-olds at 10 pounds under the scale; $400 added; five furlongs, straight. Time—1:01.

Albena, R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s b. g., by Star Shoot-Bella, 97 (Glendale, 90 pounds, (McCahey,) 8 to 5 and 3 to 5.....1¹
Harlequin, F. R. Hitchcock's b. g., 90, (Brady,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1.....2½
Roly, F. Johnson's b. c., 102, (Kederis,) 4 to 1 and 7 to 5.....3³
Hectograph and Royal Blue also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Eleventh running of the Larchmont Stakes for three-year-olds; guaranteed gross value, $5,000; special weights; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:53 3-5.

Charlestonian, J. W. Messeroy's b. g., by Woolsthorpe-Espionage, 127 pounds, (Burlingame,) 6 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1¹
Gainer, J. L. Holland's ch. c., 130, (Buxton,) 2 to 1 and 7 to 10.....2²
Figinny, G. A. Cochran's b. c., 114, (McCahey,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....3½½
Thornhill, Early Rose, and Black Broom also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Steeplechase for four-year-olds and upward; special weights; $500 added; about two miles. Time—4:26.

Skibbereen, Rai Parr's b. g., 4 years, by Hawkwick-Tregana, 132 pounds, (Allen,) 6 to 1 and 7 to 5.....1³
Lysander, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g., 4, 152, (Tighe,) 1 to 2 and out, (coupled with Meadow Lark).....2²
Meadow Lark, F. Ambrose Clark's b. g., 4, 132, (O'Brien).....3
Abdon fell and did not finish.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; for three-year-olds and upward; $500 added; one mile. Time—1:43 1-5.

Paton, A. P. Doyle's ch. r., 6 years, by Chuctanunda-Retaliation, 115 pounds, (McCainy,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1.....1²
Hermis, Jr., J. Korb's ch. g., 5, 112, (Butwell,) 15 to 1 and 5 to 1.....2²
Odella, R. C. Benson's br. m., 5, 105, (Kederis,) 7 to 1 and 5 to 2.....3³
Stonehenge, Sir Caledore, Mr. Sniggs, and Swish also ran.

YALE FRESHMEN SWAMPED.

Oarsmen Forced to Swim to Float—Too Rough for Rowing.

GALES FERRY, Conn., June 4.—The Yale crews did not go out on the Thames this evening on account of the rough water. Instead, the oarsmen were sent on a two-mile jaunt through the woods.

A squad of photographers and moving-picture operators invaded the quarters today. The black goat, abducted from the Harvard freshmen yesterday, was the centre of attraction. It developed tonight that Yale has not yet paid Harvard for the stolen mascot, as the Cambridge men have set too high a price upon his head. There is some talk of a suit being brought by the Harvard men to recover damages.

The two 'Varsity eights went to Haughton's Cove, across the river from the quarters, and paddled a few short stretches this morning. On the return the 'Varsity boat was swamped by the waves, which were running high, and the oarsmen were forced to jump overboard. They were only a short distance from the float, and swam ash

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1914.

ARBITRATION AND TOLLS REPEAL.

There can be no considerable harm in a joint resolution referring the differences over canal tolls to arbitration. If the Repeal bill passes as it came from the House, the resolution would fall to the ground, since the differences would vanish. If an amendment were adopted declaring that the repeal is not to be construed as an abandonment of the claim of the United States to a right to exempt its coastwise vessels, differences could arise only when the Congress should again change its course and enact exemption. By that time the attitude of the Senate might be modified as to arbitration. If, however, the Repeal bill should fail in the Senate, then undoubtedly the best thing that could be done would be to refer the controversy to arbitration. It would be the only possible policy consistent with national honor and plain fidelity to obligations.

If the resolution reported by the Foreign Relations Committee is pressed, it may serve to delay action on the Repeal bill, but it would be unreasonable to infer that that is the purpose of the majority of the committee, most of whom are in favor of repeal, and of unconditional repeal. There is at least this advantage in the action of the committee, that it tends to commit the Senate to an honorable disposition of the controversy should no simpler, more direct, and satisfactory method be feasible. It is well, however, to remember that, even if the occasion should arise for arbitration under this resolution—which requires only a majority vote—the agreement specifically to arbitrate would require a two-thirds vote, and that would be hard to get.

DRAFTING THE COLONEL.

Of course CHAUNCEY J. HAMLIN, BAINBRIDGE COLBY, H. S. WILKINSON, and other Bull Moose leaders in New York want Col. ROOSEVELT to run for Governor. Their activities yesterday in that behalf were the natural outcome of a desire not to see the Progressive Party reduced to competing with the Socialists for the booby prize in the coming election. Equally of course the Colonel does not want to run. The psychological effect on the voter of repeated defeats is a thing to be counted with in appraising a public man's standing.

Col. ROOSEVELT, who is as wise as a whole zoological garden of serpents, is perfectly well aware that a defeat for Governor, following on his defeat for President, would mean not merely a loss of prestige but an actual loss of votes in the campaign of 1916. He is perfectly sincere when he puts aside the dangerous crown. Aside from this, he is not merely the leader of his party in the State, but in the nation. This is the most important election year between 1912 and 1916, the year of the mid-Administration elections, the year in which, by the precedents of the past, the voters are to register their first verdict on the Wilson Administration and serve notice on its opponents whether they have or have not a good chance to turn it out. All over the country the Bull Moose is in need of its leader. The elections so far held may not indicate all that the Republicans hope they do, but they intimate unmistakably that the Progressive Party needs stiffening up. Whether or not these elections indicate that the Progressives are returning to the Republican Party, they certainly show that there is considerable apathy and hesitation among a large part of the Bull Moose rank and file, and nothing has occurred to dissipate it. The Colonel could dissipate it, the Bull Moose leaders from Pennsylvania to California imagine, and every megaphone, from FLINN'S to JOHNSON'S, is reverberating a call to him for help.

His presence in other States is needed, not only for the mere effect it will have in arousing the voters, but for the very practical effect in perfecting an organization. It is in this matter that the Progressives are weakest. The most crushing defeats that have been administered to them have been where they could not or did not organize, as in Michigan. And they have made little progress in organizing since those defeats. They need the Colonel as much for this as they do for spellbinding purposes. You cannot organize anything without advertisement, and the Colonel's presence is the advertisement needed.

If the Colonel confines himself to New York he will be abandoning the party in the nation in this its dire need. If he consents to run, but still goes West and campaigns for those who want him, who must have him, he will be incurring almost certain defeat in his own State, a defeat which will react most dangerously not only on his personal fortunes but on the future of his party. To take the nomination and then leave his canvass to drift while he goes to the rescue of his necessitous friends would be hardly less perilous than to leave them to their fate and fight only for his own election in New York.

Thus the Colonel's reasons for not wishing to run are politically sound. The urgent need for his running which is felt by the Colbys and Hamlins is now in collision with his wishes. They are talking of forcing him to run, of making such a demand that he will have to yield. Their talk of a "monster petition" will not frighten him; he knows how to deal with trumpery devices of that kind. But if they break away from him and force his nomination against his will he will have to yield. He cannot write a declination in which he can give his real reasons for declining, and to give any other would seem like running away and would dishearten his followers. Evidently it behooves him, if he can, to stop this movement at the beginning. If it gets too far along he will be nominated, and the future of his party in the nation, already dark, will be yet more cloudy with disaster.

UP-STATE DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

"It would be a monstrous injustice to "the up-State District Attorneys, and "to the up-State counties which se-"lected their District Attorneys," Gov. GLYNN replied Dec. 21 last, denying the request that Mr. WHITMAN have Statewide powers as a Deputy Attorney General to prosecute the highway graft cases. Twenty-seven up-State District Attorneys have failed to grant the request of the Honest Ballot Association that suspected ballots cast in the election to decide the holding of a Constitutional Convention in 1915 be not destroyed tomorrow, June 6.

The Supreme Court is not so afraid as Gov. GLYNN of injuring the feelings of these District Attorneys. Justice PHILBIN of the First Judicial District has ordered a Statewide preservation of the ballots, which will be duly scrutinized. Inasmuch as twenty-four election officials have been indicted and arrested in Mr. MURPHY'S district alone, there is good reason to believe that frauds have been perpetrated in districts up-State. By the way, did the people of those twenty-seven up-State counties really select their District Attorneys?

A NEW PHILIPPINES PLAN.

It appears that the scheme for giving to the Philippines qualified independence for a fixed period and complete independence at the close of that period is to be abandoned. Mr. JONES, the Chairman of the Committee on Insular Affairs, has framed a bill, which is said to have the assent of President WILSON, which replaces the wild scheme of two years ago by one which is much nearer sanity in some regards. Its chief feature is that it gives up entirely the fixing of a date for independence, and makes the grant of that depend on the success of the islanders in running the Government to the extent that it will be turned over to them.

There is to be, according to the new plan, a territorial Legislature of two houses to be elected by limited Filipino suffrage. An American Governor General will retain the veto power, but the Commission, which now constitutes the upper house, will be abolished. Power to make treaties or to enact tariff taxes will be withheld from the Legislature. Details of the bill are lacking, and it is not known what disposition is made of the police power, a matter of the greatest importance. Much also will depend on the terms fixed for the exercise of the suffrage. Obviously the uncivilized tribes cannot be admitted to vote, and the conditions that would shut them out must, in all likelihood, be those of property and education. In other words, in the present condition of the islands, the Government would largely be turned over to a relatively small class, hitherto composed of, or led by, the native politicians. At best the new plan would be a remote approach to that self-government of which its authors are professedly enamored.

There is little chance that anything will be done with the bill at this session, even in the House of Representatives, where Mr. JONES intends to press it. Much will depend on the attitude of the President toward the measure. That it has his general approval is probable, but he has too much on his hands of a different and more pressing nature to be inclined to make this one of his own plans. The country is to be congratulated that at any rate the hazardous scheme of definite independence is given up.

HUMBUG.

SEARS, the New Thought exponent whose marital troubles are figuring in the newspapers, illustrated a common habit among the "advanced" when, in reply to a reminder from his cross-examiner that he had a wife, he said, "In the eyes of God I never was a married man." What is there about the various schools of scatterbrain thinking that makes common this jaunty and familiar spokesmanship for the Almighty? They have evolved a patter of their own in which this form of speech holds a prominent place. It is a translation of ordinary and disagreeable facts of every-day life into terms of sanctimonious blasphemy. The meaning is as simple when reduced to plain English as the pompous disguise of it is offensive. If one of these persons means to state the plain fact, "Our marriage was a failure from the first," he translates it into, "In the eyes of God I never was a married man." If another wishes to state the equally simple fact, "I loved a woman whom I could "not marry, therefore I disregarded "the laws of the State," he says, "We were married in the sight of God." The foggier the school, the more readily it seems to generate this form of cant.

The Pecksniff of former days disgusted honest people by dragging in the name of God to deck his own virtues; the modern Pecksniff of the upstart philosophies drags in the same name to sanctify his vices, or at least his irregularities, and there is a defiant blatancy about his way of doing it that is infinitely more offensive than was the smug hypocrisy of his predecessor. Sanctimoniousness is even less pleasing when it is heterodox than when it is orthodox.

GEORG BRANDES ON LIBERTY.

"Is that all the liberty you have?" GEORG BRANDES retorted when asked to admire the Goddess of Liberty in the harbor. Like President BUTLER, Mr. BRANDES thinks the American people are being regulated and restricted; that the condition is the worse in that they are regulating and restricting themselves. In social and industrial life they are enslaved. There is the slavery of the telephone; compared with its torture of insistent calls the "mediaeval rack and thumbscrews were playthings." No one can be alone to have time to think. Men work in droves, and on passenger trains men and women sleep in droves.

But the great critic is not quite cynical. He exclaims at the "public safety accorded your women," who may go anywhere without insult because "you have clean minds here in America." America, like old Venice and Florence, is not only the home of merchants, but is possessed of a sense of beauty and rich in art, the flower of a civilization which is rich in money. It is significant that he picks out Chicago with its stockyards, that recall to him the horrors of the French Revolution, for the praise of American painting displayed in that city's art galleries. They are better attended, in proportion to population, than New York's galleries.

THE TRIALS OF THE DEFENDERS.

A good race is a better test of a boat than a bad beating. When boats are seconds apart on elapsed time over a cup trial course there is promise of yachting fun ahead. When the new Herreshoff production beats by a quarter of a minute the Gardner pretender to primacy, which had won by a quarter of an hour, there is a guarantee that the second best boat is a wonder, and that the heir apparent as the defender of the cup will race true to form. That the defender may be chosen in the manner in which the second race was won, and that the cup may be retained in the same manner, will be the true sportsman's wish. The building of better boats is the object of the races rather than the retention of the cup. Many would rather see it go across the pond, again to be recaptured by the creation of another marine masterpiece, rather than that it should be retained by technicalities in the construction of a deed, or by a victory which did not prove incontestable superiority.

Yesterday the British "nautical crime" took its first spin, under conditions not well adapted to show its qualities. All these marine wonders are fast alone, and "play horse" with anything else afloat which goes by wind power. They must be tested by their kind before any judgment can be formed regarding their speed. Judged by her pictures, Shamrock IV. is a brute of a boat. Looking at her stem she might be a coal barge, except for the towering stick which spreads her canvas and hints at the gait of a true goddess of the sea. Bows on she looks bluff because she is built to sail on her side, and the side lines are made as long as possible. These ridiculous racers lie down to their work, whereas true sailormen—and landlubbers aboard as well—like their craft to stand up under sail. It is hardly necessary to say why good carriers of either cargo or passengers move best on an even keel, as near as may be. There is nothing humorous about a cargo shifted in a storm, or about a deck which cannot be walked with comfort and safety in ordinary conditions of wind and sea. But these thoroughbreds are not built to carry anything except the tons in their fin keels, and their decks are useful only for the preposterous crews necessary to handle their impossible spars and canvas.

Anybody could tell that the old boats were handsome. They were things of life and beauty, rising to the seas they rode as a gull rides the gale. These modern triumphs move with a leaden foot, smashing through the waves under impulse of an acre of cloth which even their skippers are not crazy enough to spread under a good gale for a natural boat to get a move on, and never start a yarn. But they "beat the rule," and they beat each other, and their lines have their beauty to an educated eye, however insulting to the intelligence of simple sailors. They value a boat for service, and like dry decks beneath their feet, and a credit in bank when the voyage is over. But this is a killjoy philosophy. It is known to all that one boat is faster than another, but which is the faster is known to none. Countless thousands want to know the answer, and the racing day when the yachts will not get the front page for theirs will not come until after the cup is lifted, or nailed down for the last time, perhaps.

ALEXANDER E. ORR.

With the death of ALEXANDER E. ORR New York loses one of its most efficient and helpful citizens. The peculiarity of the ability he demonstrated so amply was the broad scope that it took and the variety of service in which it was manifested—in business life, his acumen and energy; in public affairs, the same qualities combined with rectitude and a curious gift of winning rational confidence; in philanthropy, catholic sentiment and unusual soundness of judgment. With these assets he had a certain rare imagination as to the future development of the great community in which his activities and his numerous and extended interests lay.

To him more than to any other one man were due the conception and planning of subway communication, which has already become the greatest municipal achievement of the time, and which is destined to still greater utility, affecting millions yet unborn, but which at the time that he first engaged in the study of it was so doubtful a matter that he was deemed a "dreamer" for the faith that he had in it. A dreamer he was not, but a seer, with remarkable power to carry into effect what he saw. Withal a modest, simple, kindly, and loyal man, who made sweeter the lives of those whose privilege it was to be associated with him.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Telephone Ethics Considered.

Several interesting and important questions, none of them easily answered, are created by the people who, though they have telephones, refuse to have their "numbers" in the company's directory and disclose them only to a selected and carefully restricted group of friends and associates. There are a good many such people, and their evident purpose—which they attain—is to get for themselves all the advantages of the telephone service and to elude all the annoyances which others endure as a part of the price for the enormous conveniences and economies of time and money which this invention has made possible.

From one point of view, therefore, the subscriber who keeps his name out of the book is guilty of selfish, a-social conduct. If he were imitated by a majority of the subscribers it is obvious that the value of the telephone would be decreased in exact proportion to the size of the majority, and if they all did it the service would become, if not quite worthless, not far from it.

Of course there are moments when each of us revolts against what has just been called our "slavery," to the telephone, when we resent the ease of access to our attention which it gives to people who have no claim on our time and would not be allowed to pass the doors of our homes or offices. But most of us, most of the time, more or less philosophically accept these little troubles and continue to let ourselves be "called up" by anybody as only a fair return for exercising the same privilege.

The situation is complicated by the existence of pay stations accessible to all, including those who have no telephone of their own. They, too, can call up anybody, without being themselves called up, but for this they pay in both money and inconvenience, so they have a sort of excuse. As a rule, especially in small communities, people who can afford to have a telephone and don't are viewed askance and subjected to a mild ostracism. They really do seem to be so inconsiderate of their neighbors as to deserve punishment.

Bayonne Made a Mistake.

A policeman over in Bayonne, according to report, has proclaimed a policy or intention that is calculated to make at least some who have hitherto been inclined to think women could and would be useful in this position hastily revise their opinion. For the report is that Bayonne's feminine wearer of the police shield deems it of necessity or important to stop what she calls "spooning" in the public parks of that city! "There must," she says, or is said to say, "be none of it here under penalty of the law."

What law, and if Bayonne has one that prohibits in its parks what "spooning" probably means, why?

Unquestionably, from the standpoint of lovers, there are more suitable places for the confession of their tender emotions than those subject to public observation, but to not a few of them better places are not accessible, and any place is better than none.

It is a curious fact that men look with a more sympathetic eye on the love-making of others than do women. No policeman would dream of starting such a campaign as the one which this misguided prude in uniform proposes—none would fail to recognize that not prohibition, but regulation, of the practice which so offends her is needed.

The indiscretion shown by her may be idiosyncratic, not typically feminine. In that case she proves nothing against policewomen in general, but her folly is ominous, nevertheless.

Cuba Under Its New Administration.

In spite of savage threats from a large group of once powerful politicians, the Cuban Supreme Court has sentenced to long terms of imprisonment the murderers of Gen. Riva. Apparently a more severe penalty than this was deserved, for the killing of the late Chief of Police in Havana was deliberate and cold-blooded, and the men who did it trusted to their influence and eminence to escape all punishment. It says much, however, for the present administration of the island that this expectation has been disappointed and that little private wars between rival factions can no longer be carried on with impunity, even by men with high military titles.

Presumably the "Asbertistas" are as much surprised as angered by the court's defiance of their menaces, but as they have quietly submitted to the law, it is evident that they have come at least partially to realize that Cuba under its present President has moved away from and ahead of them.

The lesson is excellent, and it strongly tends to discredit the prophecies of those very wise persons who used to be so sure that the Cubans were incompetent to conduct an orderly and honest Government.

Prevention of Fires His Demand.

To view the burning of a building as something other than the misfortune of its owner has long been the custom in many parts of Europe, but the suggestion that fires involve responsibility to the extent of the cost they inflict on the community comes with a shock to most Americans. That is because in this matter we are a reckless and careless people, so accustomed to our enormous annual fire losses that we have taken their inevitability for granted.

Chief HAMMITT of the New York City Fire Prevention Bureau presented a wholly different theory this week at the convention of municipal officials in Auburn. He took the position that at least half of our fires are of the distinctly preventable sort, and he proposed the passage of laws under which the owner whose building took fire because he had neglected reasonable precautions not only should be held liable for the expense incurred in putting the fire out, but should also pay for any injuries suffered while extinguishing it. He said, indeed, that legal warrant for exacting such penalties probably now existed, and that a suit to test that question had already been brought.

Should it prove possible under either old or new law to enforce such responsibility as this a sudden and considerable decrease in the number of our fires could confidently be expected to follow, and we would promptly begin to spend in preventing fires a small but sufficient part of the enormous sums now devoted to fighting them.

In no other direction, perhaps, is there such a chance for wise economies, and it is strange that we lack the sense to utilize the opportunity.

FITNESS FOR SUFFRAGE.

What Tribunal Determines If Men Are Properly Qualified?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Silas Tuttle writes on June 1 in a vein so often used by male opponents to woman suffrage that it may be worth while to answer him specifically. He says:

> Very little of what has been said or written goes to show the fitness of women for suffrage. Why should not these leaders give us some practical illustration of their qualification, as, for instance, remarks upon the tariff, upon the Mexican situation, upon the political situation in the city, State, or nation, that we may judge of their ability to cope with the questions that men are today handling.

First, as to practical illustrations of our qualifications for voting, what are the qualifications for voting in New York? One must be a native or naturalized citizen, and a resident for a certain prescribed length of time. That is all.

Can women meet these existing qualifications?

Is there any registration clerk in the whole State of New York who would be empowered to withhold registration from a native or naturalized young man of 21 who was an applicant, unless said applicant could prove that he held satisfactory views (satisfactory to whom?) upon "the tariff, upon the Mexican situation, upon the political situation in the city, State, or nation"?

Mr. Tuttle seems to have been seriously misinformed as to what the real qualifications for voting are.

And when he finally says: "That we may judge their [women's] ability to cope with the questions that men are today handling," one is impelled to ask, who is "we"? For this "we"—in order to be in a position to judge officially must of necessity be a body duly authorized by the laws of the State. The Constitution is the supreme law of the State, and a most thorough search of that document does not reveal a single clause dealing with the ability of prospective voters to cope with public questions.

We would remind Mr. Tuttle and others that all that suffragists are asking is that the sex disqualification be removed, and moreover that we intend to "stick to our last" and not be beguiled into proving that we are overqualified for the vote, in order to please our most exacting critics. We could be kept busy overqualifying clean up to the millennium, for even then there would be some carping soul who would be sure that we were not yet quite ready for the vote, and the carping would be pretty sure to be about in proportion to the indifference which had witnessed, without a qualm, the hordes of young men who had for years been casting their first votes, all unprepared, except that they were 21 and native or naturalized. It all seems different when the shoe is on the other foot.

MARY WARE DENNETT,
Executive Secretary National Suffrage Association.
New York, June 3, 1914.

Congressman Moore's Courage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It must be gratifying to thousands of present and former Pennsylvanians, as it certainly is to me, that while, in the matter of the Clayton bill labor exemptions, the entire House of Representatives, with, apparently, but an individual exception, bowed in pusillanimous submission to the dictate of Samuel Gompers and his associates, there was at least one man, Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania, who had the courage to express his abhorrence to class legislators and his defiance of that largest and most cruel of trusts, the Labor Trust.

All honor to Mr. Moore, and may his constituents show their appreciation of his principles and his courage by long retaining him in Congress, or by affording him the opportunity to serve them and his country in some more exalted office!

W. C. C.
New York, June 3, 1914.

German May Wine.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Very few Germans who have quaffed tumblers of May wine will agree with the statement in your editorial article of this morning that "May wine is not good for the man of advancing years." On the contrary, men of advancing years consider this refreshing beverage at once healthful and stimulating, without exciting effects. When the herb "Waldmeister" is ready to be plucked it is used to flavor the May wine, made of either Mosel or Rhine wines, and all good Germans, whether young or old, celebrate the glory of Spring by partaking of it.

CURT B. HANSEN.
New York, June 3, 1914.

SUBMARINE FOG SIGNALS.

No Patent Prevents Striking a Bell Under Water.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The question has naturally been raised as to whether a patented apparatus for use in submarine signaling is the only one available.

There is no patent upon slinging a bell overboard and ringing it under water. The moment a ship stops in fog this should be done. Then all navigators on vessels having receivers can quickly locate this warning sound. Navigators on vessels not equipped with receivers can locate such bell sounds at considerable distances, depending, of course, on the strength of the bell sound, by listening below the water line. In other words, a bell weighing fifty pounds struck hard can be heard further than one of less weight if of the same shape. Under such circumstances all the navigator need do is to go below the water line and listen with ear to the skin of the ship—or if that cannot be reached, use a pine stick.

Clearly no patent covers this. It will serve well in an emergency. The main thing, however, is for the steamer that has stopped to make some sound in water in order to indicate her position to any one who can hear her. Above all, sounds in the air should not be trusted. All scientists, all navigators, all lighthouse authorities agree that because sound in the air frequently deceives us, it is an untrustworthy guide. Water is dependable under all conditions. Tide and waves have no effect upon the sound it carries except in narrow estuaries where the tide is very rapid—but such are not navigable waters.

J. B. MILLET.
New York, June 3, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The submarine bell has proved an efficient means for locating lightships, danger spots, and other fixed objects, being used successfully for stationary purposes only, except on submarine boats. A moving vessel, however, though capable of receiving sound signals, cannot make use of a bell when under way, as, among other undesirable features, it is found that a bell when slung overboard interferes with navigation, or when used in a water-filled tank under the water line, inside of the ship, becomes ineffective. This is the reason that bells are not used on ships to any extent, whereas more than a thousand vessels are fitted out with receiving sets. Therefore there still remained the problem of enabling ships under way to send out submarine sound signals with a range of at least five miles.

In 1912 tests were made by authorization of the Navy Department under my supervision in Newport, R. I., (reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES,) Provincetown, Mass., and Cape Henry, Va., with a new signaling device, using longitudinal vibrations of a steel ribbon fastened to the inside of the hull of the ship, which not only proved successful for signaling when the vessel was under way but by which messages were sent and received by the Morse code within a radius of over six miles. Further successful tests were commenced on board the United States steamship Arkansas, but were interrupted by the ship being suddenly ordered to Mexico.

Mr. Millet has truly said that only submarine sound signals will do for navigation in fog, and since it necessarily follows that vessels must be under way, and as the bell affords no suitable means for such signaling, the above-mentioned apparatus, though still in process of development, has proved to be the first known device which will accomplish the desired end.

CHRISTIAN BERGER.
Brooklyn, N. Y., June 3, 1914.

A Fog-Signaling Code.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it not high time, in view of the terrible marine disasters which follow upon each other in such alarming succession, that some sensible and substantial correction in the "Rules of the Road" be undertaken? It is a well-known fact even to a schoolboy that true direction of a sound is hard to determine in a fog. It is also a fact that when fog suddenly envelops a steaming vessel her engines cannot come to a full stop without the blowing of her safety valves, owing to the intense fire in the furnaces, which cannot be slackened before a sufficient amount of green coal has been spread over the grates. This roaring escape of steam makes it difficult to hear the signals of another vessel. For the sake of safety, for the sake of properly locating an approaching or receding vessel in fog, I would compel not only a navigator or an officer, but the quartermaster, to understand the Continental Morse Code, and be able to use the siren in the same manner as the telegraph operator uses his sounder.

THOMAS TROLSEN,
Member Hudson River Power Squadron.
Edgewater, N. J., June 2, 1914.

O. HENRY: IN MEMORIAM.

(Died June 5. 1910.)

In the twilight of the city, as I
dreamed, as I dreamed,
Tangled shadows fell fantastic on the
ever-pulsing street,
Little lights began to glimmer through
the filmy veil of night
And I knew that work had ended by
the homeward-turning feet.
Then a tide of men and women rolled
before me from the west.
Breaking over into houses, into hall
and alley swirled;
Back from shop and store and work-
room to the refuge of the home;
Through the sluices of the city beat
the power of the world.

And I wished I had his vision—he
who saw and understood,
As he watched the men and women
on the stage of everyday,
All the wrangling and the toiling and
the bungling of the cast,
While it potters through the eons
in the great Creation Play.
How I longed to sense the meaning of
the God behind it all,
Of the spirit as it brightens through
the coarsest human flesh,
Of the music, sweetly hidden in the
roaring city din,
Of the single purpose showing in the
tangle of the mesh.

Far below me boomed the thunder and
the tidal wave beat high.
On its crest I saw the mummers of
the passing comedy;
Shopgirls, idlers, peddlers, salesmen,
errand-boys with lagging feet,
Kind and sad and hostile faces in the
swelling human sea.
And in each I felt a story worthy of
the master's skill,
Sensed the presence of the passions
that control the human breast,
Knew an epic lived within them, dumbly
waiting to be told,
But a mind that knew the meaning
slept in its eternal rest.

What a world he left behind him, what
a web of wonder tales,
Fact and fiction subtly woven on the
spinning wheel of Truth!
How he caught the key of living in
the noises of the town,
Major music, minor dirges, rhapsodies
of Age and Youth!
In the twilight of the city, as I
dreamed, as I dreamed,
Watching that eternal drama in the
ever-pulsing street,
All about me seemed to murmur of the
master passed away,
And his requiem was sounded in the
city's fever beat.

ELIAS LIEBERMAN.

FACTORY CLASS AS MODEL.

Educators Applaud Work of Immigrant Girls Instructed in School of Sicher Plant.

An audience of more than 200 persons, chiefly educators and social workers, gathered last night at the white goods factory of D. E. Sicher & Co. at 49 West Twenty-first Street, for exercises conducted by thirty-eight immigrant girls employed by the concern.

A year ago few of the girls could speak more than a few words of English. They came from Russia, Italy, Austria, Hungary, and Roumania. When, at the request of the Sicher firm, the Board of Education established a class in the factory and made it a branch of Public School 4, all of the immigrants employed there received instruction in the morning. Their teacher was Miss Florence D. Myers.

The walls of the top floor of the loft building were hung last night with the records of the progress made by the young women. The proofs which entitled them to receive certificates consisted chiefly of essays about 100 words long. They were well written and expressed. This is the first school for immigrant working girls in this city and probably the first of its kind in the world. The speakers last night predicted that it would be the germ of a great movement.

The thirty-eight girls, who in their white dresses were as proud as the graduating class at any commencement in the country, were represented by Miss Rebecca Meyer, who told how much she and her classmates appreciated the opportunities afforded them of learning our language. Then other members of the class explained the evolution of the undergarment manufacture. Finally the whole class gave a demonstration of their physical culture exercises.

Dudley D. Sicher, who planned the school and induced the Board of Education to start it, told of the benefit the class had been to the firm, as well as to the pupils.

"This is the first attempt of the kind in New York City, possibly in the world," he said, "and is the beginning of a great movement to hasten assimilation necessary to national unity; to promote industrial betterment by reducing friction caused by failure to comprehend directions and to decrease the waste and loss of wage incidental to the illiterate worker.

"In order to extend this work of reducing illiteracy among the half million adults, mostly immigrants, in the City of New York, the active co-operation of school authorities, employers, labor unions, industrial authorities, and the public, is needed. It is the present belief of the firm that the workers who have been thus trained have gained from 20 to 70 per cent. in efficiency."

Prof. Henry E. Jenkins, who presided, said that one valuable result of such schools would be the making of patriotic Americans of immigrants. Supt. William H. Maxwell of the Board of Education said that when the school had been suggested to him he had cut all the red tape that stood in the way of it.

"I have heard a great deal about trades schools," he said. "I have read masses of literature criticising the Board of Education for not establishing more industrial and trades schools, but in all that I have read or heard there has been but little of practical value.

"But I was told a story a little more than a year ago by a lady who had seen a foreman give repeated directions to an illiterate immigrant girl for running a machine. The girl watched and nodded to show that she understood how the machine should be run. She took charge of it at once. It broke down almost immediately. It was explained to her by signs again. She took charge of it again, and a second time it broke down. Again she watched carefully, and nodded to show that she understood. This time when she went to the machine her arm was torn off.

"The accident was due to the fact that the girl could not understand directions. It led me to make up my mind that one of the greatest of industrial schools needed was one that would teach the English language to illiterate foreigners. Accordingly, when this chance came we grasped it eagerly."

State Commissioner of Education John H. Finley said that the success of the school offered a solution for one of the State's greatest problems, the education of the immigrant. Mary Antin, author of "The Promised Land," said that a system of instruction to immigrants, after the example of this school, would be fulfilling the promise which America had made to the world.

SAMPSON'S ALL TO FAMILY.

Life Trust Fund Income to Cousin Only Outside Gift.

Henry Sampson, the wealthy oilcloth manufacturer and collector of rare porcelains, who died on May 24 at his home, 14 West Fifty-eighth Street, left his entire estate, except one trust fund, which he established for a cousin, to his wife and two children. The exact value of his property has not been made public, but it is known to be much more than $1,000,000.

In his will, filed for probate yesterday, Mr. Sampson directed that his wife, Julia Page Sampson, shall have the use, during her lifetime, of their Fifty-eighth Street home with all its furnishings and all the works of art contained therein, with the sole exception of the collection of porcelains. This collection, he directed, should be sold and the money turned into the residuary estate. This sale, however, had taken place prior to Mr. Sampson's death, the entire collection of 1,000 pieces having been purchased for more than $1,000,000 last January by Edgar Gorer.

Mr. Sampson set aside 400 shares of Amalgamated Copper stock, and directed that the income should be paid, during her lifetime, to his cousin, Delia P. Morgridge, of Boston. This stock, at its present dividend rate, will yield $2,400 a year. After his cousin's death, the stock is to go into the residuary estate.

The residuary estate, is to be held in trust for Julia Page Sampson, who is to receive the income during her lifetime. After her death the money will go in equal shares to Henry Sampson, Jr., of Douglaston, L. I., his son, and Mrs. Annie Gillette, his daughter. Mr. Sampson directed that his house at 111 East Sixty-fourth Street, now leased by his sister, should be kept as a part of the estate and that his sister's lease should be continued.

The executors of the will are Henry B. Dominick, John M. Campbell and Henry Sampson Jr.

BROOKLYN A FLAGSHIP AGAIN

Famous Spanish War Cruiser to Head Asiatic Squadron.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—The cruiser Brooklyn, which has been stationed at the local navy yard for nearly ten years, and which at one time was ordered to the scrap heap, will soon sail for China to take her place as flagship of the Asiatic squadron.

The Brooklyn was Admiral Schley's flagship during the Spanish-American war, and led the fighting when the Spanish fleet was destroyed at Santiago. The ship was struck about twenty times by shells, and her sides still show where the blows were received.

Several years after the war the vessel was sent to the Philadelphia Navy Yard, where she was put out of commission. About a year ago work was begun on the vessel and she was completely overhauled. Today she is one of the best and fastest cruisers in the navy.

MITCHEL WILL MAKE EFFICIENCY RULE

Tells Mayors of State That He Will Bar Politics in Promotions.

WILL OPEN DOORS TO ALL

Proposes a Conference of Mayors of the Nation—Lay Urges More Parks in Cities.

AUBURN, June 4.—Mayor John Purroy Mitchel of New York City, in an address tonight before the State Conference of Mayors and City Officials, suggested that a nation-wide conference of municipal authorities be called to meet next year at the Panama-Pacific Exposition in San Francisco, under the auspices of the New York State body.

Mayor Mitchel referred to his recent study of municipal methods in Chicago and other Western cities, and said that in New York he intended to establish efficiency records for all city employes, upon which promotion would be based.

"We studied Chicago's municipal and county civil service and its plan of standardization of salaries of employes," Mayor Mitchel told the conference. "We saw the Bureau of Efficiency which they maintain, showing records of efficiency upon which all promotions are based. We need such methods in New York.

"It is our intention to run the affairs of New York on a business basis, and the reports that have come to me lead me to believe that we are going to be able to conduct the business of the city next year without increasing our taxes, and if we are able to do that then I do not see why we cannot go through the four years of our administration in the same way.

"We are going to try to establish standards by creating efficiency records and giving those men and women who have so long depended upon politics for advancement an opportunity to go ahead on the basis of merit and work done. The day of politics for help or hurt for city employes in New York City is past. We are going to put promotion and punishment on a just basis. There is no more vitalizing force than that of opening the doors of opportunity to city employes to advance in their work.

"In closing, I wish to say that I see no reason why all our conferences should belong to the cities of New York. It has occurred to me that it would be a valuable thing for all the cities of the country if they were to meet, say just once, next year at the Panama Exposition and interchange ideas and discuss their common problems, just as you have discussed them tonight."

Mayor Will of Syracuse indorsed Mayor Mitchel's views and urged legislation to remove salary limits in order to retain efficient men. Charles Downing Lay, in an address at the conference this afternoon, said that parks in cities would increase in number in the future.

"The day when the boy or the man can play ball on the vacant lot or on his own place is rapidly passing," said Mr. Lay. "Nor have many of us incomes sufficient to join country clubs. The community, therefore, must provide the facilities which the individual can no longer obtain."

The conference to-night elected the following officers for the year 1914-15:

President—Roslin M. Cox, Middletown; Vice President—Louis Will, Syracuse; Treasurer—George A. Brock, Lockport; Secretary—C. P. Capes, New York.

The following were elected members of the Municipal Bureau Council:

Joseph T. Lennon, Yonkers, Chairman; J. J. C. Irving, Binghamton; Otto Pfaff, Oneida; W. J. Griffing, New Rochelle, and Thomas M. O'Neill, Auburn.

Troy was named as the conference city in 1915.

COLLEGES ANTIQUATED.

Teaching Must Be More Lucrative, Bryn Mawr's President Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—Miss M. Carey Thomas, President of Bryn Mawr College, in an address to the graduating class today expressed the view that if institutions of higher education in the United States expected to meet effectively and successfully the new demands that were being made upon them for more advanced and scientific teaching methods they would have to set themselves immediately to the work of making the teaching profession more lucrative and more attractive generally. By this means, she said, men and women capable of becoming brilliant teachers would not be diverted from the educational field by the rewards offered by business, commerce, and industry.

Dr. Thomas said the students of today were demanding new methods, more definite teaching, and other improvements in the educational systems to get the services of brilliant, up-to-date instructors.

Dr. Thomas believes the textbook and lecture systems in the colleges are no longer effective, and these antiquated systems must be supplanted by more modern teaching systems that will develop the reasoning power in students. If educators do not realize this, she said, "colleges will become places for the dead, not for the living."

N.Y.U. COMMENCEMENT WEEK

Programme for Eighty-second Annual Graduation Exercises.

At the eighty-second annual commencement of New York University next week more than 600 degrees will be conferred upon students in the various schools and seven honorary degrees. The names of the recipients of the honorary degrees have not been made known.

The programme for commencement week follows:

Saturday, June 6—Annual meeting of the New York University Historical Society and of the Phi Beta Kappa Society in the morning. Annual meeting of the Alumni of the College of Arts and School of Applied Science in the afternoon.

Sunday—Baccalaureate service in the auditorium of the University Library by the Rev. Pierson Merrill, D. D., pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church.

Monday—Sandham Prize orations in the University auditorium and the awarding of keys to the new members of the Phi Beta Kappa Society.

Tuesday

THRONG AT WEDDING OF MISS CUMNOCK

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cumnock Bride of George B. Wagstaff in St. George's.

HEDGE AND GARDEN EFFECT

Full Choral Service—Miss Eugenie A. Philbin Maid of Honor—Reception at Bride's Home—The Guests.

Gray skies and gusts of rain did not deter a large and fashionable gathering from witnessing yesterday afternoon the wedding of George Barnard Wagstaff, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff of New York and Babylon, L. I., to Miss Mary Cutting Cumnock, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock, in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. It was one of the largest weddings of the Spring and Summer season.

The chancel of the church was decorated in white and green to represent an entrance through a hedge into a garden. Banks of shining green foliage made the hedge, which was topped by white peonies, and these ran down the ends of the hedge outlining the opening to the garden.

There was a full choral service, the choir coming down to meet and precede the bridal procession, the Lohengrin Wedding March being the processional. The Rev. Karl Reiland officiated by pearl

The bride, who walked with her father, who gave her in marriage, a tall, willowy blonde, wore white satin draped with exquisite old point lace worn by three generations of brides, including her grandmother and mother. There was a long court train suspended by pearl straps from the shoulders, and this was lined with tulle frills, and on the one side, turned back at the end, were trails of orange blossoms. The corsage was of old rose point lace with elbow sleeves of the lace. It had a deep V-shaped opening, and under the lace there was chiffon. The satin skirt opened in the front with rounded corners, over a deep flounce of point lace, giving a petticoat effect, and a wide scarf of point lace was wound in sash fashion around the waist and hips. The gown was also heavily embroidered in pearls about the hips. The tulle veil, which was wide and long, was of priceless old point lace, caught about her fair hair with sprays of orange blossoms, and her bouquet was made up of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Miss Eugénie A. Philbin, was the maid of honor. Mrs. David Wagstaff was the matron of honor, and Miss Katherine Blodgett of Grand Rapids, Mich., a cousin of the bride, was the flower girl, although she was as tall as the bridesmaids and was dressed like them, but carried an old-time nosegay with a paper frill. The four bridesmaids were the Misses Mai Duncan Watson, Maud Arden Kennedy, Josephine Nicoll and Margaret Barnard Wagstaff, a sister of the bridegroom. The bridesmaids were in peach colored chiffon over taffeta of the same shade with bodices to match. The chiffon of the skirts was lifted and laid in deep plaits in front and back of the hips, falling in full folds, and the corsages were draped in folds from the shoulders to the waistline outlining deep V's, the edges being bound with satin of the same shade. The kimono cut sleeves came to the elbows and were of the chiffon, and there were silk girdles.

Their rather large hats were of sand-colored Neapolitan, with irregularly bent brims that formed sharp little points, and these were trimmed in sprays arranged to form irregular wreaths of small mignon and yellow roses. They carried long, flat arms bouquets of mignon and small pink rambler roses and ferns. The matron and the maid of honor were gowned like them, but their frocks were a much deeper shade of peach.

Mr. Wagstaff's best man was his brother, David Wagstaff, and the ushers were another brother, Samuel Jones Wagstaff; Moses Taylor Pyne, Jr., Elliot C. Cowdin, 2d, McKim Hollins, Edward F. Hutton, John W. Cutler, Louis A. Shaw, Albert H. Hoffman, George G. Bourne, Courtlandt Dixon Moss, Eveleyn Irving, and Frederick Frelinghuysen.

The church ceremony was followed by a small reception for the relatives and a very few intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom at the Cumnock town house, 111 East Thirty-ninth Street, which was decorated with palms, ferns, roses, and Spring flowers.

Mrs. Cumnock, the mother of the bride, who received, wore deep yellow taffeta with a short train of yellow chiffon and a tunic of ecru lace. The corsage, cut very low at the back, was of yellow chiffon veiled with ecru lace with elbow sleeves of lace. The girdle was of taffeta, and a cluster of yellow orchids was caught at the left side. Her large hat was ecru and brown straw massed with yellow orchids with orange spotted centres. Mrs. Walter Cutting, the bride's grandmother, wore a trailing white gown with an embroidered white moire coat and a pure white hat trimmed with white. Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, the mother of the bridegroom, wore a purplish blue chiffon coat and skirt with a figured blue tunic topped by a small high hat with high plaitings of black tulle rising from twists of black moire.

Among those at the church were Mrs. Oliver Harriman, in black chiffon and silk, topped by a wide-brimmed black tulle hat, with drooping black ostrich plumes; Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Cumnock, Dr. Russell A. Hibbs and Mrs. Hibbs, Miss Juliana Cutting, James De W. Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., Mrs. Wagstaff wearing a hydrangea blue taffeta frock, with a butterfly skirt and corsage of white lace, topped by a broad-brimmed tulle hat; the Misses Eva and Grace Cumnock, Mr. and Mrs. B. Fulton Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. George Cabot Ward, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Blodgett of Grand Rapids, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius K. Wilmerding, Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Turner, Miss Mildred G. Townsend, a cerise chiffon over satin of the same hue and a large flat hat to match; Mrs. Philip Van R. Schuyler, in a tailored blue cloth; Mr. and Mrs. Allan A. Robbins, and Mr. and Mrs. John Hays Hammond.

Mrs. William Pollock, Miss Josephine Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Hunt, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Dinsmore, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner H. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. William Sloane, Miss Janetta Alexander, in a midnight blue serge coat and skirt topped by a small dark hat; Mrs. Eugene Parsons in a tailored black cloth walking costume, topped by a small, high black hat, with a white osprey at the back; Mr. and Mrs. Richard L. Morris, Miss Susan Fish Dresser, Miss Dorothy Anderton, Miss Le Brun Parsons, in a blue and green tunic skirt pladded in yellow and topped by a short blue coat and a small round blue sailor hat, with tiny yellow dahlias at the sides and front; the Misses Tesson and Marie Thayer, Miss Angelica Brown in a midnight blue serge, topped by a tiny black satin hat, with a turned back brim of patent leather; Mr. and Mrs. Allen G. Wellman, Mrs. Samuel J. Wagstaff, in a Roman striped black and American Beauty colored silk, topped by a small round black hat trimmed with blackberries and rose red buds; Miss Margaret Barnard, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Wagstaff Remsen, Miss Georgiana Olyen.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lenox Banks, Mr. and Mrs. F. F. de Rham, Mrs. William P. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. William F. Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley G. Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Warren, Mrs. J. Kearny Warren, Mrs. E. S. Gould, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Rutherfurd, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Wharton, Mr. and Mrs. Bernon Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Arthur K. Bourne, Mrs. George Bourne, and the Misses Bourne.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairman Dick, Mrs. Pauline Le Roy French, Mr. and Mrs. Crawford Burton, Miss Caroline Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Bradish G. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Hollins, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gair, Jr., and also Aymar Johnson, J. K. Hollins, Alexander Webb, Jullen Davies, E. S. Gould, Allen Barnard, R. D. Wrenn, Richard H. Hunt, J. A. Blauchard, Ingersoll Amory, and Quentin Tod.

WEDDED IN JOHN STREET.

Miss Helen L. Streeter Marries Rev. F. B. Harris in Historic Edifice.

The wedding of Miss Helen Louise Streeter, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Lewis Richard Streeter, and the Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, pastor of St. Luke's Methodist Episcopal Church at Long Branch, N. J., took place at 8 o'clock last evening in the historic old John Street Methodist Church. Bishop Luther B. Wilson, the resident Methodist Bishop of New York, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Dr. James W. Marshall of the New Jersey Conference.

A wedding in John Street is an unusual occurrence these days, and it is only now and then that a church wedding is held below Chambers Street. The John Street Church, the cradle of Methodism in New York, is in the heart of the financial district, and the few pedestrians in the narrow street, which is usually deserted by 7 o'clock, were amazed last night at the sight of a bridal party and guests entering the old church. Seventy years ago there were many private residences in this neighborhood, and weddings at the church were of ordinary occurrence.

The bride is the youngest daughter of the pastor of the church, who gave her in marriage. She wore a gown of white crêpe de chine with a court train, with panels of satin and pearl trimmings. Her lace veil was that worn by her mother at her wedding, and was caught up by sprays of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and white roses.

Miss Mildred Streeter attended her sister as maid of honor. She was in flowered crêpe de chine trimmed with old rose taffeta, and carried a bouquet of white sweet peas.

BONNELL-SCHLEY WEDDING.

Daughter of J. Montfort Schley Married to John Harper Bonnell.

The wedding of John Harper Bonnell, a son of Mrs. John Harper Bonnell, and Miss Marguerite Schley, the second daughter of Dr. J. Montfort Schley, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, at Forty-fifth Street and Fifth Avenue, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Herbert Shipman, rector of the church. The decorations were Marguerites and palms. None except relatives were asked to the ceremony, about twenty in all, which was followed by a reception for about 200 guests at the residence of the bride's father, 24 West Fifty-fourth Street.

The bride walked up the aisle with her brother, James Montfort Schley, Jr., who gave her in marriage.

There were no ushers. Mr. Bonnell's best man was his brother, Geoffrey Bonnell.

Mr. Bonnell is a great grandson of John Harper, one of the founders of the firm of Harper Brothers.

BERNHARDT IS COMING.

Sails for New York Oct. 10 to Begin "Farewell" Tour of World.

W. F. Connor, who has directed several of Sarah Bernhardt's "farewell" tours of America, announced last night that Mme. Bernhardt would sail for New York on Oct. 10 to begin her "last season in the United States." Following fifteen weeks in this country the French actress will make a trip around the world, and then, according to Mr. Connor, retire from the stage.

Bernhardt will bring a company of French players with her, and the repertoire will include "Jeanne Doré," "Lucretia Borgia," "Resurrection," "Phèdre," "Camille," "Madame X," "Le Mort de Tintagile," by Maeterlinck, and a composite bill of three parts, "A Night Before Christmas," "The Death of Cleopatra," and "Merchant of Venice," (Trial Scene,) with Mme. Bernhardt as Shylock. M. Romauld Joubé, formerly leading man at the Odeon Theatre, has been engaged for the leading male parts.

In March Mme. Bernhardt and company will sail for the Mediterranean, stoping at Algiers, Tunis, and covering the European capitals. A special performance of "Phèdre" will be given at the Greek Theatre, Syracuse, Sicily, also at the Roman Theatre at Carthage. An engagement of two weeks in London will finish the first part of the world's tour.

From London Mme. Bernhardt and an organization of vaudeville and dramatic artists will sail for South Africa, Australia, and the Orient. From Japan the company will sail for Vancouver, playing the coast cities to Valparaiso, to Buenos Aires, Rio Janeiro, and completing the tour at Madrid, Spain.

Bradley-Fletcher Wedding.

The wedding of Miss Ruth Fletcher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Fletcher, and A. Frederick Bradley, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Frederick Bradley of New Rochelle, N. Y., will take place tomorrow evening at the home of the bride's parents in Melrose, Mass. Mrs. E. P. Currier is to be her sister's only attendant. Edwin Dickinson of Buffalo, N. Y., is to be best man, and the ushers are to be Robert Currier of Boston, Edwin P. Currier of New York, and George Leech, William Mullen, and Louis Schwartz of New Rochelle, N. Y. Mr. Bradley and his bride will reside in Flushing, L. I.

Schmelz-De Witt Engagement.

Mrs. Martha Schmelz of 20 Hamilton Street, East Orange, N. J., has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marie M. Schmelz, to Benjamin Parke De Witt of Elmhurst, L. I. Miss Schmelz was educated abroad and in this city, and will be graduated with honors next week from the New York University. Mr. De Witt is the Secretary to the Chancellor of the university and Secretary of the Washington Square College.

Kelsey-Butts Wedding Today.

Miss Vergilia A. Butts of Orange, N. J., and Frederick W. Kelsey of the same place will be married today in Orange, and will go to Europe on their honeymoon. Miss Butts is a sister of Mr. Kelsey's first wife, who died more than a year ago, and has been a member of the household for several years. Mr. Kelsey originated the system of public parks in Essex County, N. J.

STERN—GREENFIELD.

The engagement of Miss Flora Stern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stern of 464 Riverside Drive, to William B. Greenfield, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo D. Greenfield, of 1,239 Madison Avenue, is announced. No date has been set for the wedding.

FEIFER—LOWENFELD.

Miss Anna Lowenfeld, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pincus Lowenfeld, of 106 East Sixty-fourth Street, was married last evening to Alexander Feifer at the Savoy Hotel, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. Rudolph Grossman and David Cahn.

SAMEK—ROBEL.

The marriage of August H. Samek and Miss Sadie M. Robel, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Robel of 924 West End Avenue, took place at 6:30 o'clock last night in the Gotham ballroom. Miss Robel had Mrs. Eugene Sichel as matron of honor. Henry Samek was his brother's best man, and the ushers were Otto B. Mittler, Nathaniel Gidding, John Robel, Otto Samek, Charles Samek, and Nathaniel Robel.

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SCHUMANN-HEINK'S STORY TOLD TO JURY

Singer Three Hours on Stand at Divorce Trial in Chicago—Shaken with Sobs.

MRS. DEAN CO-RESPONDENT

Depositions Tell of Rapp's Attentions to Her—Wife Indignantly Resents Aspersions Upon Her Good Name.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Silent, expectant, straining forward to catch each word, a crowd which filled Judge Sullivan's courtroom listened today to the shattered love story of Mme. Ernestine Schumann-Heink and William Rapp, Jr.

For more than three hours the great singer occupied the witness chair.

"I didn't want a divorce," she told the jury brokenly. "I told my husband that I was happy as I was, with my children and my art."

For a moment the singer broke down. Sobs shook her body and tears coursed down her cheeks. Then she wiped her eyes and resumed the attitude of calm defiance which she had maintained throughout the trial.

Mme. Schumann-Heink testified that her husband, from whom she separated three years ago, had been very friendly with "a blonde lady in New York," whom she subsequently named as Mrs. Catherine E. Dean. Two depositions were read, one from Mrs. Julia Williams, a maid formerly employed by Mrs. Dean, and one from a New York detective, who told of numerous visits to a Fifth Avenue restaurant made by Mrs. Dean and Rapp. According to his deposition, the detective followed Rapp many nights from his office in West Thirty-fourth Street to various places where he met Mrs. Dean. The deposition of Mrs. Williams was to the effect that Rapp had lived at the apartment of Mrs. Dean for several months in 1913.

In his opening statement to the jury Elias Mayer, attorney for the complainant, had named Mrs. Dean as co-respondent.

"We will show," he had declared, "that this defendant lived in the apartments of the co-respondent at 2,729 Holmes Street, and that later they were together at 2,729 Manhattan Avenue. We will show that Rapp sent Mrs. Dean a diamond engagement ring, and that he wrote her a letter in which he said he had no steady income, but would send her $25 a week if she would be satisfied."

In the cross-examination Mme. Schumann-Heink frequently expostulated with her husband's attorney.

"Let me say what I wish, please," she begged. "I do not mean to say the wrong thing."

Not in Love with McNamara.

Rapp charged in a cross-bill that his wife had been too friendly with other men. She denied all such accusations. She said she never had any love for Edward McNamara, a one-time policeman, who visited her in New Jersey. She declared he came for music lessons, not for lovemaking—that they sang together on the stage.

"Who was with you in Caldwell, N. J.?" the attorney asked. "Wasn't there a man named McNamara?"

The question aroused Mme. Schumann-Heink's wrath. Her eyes blazed.

"I never have lived with any man," she answered. "I have lived alone since my husband left."

"I hadn't asked you that," the lawyer replied.

The singer told of a consultation with Rapp at her Chicago home last July. She testified that her husband said then he wanted a divorce.

"I didn't want a divorce, I told him," she said. "I am happy as I am, with my children and my art. I told him I would never think of marrying again. Always I said I never wanted a divorce."

"Mr. George Baldwin."

The witness rented a cottage there and remained five days.

"Where did Baldwin live?" asked the lawyer, but an objection shut off the answer.

The singer's eyes filled with tears in speaking of improving her house in New Jersey. She apologized for her limited command of English. She said she had eight children—one adopted and seven by previous marriages. The oldest, she said, was 32.

Lawyer Smith directed his first queries to ascertain whether the witness, who was born in Prague, Bohemia, fifty-three years ago, had a right to sue in this country. She said she had been singing in the United States for fifteen years.

"Were you at home last Christmas?" she was asked.

"At home last Christmas? Of course I was; I couldn't forget the most important things in my life," came the answer.

Tidies Up and Does Washing.

Mme. Schumann Heink gave her residence as 3,672 Michigan Avenue. Her domestic traits were remembered by the spectators with smiles when, in insisting that this was her real home, she said:

"When I am here I live there, and every day help in tidying up and cleaning the place. I do washing, too."

A letter received by the complainant from her husband was read into the record by the singer's counsel. The letter was writetn in German under the date line, "452 Deming Place, Chicago, June 27, 1913." It outlined a plan by which the singer could obtain a divorce without opposition. Both in substance and in tone it was one of the most remarkable documents ever introduced in a courtroom.

"Dear Wife," it began, "my coming to Chicago is for the purpose of bringing about a conference with you to clear up our affair. Only a personal talk between us alone is possible, because I have to make propositions which can only be agreed upon personally between us."

The letter then enumerates seven advantages which the writer says would result from the adoption of the plan. Among them were listed an offer to permit Madame Schumann-Heink to be the complainant and a promise that her suit would be uncontested.

"This plan," the letter continues, "would be more respectable than a sensational proceeding fought out in open court before a gaping audience, and would avoid everything indecent."

The letter was introduced by Madame Schumann-Heink's attorneys. Its introduction also had been planned by counsel for the defendant. The translation read in court had been made by Sidney Stein of counsel for the complainant. Its accuracy was challenged by the defense, which will introduce an expert to retranslate the letter.

From the portion of the translation upon which the defense concentrated its attack it became evident to those in the courtroom that the defense was hinging its case upon some secret which the testimony previously had not even suggested. The German word "gehelmniss" in the translation of the complainant's counsel appeared as "confidences." The defense contended that the proper translation of the word is "secret." The attitude of the defense was taken by those present as implying some sinister secret which it contended was referred to in the disputed word. That the secret was something in the life of Mme. Schumann-Heink was hinted in the argument of the defense.

Hans Schuiger, a butler employed by the singer, testified that no man had ever spent the night at her home.

Miss Wild to Wed O. J. Moon.

The engagement of Miss Dorothy Wild of New York and Paris to O. Joseph Moon of St. Louis is announced. Miss Wild is a daughter of Mrs. M. V. Siegel and a sister of the Princess Dentice di Frasal of Italy. She made her début several years ago in New York, and for the last three years has been studying singing under Jean de Reszke in Paris. Mr. Moon is a Princeton graduate, class of 1907. Mr. Moon and his fiancée have known each other several years.

FORAKER WEDS SUDDENLY.

Ex-Senator's Son and Miss Minnie Stone Give Relatives Surprise.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The families of Arthur St. Clair Foraker, youngest son of the former Senator from Ohio, and Miss Minnie Stone, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Stone of this city, were much surprised this afternoon to learn of the marriage of the young people in Baltimore this morning. That the marriage took place at the Hotel Belvedere, with the younger sister of the bride and a man friend of the bridegroom as witnesses, is all that is known, as the contracting parties are now on their honeymoon in the vicinity of Philadelphia and refuse to tell anything beyond the fact of the marriage and that they had a wedding breakfast at the hotel.

M. F. PLANT TO WED AUG. 18.

Millionaire to Marry Mrs. S. B. Manwaring on His 62d Birthday.

The wedding of Mrs. Selden B. Manwaring and Morton F. Plant, whose engagement was announced last week, is to take place on Aug. 18 at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Rowena Cadwell, at Hartford, Conn.

Mr. Plant, who is worth many millions, will be sixty-two years old on that date, and he will celebrate his marriage as well as his birthday on the same day. Mrs. Manwaring, who obtained a decree of divorce from her husband last April, is thirty-one.

Mr. Plant has one of the finest residences in Connecticut at Eastern Point, Groton, and has done much for New London in the last ten years, building fine roads, churches, and hotels, and extending trolley lines. His New York residence is 2 East Fifty-second Street.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Miss Winifred Holt of 44 East Seventy-eighth Street, sailed on the Baltic and Friday to speak at the International Conference for the Blind to be held in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hastings Strong, who have gone to Springfield, Mass., on a visit, will open their Summer home at Litchfield, Conn., next week.

Society will be well represented today and tomorrow at the horse show at Tuxedo Park. A dance is to be given at the Tuxedo Club tomorrow night.

Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly is at the St. Regis for a short visit.

The wedding of Mrs. Katharine Smith Talcott and Albert Greene Borden, both of South Orange, N. J., will take place this afternoon in the First Presbyterian Church at South Orange. The Rev. David De Forest Burrell is to officiate. Mr. Borden and his bride will spend their honeymoon in Europe.

Nelson O'Shaughnessy, who was American Charge d'Affaires in Mexico City, and Mrs. O'Shaughnessy and their young son are at the Plaza for an indefinite stay.

Miss Helen Warren, daughter of William R. Warren of this city, will be married to Samuel Hoar tomorrow at the home of Mrs. Moses Bradford at Concord, Mass.

Geoffrey Aste of London is the guest of William M. Rodewald at Tuxedo.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Morris will give a luncheon tomorrow at Tuxedo for a number of their New York friends and will afterward attend the horse show. Mrs. Morris is leaving June 20 for her Montana ranch to spend the rest of the Summer there.

A son was born on June 1 to Dr. Reginald and Mrs. Ducat (Miss Louise Chalmers) at their New Rochelle home. It is their second son.

Col. O. B. Bridgman and Mrs. Bridgman are to be house guests of Gen. C. F. Roe and Mrs. Roe at West Point for the week end. Squadron A and the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., are to play polo today and tomorrow with the West Point men.

The last of Miss Doane's afternoon dances for the season will be held this afternoon from 4 until 7 o'clock in the Waldorf apartment. Three new dances, the Lu Lu-Fado, the Danzon Cubano, and the Brazilian polka, will be shown.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Brokaw will give a dinner this evening at their country place at Locust Valley, L. I.

The officers and members of the Cedarhurst Country Club will give a dance and supper at the club house tomorrow evening at 9 o'clock.

Sir Hugh Graham and Lady Graham and Miss Alice H. Graham of Toronto are at the Biltmore.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Hapgood are at the Wolcott, to remain several weeks.

ORR, SUBWAY PIONEER.

Chamber of Commerce Hears of Rapid Transit's Beginning.

The Chamber of Commerce at its monthly meeting yesterday listened to addresses of appreciation of the life and services to the city of the late Alexander E. Orr. President Seth Low of the Chamber, Jacob H. Schiff, A. Barton Hepburn, Eugenius H. Outerbridge, and John Claflin were the principal speakers. After an appropriate resolution had been presented by Mr. Outerbridge in regard to Mr. Orr's death and adopted by the Chamber, President Low appointed this committee to attend the funeral today: A. Barton Hepburn, John Claflin, Eugenius H. Outerbridge, Henry Hentz, Cleveland H. Dodge, Jacob H. Schiff, John A. Stewart, Charles M. Pratt, J. Pierpont Morgan, Charles A. Schieren, Gates W. McGarrah, Elbridge G. Snow, Welding Ring, Howard C. Smith, and Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr.

In his speech, Mr. Low referred to Mr. Orr's efforts to have the Subway built. He said:

"After the plan had been made and adopted, Mr. Orr made every possible effort to interest large financial powers in the execution of the work without the slightest success; and it was begun only because an obscure contractor had more courage than the men reputed to be men of vision. This contractor undertook the contract, and, before he was obliged to qualify, he succeeded in securing from Mr. Belmont the financial backing that was necessary."

August Belmont discussed the construction of the Cape Cod Canal when the Chamber turned to the business of the day. The Hon. Ernest Siegfried, son of Jules Siegfried, Minister of Commerce of France, was the Chamber's guest at the meeting and luncheon afterward.

CARL CHRISTIAN MULLER.

Old Musician and Composer Dies at His Home Here.

Carl Christian Muller, a well-known musician and composer, died yesterday at the age of 83 years at his home, 156 East Ninety-fourth Street. He was born in Meiningen, Germany, and came to this country in 1854, working at first in a piano factory in this city. Later he toured the country as leader of the orchestra of Barnum's Museum. Returning to this city in 1864 he taught for several years in the New York College of Music.

His own compositions comprise all varieties, from dances and songs to orchestra pieces. Some of his compositions were performed by the Manuscript Society and in Theodore Thomas's concerts. His chief work was a translation of Sechter's celebrated treatise, "The Correct Order of Fundamental Harmonies," which has reached its eleventh edition. Other musical writings of his have been used as textbooks in the Normal School of this city.

In 1875 Mr. Muller visited Franz Liszt at Weimar and had the satisfaction of hearing Liszt play his, Muller's, Symphony from the manuscript-score. In 1892 Mr. Muller visited Anton Rubinstein, who played Mr. Muller's two organ sonatas, and praised them highly. The late Mr. Dudley Buck pronounced Muller "the greatest contrapuntist of the country."

Sir Douglas Straight.

Sir Douglas Straight, journalist and lawyer, died Wednesday in London. He was Honorary Treasurer of the Newspaper Society and of the Institute of Journalists. He was born in London Oct. 22, 1844, and was educated at Temple Grove, East Sheen, and at Harrow. Sir Douglas engaged in newspaper and magazine work until 1865, when he was called to the bar. For many years he had a large criminal practice. From 1879 to 1892 Sir Douglas was Judge of the High Court at Allahabad and took much interest in the establishmentof the university there. He was President of its Law Faculty and was made the first LL. D. He was knighted in 1892. From 1898 to 1900 he was editor of the Pall Mall Gazette.

H. C. FAHNESTOCK, BANKER, IS DEAD

Vice President of First National and Director in Several Railroads Was in 80th Year.

ASSOCIATE OF JAY COOKE

Gave $50,000 to Cathedral of St. John the Divine and $100,000 to Nurses' Training School.

Harris Charles Fahnestock, for many years a prominent banker, died yesterday morning at his home, 457 Madison Avenue, after two weeks' illness from erysipelas and a complication of diseases. He was in his eightieth year. Gibson Fahnestock, one of his sons, who had been living abroad for a number of years, was notified of his father's critical illness two weeks ago and was at the death bed when Mr. Fahnestock died. In spite of his advanced age Mr. Fahnestock rallied from his illness early in this week, and it was thought that he had a chance of recovery. On Wednesday, however, he sank rapidly.

Mr. Fahnestock was Vice President of the First National Bank of this city and a director of the Southern Railway, the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Rilroad, the Central Railroad of New Jersey, the American Cotton Oil Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company. Although he never attended school after his sixteenth year, he made a close study of banking and was considered one of the foremost authorities on the subject in the United States. He was a trustee of the Metrtpolitan Museum of Art, of which he was formerly treasurer. He was a benefactor of the Post-Graduate Hospital, to which he gave a large sum of money in memory of his wife, who died in 1898. He donated $100,000 for a nurses' training school in 1899. In 1907 he gave $50,000 for the building of the west arch, or "crossing," of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Mr. Fahnestock was born in Harrisburg, Penn., on Feb. 27, 1835, and was the son of Adam K. and Sibyl Amelia Fahnestock, who owned a store in that city. He showed early inclination for business and while attending Harrisburg Academy, a preparatory school, also worked in his father's store. At 16 he obtained employment in the Harrisburg National Bank, of which he soon became paying teller. He became a partner in the old banking firm of Jay Cooke & Co., Washington, D. C., in 1861, and first attracted attention by negotiating for large war loans during the civil war. It was while in Washington that he first became interested in railroads, and he became treasurer of the Washington & Georgetown Line, the first line of horse cars in Washington. In 1866 he came to New York as a member of the firm of Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co., remaining there until it suspended in 1873. During this time he was interested in the building of the Northern Pacific Railroad. When Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. disbanded he made an arrangement with John Thompson and his son, Samuel C. Thompson, President of the First National Bank, who controlled it, by which he took charge of the bond department, with the agreement that in 1877 he was to become an officer of the bank and to obtain control of it. When he was elected Vice President and Director of the bank, and obtained control, in 1877, the Thompsons started the Chase National Bank.

Throughout his business career Mr. Fahnestock was an active church worker. He built the Sunday School of Epiphany Church, in Washington, D. C., while he was in the banking business in the city during the civil war. It was at this time that he entered the Episcopal Church, having been the son of Presbyterian parents. In New York he joined the congregation of St. Thomas's Church, and later became a vestryman. He was also a trustee of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the Charity Organization Society, and a member of the Century, Union League, Union, Metropolitan, and Church Clubs, and a member and patron of the American Museum of Natural History.

SIR WM. R. ANSON DIES.

One of the Foremost Authorities on English Law.

LONDON, June 4.—The Right Hon. Sir William Reynell Anson, member of the House of Commons for Oxford University since 1899, died today.

Sir William Anson was a Unionist. He was Vice Chancellor of the University of Oxford in 1898-9 and Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Education 1902-5. He was born in 1843.

Sir William R. Anson was considered one of the foremast authorities on English law. Among the books on the subject of which he was the author were "Principles of the English Law of Contract" and "Law and Custom of the Constitution." He also edited the 'Memoirs of the Third Duke of Grafton, K. G." He received his education at Eton, Balliol College, and Oxford. He had been a Trustee of the National Portrait Gallery since 1904, and from 1899 to 1912 was Chancellor of the Diocese of Oxford. He was the Warden of "All Souls' College from 1881 until the time of his death, and had been a Trustee of the British Museum for three years.

His brother, Frederick Arthur Anson, who is 63 years old, is his heir, and will be the fourth baronet of the line.

Francis Eben Woodruff.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., June 4.—Francis Eben Woodruff, a former customs inspector in China, died last night at his home, 9 James Street. He was 70 years old. Though born in New York, Mr. Woodruff came of an old New Jersey family. He was graduated from Yale in the class of 1864 and was a member of Skull and Bones. A few days before his graduation Mr. Woodruff was nominated by Secretary of State Seward to the Imperial Maritime Customs Service of China.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. LAURA BURMESTER, wife of Charles M. Burmester, who has been connected with the Kings County Baking Company for the last twenty-five years, died on Tuesday at her home, 98 Grant Avenue, Cypress Hills.

THEODORE S. ARMOUR, Paying Teller of the Union Dime Savings Bank and the oldest employe of that institution, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 674 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, in his 71st year. Mr. Armour celebrated his fifty-fifth anniversary with the bank just sixteen days ago. His wife, Mary J. McDonald, who died several years ago, was the sister of the late Albert G. McDonald, at one time Corporation Counsel for Brooklyn. Mr. Armour is survived by two sons, Albert P. and Theodore R. Armour, and two daughters, Mildred McDonald Armour and Mrs. Florence A. Ashfield.

JOHN W. DE MOTT, Superintendent of the Hewlett Bay Company, died on Wednesday at his home in Hewlett, L. I. Mr. De Mott was 64 years old and was formerly a contractor and builder in Woodmere and Hewlett. He left a widow and three sons.

ARCHIBALD BRUCE MAHON, 55 years old, a well-known detective and senior member of the Waddell & Mahon Corporation, 200 Fifth Avenue, died on Wednesday at his home in Midland Park, N. J. He was born in this city and was the son of Dr. Mahon, house physician of Bellevue Hospital. At an early age he became associated with Allan Pinkerton, the sleuth. In 1905 Mr. Mahon joined the late James Farley and broke the strike on the elevated and Subway. Mr. Mahon then formed his firm and broke many strikes in this country during the last nine years. He is survived by his widow and is said to have left a large estate.

LOUIS PHILIP LANGLOTZ, 56 years old, of 564 Grant Avenue, East New York, died yesterday at his home from complications resulting from injuries to one of his knees. Mr. Langlotz was employed by Henry Lindenmeyr & Sons, paper merchants, and was one of the founders of the Credit Men's Association of New York.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

BRADLEY—VERRILL.—Prof. and Mrs. Addison E. Verrill announce the engagement of their daughter, Edith Barton, to Wingrove T. Bradley of Boston, Mass. No date has been set for the wedding.

GREENFIELD—STERN.—The engagement has been announced of Miss Flora Stern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stern, 464 Riverside Drive to Mr. William B. Greenfield, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo D. Greenfield, 1,239 Madison Av.

FARRELL — FARRELL, — Agnes Farrell to William B. Farrell.

Married.

BROOKS—STABLER.—On June 4, 1914, at Greenwich, Conn. Eleanor Merritt Stabler, daughter of Edward L. and Elizabeth T. Stabler, to Charles Franklin Brooks.

ENGLE—HOSFORD.—At Red Rose Manor, Chapel Hill, N. J., on June 4. Faith Hosford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac B. Hosford, to James Rhoads Engle of Boston.

WYETH—GRESS.—Elizabeth M., daughter Mrs. George W. Gress, to George E. Wyeth of New York, at Lancaster, Penn., June 4.

FOSTER—DAVEGA.—June 3, Alice Davega to Byron R. Foster.

GILL—BOURKE.—June 3, Josephine Bourke to Russell Gill.

HEYDT — MAHER.—June 3, Kathleen M. Maher to Charles O. Heydt.

KYLE—HOLMAN.—June 3, Angeline Holman to George W. Kyle.

NORMAN — HIGGINS.—June 3, Genevieve Higgins to Francis G. Norman.

POUCH—DRUCKLIEB.—June 3, Edna Druckliеb to Arnold C. Pouch.

Brooklyn.

CARR—SCOTT.—June 3, M. Rowan Scott to Dr. Robert Carr.

HOCH—WENISCH.—June 3, Florence Wenisch to Dr. George F. Hoch.

JOHNSON—HOLT.—June 3, Mae Holt to Wilhelm Johnson.

LOZIER—KOEPKE.—June 4, Edith Koepke to John H. Lozier.

NITHEN — ALBRECHT. — June 3, Viola S. Albrecht to J. Joseph Nithen.

SHELDON—PRATT.—June 3, Winifred B. Pratt to Berniss B. Sheldon.

Newark.

ADAMS—PORTER.—June 3, Marjorie Porter to Benjamin F. Adams.

FINLEY—MORGAN.—June 3, Mary J. Morgan to Michael J. Finley.

HELLER—WERRLEIN. — June 3, Emma Werrlein to Herbert Heller.

HUNKELER—HIPPENSTEEL.—June 3, Florence Bippart to Herbert J. Hunkele.

MAFFEE—BALDWIN.—June 2, Olive Baldwin to Frank J. Maffee.

ROSENSTEIN—BUTANSKY.—June 2, Mary Butansky to Max Rosenstein.

SCHROEDER — LANGENECKER.—June 1, Katherine Langenecker to Henry Schroeder.

W

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Go Higher—More Hopeful View Taken of Rate Case and Legislation Outlook.

Two matters in which the financial community is keenly interested and about which it has lately expressed concern were discussed more hopefully yesterday. Fundamentally, opinion regarding them was hardly altered, but the Street's surface treatment of them was in more hopeful vein to a sufficient extent to influence market sentiment favorably. The first of these was the rate case, about which within the last few days misgivings had been expressed. Yesterday traders seemed to be impressed with the repeated assertions that the decision would be in favor of the railroads. The other matter was the proposed anti-trust legislation, of which it was being said in some quarters that Congress might adjourn without enacting these bills into law. This ran counter not only to what has been the general expectation, but counter also to the known determination of the Administration to have its programme of new corporation legislation carried through at this session. There are enough people in Wall Street who feel certain that this year will bring a change in the political complexion of Congress to make a postponement of this legislation appear tantamount to its defeat, and this point of view is taken count of in any thought which the Street gives to the possibility of a failure of this legislation at the present session.

Upon such changes in viewpoint on matters with which Wall Street discussion has long been dealing rests at the moment the day-to-day drift of stock market sentiment. Positive developments of real moment to the stock market have for some time been rare incidents of the news, and from without there has for a good while past come no strong impulse, either favorable or unfavorable, so far as the supply or demand for stocks is concerned. Meanwhile the great ease in money facilities the market expression of any hopefulness which is engendered among those who look forward to the favorable developments which are relied on to give increased impetus to business at large, and through that to the market for stocks.

Bearing as they do on the possible extent of any further gold demand which may be made on this market, the current statements of the great central banks of Europe are of weekly interest at present. The Bank of France this past week gained no less than $10,400,000 gold, but the report of the Bank of England, as was the case with last week's statement, while indicating that the gold drain on that institution has ceased failed to show any substantial gain in the Bank's bullion holdings. Evidently the record gold holdings which the Bank of France has accumulated renders the gold demand from that quarter less keen than it was, but so long as the English Bank does not make greater headway toward a higher percentage of reserve than it has lately made there will remain the likelihood of this market being called upon to contribute to the English gold supply, as it has already liberally contributed to the Continental demand.

The recent belief that the gold outflow had about come to an end was based in considerable measure upon the expectation that when the South African gold arrivals become available to the Bank of England, as they did in large part this week and last, that bank would be able to add largely to its gold supply. That expectation has not yet been realized, and New York therefore still faces the possibility of having to ship more gold to Europe. Sterling exchange was a little higher again yesterday, but the present advance is proving a much more deliberate movement than the rise which culminated ten days ago. This no doubt is in part due to the increased disposition to draw against foreign credits at this high rate of exchange, a disposition which is naturally increased by the prospect of heavy agricultural exports this Fall.

A sidelight on the confidence with which unusually large sales of agricultural staples to foreign markets are expected is supplied by the banking arrangements which are now being made by grain exporting houses. The banks are receiving requests from some such houses for large increases in the credits customarily extended to these concerns. These requests are based directly upon the present indication that the country will this year have a very large exportable surplus of grains.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l
On call	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
A year ago	3	2½	2¾	2¾
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period 1913	6	2	..	..

	60 Days.	4 Mos.	6 Mos.
On time	2½	3	3@3¼
Commercial paper—	3@4 Mos.		6 Mos.
Highest grade names	3¼@3½	3¼@3¾	
Other well known names	3½@3¾	3¾@4	

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$310,648,036	$17,317,070
Sub-Treasury credit balance		581,884
Banks lose since Friday		5,338,000

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money.	Check on London.
London	2%@2¼	2¼@2½	
Paris	2%	2@2¼	25f 18
Berlin	2%	2@2¼	20m 49½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
The range for demand sterling was:

	High.	Low.	Last.
Yesterday	$4.8865	$4.8855	$4.8865
A year ago	4.8690	4.8670	4.8680
Since Jan. 1	4.8880	4.8535	....
Same period 1913	4.8790	4.8570	....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8865	$4.8910
Paris	5.15⅝–3-32	5.14⅜–3-32
Berlin	95⅜–1-32	95 7-16–1-32
Switzerland	5.15⅝–1-16	5.15–3-32
Holand	40.28	40.31
Belgium	5.18¾–1-32	5.18⅛–3-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.86	$4.85
Paris	5.18¾–1-16	5.19⅜–1-16
Berlin	94⅞	94¼

Bankers' Commercial Bills.

	60 Days.	90 Days.
London	$4.8575	$4.8473
Paris	5.18⅛–1-16	5.19⅜–1-16
Berlin	94⅜	94¼
Amsterdam	40.05	39.95

Domestic Rates.
Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	20c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	20c	Montreal	15%@par
Boston	Par	St. Paul	50c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 25 15-16d per ounce, up 3-16d; New York, 56½o up ⅝o.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, March, 1934	101⅞	102	101⅞	102
4½s, March, 1963	107	107⅛	107	107⅛
4½s, May, 1957	107	107⅛	107	107⅛
4½s, Nov. 1957	107	107⅛	107	107⅛
4½s, May, 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	102
4½s, Nov., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	101⅛	102
4½s, March, 1930–60	101⅛	102	101⅛	102⅛
4½s, March, 1962	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
4½s, Sept., 1960	101⅛	102	101⅛	102
4s, May, 1959	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, Nov., 1958	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, May, 1957	99	99¼	99	99¼
4s, Nov., 1956	98¾	98⅞	98¾	98⅞
4s, Nov., 1955	98¾	98⅞	98¾	98⅞
4s, Nov., 1936	98¾	99	98¾	99
4s, 1913–1919	99	..	99	..
3½s, Nov., 1954–55	87⅞	88	87⅞	88
3½s, May, 1954	87⅞	87¾	87⅞	87¾
3½s, 1908–1958	87⅞	88	87⅞	88

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Railroad Millennium.

In local banking and financial circles it was thought yesterday that if all of Herr von Gwinner's speech to the American Luncheon Club in Berlin had been cabled it would have been seen that he had qualified in some ways his assertion that American railroads should be given a 50 per cent. increase in freight rates. An increase of that size, if made at one time, would so revolutionize business as to stop much of the traffic instead of increasing it. Fifty per cent. is much more than the traffic would bear. In many industries the margin of profit on articles produced is so narrow that even a moderate increase in rates would halt production, and there are comparatively few articles which could stand as much as Herr von Gwinner suggested. He would increase the railways' net revenues by hundreds of millions, where their managers would be well pleased to get tens of millions. The Eastern roads which are now trying to get a 5 per cent. increase figure that a horizontal increase of that amount would add $50,000,000 a year to their revenues. A 50 per cent. increase covering the entire country would add more than a billion dollars, and most of this would be carried through to net earnings—after prices of manufactured products had been advanced sufficiently to enable them to bear the increased cost of transportation.

***

Good Demand for New Bonds.

The offering of $30,000,000 of St. Paul 4½s was well received yesterday, and a large part of the issue was sold. The bond market is not greedy for new securities, but it has been comparatively free of them for a few weeks and appeared ready to absorb these bonds. As the bankers have not bought the $30,000,000 of St. Paul 4½s, but are acting as selling agents for the company, it is not likely that the unsold portion of the issues, if any remains, will come upon the market soon.

***

Lehigh's Earnings.

Weakness in Lehigh Valley shares in the past few days has carried the price down almost to the low figure for the year, which was 132¼. Yesterday the issue sold from 135½ down to 134, but closed at 135. It would seem that if the talked-of dividend reduction comes at the meeting on June 17 it will not be forced upon the Directors by current earnings. The company's net operating income for the first ten months of this year decreased $2,350,000, an amount equivalent to 3.8 per cent. on the stock, but the indications are that the road will still earn its dividend requirements with a small margin to spare. The smaller demand for anthracite resulting from a great deal of mild weather last Winter was the principal factor in reducing the Lehigh's revenues. About 45 per cent. of the company's total revenue comes from this business.

***

Redemptions Show a Falling Off.

As a result of the recent Treasury notice to national banks that they would have to stand express charges on clean banknotes sent in for redemption there have been fewer of these notes sent in and a noteworthy decline in the volume of redemptions, thus accomplishing the purpose that the Treasury had in view. The local banks have lately sorted over more carefully than they used to the notes received from correspondents, and there has been, in consequence, less "sound" currency sent to Washington. Also, some of the institutions of the financial district which have had to make payments to the Sub-Treasury of money received on deposit as the product of internal revenue collections have delivered banknotes instead of legal tender, and the Sub-Treasury has looked after redemptions which otherwise would have fallen on the banks. Certain banks have continued to send down to the Treasury large amounts of banknotes for redemption, although not in the quantity common before the order was issued, while others have dispatched very little. The banks are watching closely for opportunity to put as much as possible of the currency which comes to them into circulation. Those institutions which supply cash to corporations for payroll purposes are making use of national banknotes where formerly considerable legal tender was employed.

***

Signs of Co-operation.

Since the banks began to curtail redemptions some if not all of them have had no deductions made in payments by the Treasury Department for banknotes sent in. The Treasury sends to the redeeming bank a warrant, calling for legal tender, which amounts to the face value of the redeemed notes, except when a charge is made for express charges entailed in sending to banks of issue notes still good enough for circulation. For a few days after the Government officials changed the former procedure the warrants were, in most cases, less than they would have been under the old order. But now several banks report that the full warrant is being received. This fact is interpreted as an indication of co-operation of the Treasury with the banks to overcome a situation which caused loud outcries from many of the latter when it first appeared.

***

Steel for Oil Fields.

The steel trade talked yesterday of a fair improvement of buying this week in numerous lines, which was taken in some quarters to be the fair sign of a good-sized tonnage movement. It is reported that the export business has been helped by orders for steel for development work in the oil fields of Mexico. Dispatches from the Tampico and Tuxpam districts would seem to indicate that plans are under way for important extensions of present operations, despite the uncertainties of martial activities in that country.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Investment Bankers' Association of America has issued a bulletin embodying the opinion of its counsel, Caldwell, Masslich & Read, that the individuals of a partnership have a right to prorate in their income tax returns all the deductions from partnership income specified in Subsection B, and to exclude from such income interest received on municipal bonds, despite the ruling of the Internal Revenue Commissioner to the contrary.

The Union Trust Company has declared the usual quarterly dividend of 4 per cent. and an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on its $3,000,000 of stock, payable July 1. The extra dividend was declared to make the annual rate on the enlarged capital equal to one-third the annual rate paid on the former capital of $1,000,000.

The Federal Light & Traction Company will complete in the current year a comprehensive programme of improvements calling for a total expenditure of $741,000. Since its organization in 1910 the company has expended directly and through its subsidiaries upward of $10,000,000 in the purchase and development of public utility properties.

STOCKS EX-DIVIDEND TODAY.

The following stocks listed on the New York Stock Exchange are quoted ex-dividend today:

Chesapeake & Ohio.
Chino Copper.
Hocking Valley.
Nevada Consolidated.
Railway Steel Spring preferred.
Ray Consolidated.
Utah Copper.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Strength in the Oil Stocks the Only Feature of a Quiet Market.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 53,080 shares of stock and $141,500 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 8,715; oils, 1,585, and mining, 47,780. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Brit.-A. Tob.	22½	22½	22½	22½
400	B.-A. T. new	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
225	In. Rub. tr. c.	7¼	7½	7¼	7½
60	Kelly Sp. T.	59	60	59	60
15	K. Sp. T. pf.	145	145	145	145
600	Mar. of Am.	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½
50	Maxwell Mo.	14	14	14	14
100	M. M. 2d pf.	18	18	18	18
640	N. C. & S. pf.	97¼	97¼	97¼	97½
225	Pueb. T. & R.	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23⅝
400	Riker Heg.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
100	Ster. G., w. i.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
100	United P. S.	5½	5½	5¼	5½
15	U. S. L. & H.	6	6	6	6
100	Way. C. & G.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
610	Willys Over.	76	76	75	75

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
500	Ang.-Am. Oil	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅛
1	At. Refining	615	615	615	+ 1
8	Ch. Mfg. Co.	668	668	668	+ 1
10	Con. Oil	229	229	229	– 1
5	Cumb. P. L.	56	56	56	– 1
20	Nat. Transit.	38½	38½	38½	– ⅛
2	N. Y. Tran.	280	280	280	+ 1
170	Ohio Oil	179	177	178½	+ ½
105	Pierce Oil	80	80	80	– 2
48	Pr. O. & G.	470	465	469	+ 6
55	S. Penn. Oil.	293	293	296	..
5	S. Pa. P. L.	148	148	148	..
300	St. O. of Cal.	329	322	326	+ 2
40	St. O. of Ind.	500	497	498	+ 3
9	S. O. of Ken.	280	279	279	+ 2
80	St. O. of N.J.	414	410	413	+ 2½
220	S. O. of N.Y.	216	213	216	+ 1½
20	Union T. L.	88	87	88	+ ½
10	Vacuum Oil	229	229	229	+ 1

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
550	Con. Gas. rts.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾

MINING STOCKS.

1,100	*Blue Bull	3	3	3	3
300	Boston Mont.	9⅜	9⅜	9½	9½
1,100	Braden Cop'r.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
100	B. C Copper	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
4,600	*Can Gd Sil.	8½	8	8	8½
100	*Car Cobalt	68	68	68	68
100	Copper Mines	1½	1½	1½	1½
1,300	Con. Ar. Sm.	½	½	½	½
700	*Florence	51	52	51	51
500	Gold Hill	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
75	Goldfield Con	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
15	Greene-Can.	33⅝	33½	33¾	33½
300	*Kerr Lake	4 5-16	4¼	4 3-16	4¼
100	Mason Valley	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,500	*McK.-Dar.	76	79	76	79
100	New Bal. Cp.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
700	*Nevada Hills	31	33	31	33
150	Nip. Mns. Co.	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
500	*N. Butte D.	20	20	20	20
2,500	*North Star	32½	33	32½	33
1,000	*Oro	12	12	12	12
1,100	Pac. Smelters	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
4,000	*Sandst. K.	13¼	13½	13	13
510	†Std. Sil.-Ld.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
100	Tono. Bel.	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16
400	Tonopah Ext.	2 13-16	2¾	2 13-16	2¾
200	Tono. J. But.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
3,000	*Tono. Merger	51	52	51	52
8,500	*Tono. Midway	27	30	27	28
2,000	*Tono. R. Eula	15	16	15	16
200	Tulsrosa	¾	7-16	⅜	7-16
7,030	W. End Con.	86	92	86	92
3,000	*W. End Ext.	4	4½	4	4½

BONDS.

$10,000	Can. Pacific 6 p. c. notes	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
5,000	Chile Cop. 7s	110	110½	110	110¼
110,500	Consol. Gas conv. 6s	114⅜	115¼	114⅜	115
1,000	Mason Val. 6s	50	50	50	50
16,000	W. Pacific 5s	53	53¼	54⅜	54⅜

*Sells cents per share. †Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	17	17½	17	17½
Atlantic Refining	610	620	610	620
Borne-Scrymser	290	300	290	300
Buckeye Pipe L.	143	150	140	141
Chesebrough Mfg.	660	670	665	675
Colonial Oil	100	110	100	110
Continental Oil	227	232	228	233
Crescent Pipe Line	49	52	49	53
Cumberland P. L.	55	58	54	57
Eureka P. L.	260	265	260	265
Galena-Signal Oil	178	179	176	179
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	145	150	143	153
Indiana Pipe Line	132	135	132	135
National Transit	38	40	38	40
New York Transit	280	285	278	283
Northern Pipe Line	117	120	117	120
Ohio Oil	178	180	177	179
Prairie Oil & Gas	467	472	462	467
Solar Refining	300	310	300	310
Southern Pipe Line	222	225	222	225
South Penn. Oil	300	305	300	300
S. W. Penn. P. L.	147	150	147	150
Standard Oil (Cal.)	325	327	324	326
Standard Oil (Ind.)	497	502	492	497
Standard Oil (Kan.)	435	445	435	445
Standard Oil (Ky.)	275	290	277	282
Standard Oil (Neb.)	365	370	365	375
Standard Oil (N. J.)	411	413	409	411
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	214	216	213	215
Standard Oil (Ohio)	410	420	410	420
Swan & Finch	190	200	190	200
Union Tank Line	86	88	87	89
Vacuum Oil	227	230	227	230
Washington Oil	48	52	47	52
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	June 4. Bid.	Asked.	June 3. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	132	138	132	138
American Cigar pf.	98	100	98½	100
Am. Mach. & Fdy.	85	90	85	90
British-Am., new	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
Conley Foil	280	290	280	300
Johnson Tin & M.	125	175	125	175
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacA. & Forbes	195	200	195	200
MacA. & Forbes pf.	98	100	98	100
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	230	240	230	240
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	130	140	130	140
R. J. Reynolds	265	275	265	275
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	101	103	101	103
Tobacco Products pf.	84	86	84	86
Un. Cigar Stores	87	88½	87½	88
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115
Un. Profit Shar. Co.	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Electric Power	12	13
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	42	45
American Light & Traction	336	341
American Light & Traction pf.	108	110
*American Gas & Electric	81	88
*American Gas & Electric pf.	46	48
American Power & Light	81	82
American Power & Light pf.	82½	84
American Public Utilities	47	50
American Public Utilities pf.	71	73
Am. W. W. & Elec. partic. pf.	73¼	73¾
Am. W. W. & Elec. 1st pf.	73½	74
American W. W. & Electric	5⅝	6⅝
Appalachian Power Co.	4	6
Appalachian Power Co. pf.	15	20
Arizona Power Co.	9	10
Arizona Power Co. pf.	5½	..
Arizona Power 1st 6s, '33	82	40
Cities Service	81	89
Cities Service pf.	86	87
Colorado Power Co.	72	74
Colorado Power Co. pf.	15	17
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	85	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	59	61
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	80½	82
Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s	91	93
Electric Bond & Share Co.	98¼	100
Electric Bond deposit pf.	67	70
Empire District Electric 5s	75	80
Empire District Electric pf.	75	76
Federal Light & Traction	20	22
Federal Light & Traction pf.	68	70
Gas & Electric Securities	100	115
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	80	85
Gen. Gas & Electric	3	8
Gen. Gas & Electric pf.	55	65
Great Western P. 1st 5s, '46	78	81
Lincoln Gas & Electric	25	30
Mobile Electric 1st 5s, '46	85	90
Northern Ontario L. & P.	16	18
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	60	63
Northern States Power	20	21
Northern States Power pf.	78	79
Ozark Power & Water	30	38
Pacific Gas & Electric	39	40
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	80	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	20	22
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	73	75
Southern California Edison	79	81
Southern California Edison pf.	96	98
Standard Gas & Electric	5	8
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	22	23
Tennessee Ry. L. & P.	13	14½
Tennessee Ry. L. & P. pf.	67½	68
United Light & Rys.	70	74
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	74	76
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	68	71
United Utilities Co.	20	25
United Utilities pf.	97¼	101
Utah Securities	16	17
Western Power	18	20
Western Power pf.	68	69

*Par value $50.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday copper was easy and down ⅛o. Tin was firm at an improvement of ½c. five tons of June sold at 39.90c.

Closing prices for copper and other metals were:

Copper—	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
June	13.40	13.90	Spelter	5.05	5.15
July	13.40	13.90	Lead	3.85	3.95
August	13.40	13.90	Antimony	7.25	7.37½
			Tin	39.90	41.12½

Copper in the London metal market was weak, spot declining 1s 3d, to £61 17s 6d, and futures were 2s 6d lower, at £62 10s. Tin showed some strength, advancing £1, for spot and futures, to £140 and £143, respectively. The market after early firmness shiftedy. Spelter, pig lead, £19 15s, up 10s. Spelter, G. O. B. unchanged. Clove-land warrants, 51s 6½d.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
41	Bank of Baltimore	170	170	170
5	Fidelity & Deposit	149	149	149
5	Merch.-Mech. Bank	31½	31½	31½
60	Nor. Ry. & Light	25	25	25
100	Northern Central	126¼	126¼	126¼
10	Union Bank	138	138	138
30	United Rys. & Elec.	27¾	27¾	27¾
20	U. S. Fid. & Guar.	188	188	188
30	Wayland Oil & Gas	5½	5½	5½

BONDS.

$5,000	B. Sp. Pt. & C. 4½s	97¾	97¾	97¾
1,000	Carolina Central 4s	87½	87½	87½
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	94½	94¾	94½
1,000	Con Gas 5s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
3,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Mt. V.-W. Cot. D. 5s	33	33	33
4,000	Pa. Water & P. 5s	91½	91½	91½
9,000	U. R. & El. 1st 4s	83¾	83⅝	83¾
5,000	U. R. & El. inc. 4s	62⅝	62⅝	62¾
1,000	U. R. & El. fdg. 5s	86¾	86¾	86¾
1,000	U. R. & E. fdg. 5s, $500	87	87	87
100	U. R. & E. fdg. 5s, asm.	88	88	88
70,500	U. Rys. & El. Notes	100	100	100

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1	Ahmeek	275	275	275
110	Allouez	41	41	41
50	American Zinc	16½	16½	16½
145	Arizona Com'l	4¾	4¾	4¾
2,255	Butte & Superior	40¾	39¾	40⅛
280	Calumet & Arizona	65¾	65½	65⅝
30	Centennial	17½	17½	17½
35	Copper Range	37	36½	37
55	Daly West	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
10	Franklin	4¾	4¾	4¾
430	Granby	81½	81½	81½
20	Isle Royale	21	20¾	21
25	Lake	6¼	6½	6½
120	Mass. Con.	5¼	5	5
10	Mayflower	4 5-16	4 5-16	4 5-16
185	New Arcadian	5¼	5¼	5¼
125	North Butte	26	25⅝	26
10	North Lake	1½	1½	1½
5	Old Dominion	47½	47½	47½
40	Pond Creek	18¾	18¾	18¾
25	Ray Con.	21¼	21¼	21¼
30	St. Mary's Land	35½	35½	35½
550	Superior & Boston	2	2	2
10	Superior Copper	28½	28½	28½
10	Tamarack	36	36	36
10	Trinity	13¼	13¼	13¼
175	U. S. Smelting	34¼	34	34
258	U. S. Smelting pf.	46¼	46¼	46½
10	Wolverine	41	41	41

RAILROADS.

7	Boston & Albany	178	178	178
10	Boston Elevated	81	81	81
42	Boston & Maine	34¾	34	34¾
1	Boston & Maine pf.	52	52	52
7	Pitchburg pf.	80	80	80
89	West End St. Ry.	66⅜	65½	66

MISCELLANEOUS.

11	Am. Agr. Chem.	54½	54	54½
44	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	96	96⅜	96
590	Am. Pneu. Service	3¼	3¼	3¼
615	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	21¾	20¾	21¾
151	Mass. Gas	84	83⅜	83⅞
158	Mass. Gas pf.	90¼	90	90
10	McElwain pf.	100¼	100	100¼
90	New Eng. Tel.	136½	136½	136½
50	Reece Buttonhole	18½	18½	18½
15	Swift & Co.	107	107	107
4	Torrington pf.	28½	28½	28½
742	United Fruit	152¾	151⅞	151⅞
7,900	United Shoe Mach.	61⅜	59¼	60⅝
80	Unit. Shoe Mach. pf	29½	29¼	29½

BONDS.

$1,000	Miss. Riv. Power 5s	81½	81½	81½
4,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101
5,000	Pond Creek 8s	102	102	102
2,000	Unit. Fr. 4½s, 1925	95	95	95
3,000	Western Tel. 5s	98⅝	98¼	98⅝

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Booth Fish. pf.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales June 4, 1914	185,355
Same day last year	533,367
Total year to date	34,743,409
Same period last year	38,646,669
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	68.82 +.32
Same day last year	66.55 —.61

	High.		Low.	
This year's range	73.30	Jan. 31	65.24	Apr. 25
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	66.55	June 5
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27½	27⅝	800	Alaska Gold Mines	27⅛	27⅞	27½	27⅝	— ⅛
4¾	4⅞	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
71⅝	71¾	8,500	Amalgamated Cop	71⅝	72	71¼	71⅝	+ ⅛
25⅞	25⅞	400	Am. Beet Sugar	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	+ ⅛
71¾	73½	36	Am. Beet Sugar pf	73½	73½	73½	73½	
28⅝	28⅞	10,050	Am. Can	27½	28⅝	27½	28½	+ 1
92¼	92⅝	800	Am. Can pf	91½	92⅝	91½	92½	+ ⅛
50¾	51	450	Am. Car & Fdry	50⅝	51¼	50⅝	51	+ ⅛
67¼	70	100	Am. Cities pf	67	67	67	67	+ 1
85	88	45	Am. Coal Products	85	85	85	85	
108	110	110	Am. Express	108	108	108	108	
20¼	21	100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	20½	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
31	31¾	200	Am. Ice Securities	31	31½	31	31½	+ ⅛
31¼	32½	200	Am. Locomotive	31¾	31⅞	31¼	31½	+ ⅛
62¾	63	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	62⅝	63	62½	63	+ ⅛
112½	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	+ ⅛
123⅜	123⅝	200	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123¾	123⅝	123⅝	123⅝	+ 1¼
107½	109	67	Am. Tob. pf., new	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	
31½	31⅝	1,640	Anaconda Cop. Co	31⅜	31⅝	31½	31⅝	+ ⅛
98¼	98½	1,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	98¼	98⅜	98	98¼	+ ⅛
100⅝	101	300	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	101	101	101	101	+ ⅛
122	122½	200	Atlantic Coast Line	121⅜	121¾	121¾	121⅝	— ⅛
90¾	91	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio	90⅝	91	90½	90⅝	+ ⅛
		18	Bank of Commerce	170	170	170	170	
42⅞	43¼	2,200	Bethlehem Steel	42¼	43¼	42¼	42⅝	+1⅝
85	86	650	Bethlehem Steel pf	85½	85½	85⅞	85¾	+ ⅛
93¾	93⅝	2,300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	93	93½	93	93½	+ ⅛
20¼	20⅞	300	California Petrol'm	20¾	20⅞	20¼	20⅞	— ⅛
57½	58⅜	200	California Pet. pf	58¼	58⅜	58¼	58⅜	
194⅞	194⅞	3,150	Canadian Pacific	194	195	193⅝	194½	+1½
34⅜	34⅞	900	Central Leather Co	34½	34⅞	34⅜	34⅝	+ ⅜
101¼	101½	300	Cent. Leather Co. pf	101½	101½	101½	101¾	+ ⅝
52	52⅜	2,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	52	52½	51⅞	52⅛	
13½	13⅞	1,400	Chi. Gt. Western	13⅞	14	13⅝	13⅞	+ ⅛
35⅜	35⅝	1,000	Chi. Gt. West. pf	14⅜	14⅜	13⅞	14	+1
99½	99⅝	1,400	Chi., Mil. & St. P	99¾	99¾	99¼	99½	+ ⅛
135¼	136½	250	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	155	155½	154½	155	+ ⅛
129½	131	200	Chi. & Northwest	130	150	130	135½	—2½
41½	41⅝	600	Chino Copper	41⅝	41⅝	41¼	41⅝	+ ⅛
52	52½	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	51	51	51	51	—¼
27	27¼	400	Col. Fuel & Iron	27	27⅜	27	27⅜	+ ⅛
120	120½	700	Consolidated Gas	128⅝	129	128⅝	129	+ ⅝
8⅞	9	400	Corn Products Ref	9	9¼	9	9	+ ⅛
64	66	50	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	65	65	65	65	
94	94¾	200	Deere & Co. pf	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ⅛
148¾	149½	100	Del. & Hudson	149⅞	149⅞	149⅞	149⅞	+ ⅛
398	405	850	Del., Lack. & West	399½	400	398½	399½	+ 1½
14¼	15	100	Distillers' Securities	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	+ ⅛
28⅝	28⅞	1,000	Erie	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+ ⅛
43¼	44	200	Erie 1st pf	43¼	43¾	43¼	43¾	+ ⅛
31½	33	110	Federal M. & S. pf	31½	31½	31½	31½	— ½
105	110¼	40	Gen. Chemical pf	109	109	109	109	
147¾	148½	600	General Electric	148	148	148	148	+ ⅛
94	95⅝	900	General Motors	94	95⅞	94	94¾	+1
93¼	94	300	General Motors pf	93	93	93	93	— ⅛
24½	25	100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	
124⅜	124⅝	500	Great Northern pf	124½	124⅝	124⅜	124⅝	+ ⅛
53	53¼	300	Guggenheim Explor	53	53⅛	53	53⅛	+ ⅛
112	113	100	Illinois Central	112½	112⅝	112½	112⅝	+ ⅛
17	17¼	500	Inspiration Copper	17	17	17	17	
14⅝	14⅞	1,200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
63	63¼	1,250	Inter.-Met. pf	63¼	63¼	63¼	63¼	+ ⅛
107¾	108	200	Int. Harvester, N. J.	107¾	108	107¾	108	+ ⅛
9	9½	400	Int. Paper	9	9¼	9	9	+ ⅛
34½	35	100	Int. Paper pf	34⅝	34⅝	34⅜	34⅝	+ ⅛
26⅞	27¼	200	Kan. City Southern	27	27⅛	26⅞	26⅞	
135	135¼	15,100	Lehigh Valley	135¼	135½	134	135	— ¾
116	120	50	Liggett & Myers pf	118	118	118	118	
113⅜	114½	200	Lorll. Co., Co. pf	114	114	114	114	
68½	69½	100	Mackay Cos. pf	68½	68½	68½	68½	
62⅜	63½	200	Mexican Petroleum	63	63¼	63	63¼	+ ¼
22	22¼	200	Miami Copper	22	22	22	22	
124	125	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M	124¼	124½	124½	124½	+ ⅛
18⅜	18⅞	3,200	Missouri Pacific	19	19½	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
51⅞	52	5,100	Montana Power	51½	52¼	51½	52	+ ⅛
103¼	104	100	Montana Power pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+ ⅛
10½	11	100	Nat. En. & St. Co	10½	10½	10½	10½	
46	48¾	100	Nat. Lead Co	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	+ ¼
14⅝	14⅞	400	Nevada Con. Cop	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	
91	91½	1,900	N. Y. Central	90⅝	91¾	90⅜	91¼	+ ⅛
65¼	65⅝	3,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	65	65⅞	64⅝	65¼	— ½
89½	91	14	Norfolk & West. pf	91	91	91	91	
110⅜	110⅞	920	Northern Pacific	109½	111	109½	110⅝	+ ⅛
111⅜	111⅝	1,100	Penn. R. R.	111¾	111⅞	111⅜	111⅝	+ ⅛
121	121½	50	People's Gas., Chi	121	121	121	121	
80½	81⅞	100	P. C., C. & St. L	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	+ ⅛
19	21	200	Pitts. Coal	19	20	19	20	+ ⅛
88	89	700	Pitts. Coal pf	88	88⅝	88	88⅜	+ ⅛
43½	44	100	Pressed Steel Car	44	44	44	44	+ ⅛
102	103	60	Pressed Steel C. pf	103	103	102	102	
1	1⅛	100	Quicksilver	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
1¼	1½	100	Quicksilver pf	1½	1½	1½	1½	
20¼	30	100	Railway Steel Sp	20½	20½	20½	20½	
21⅜	21⅝	1,075	Ray Con. Copper	21¼	21½	21¼	21¼	
164¾	164⅞	20,900	Reading	164½	165¼	163⅝	164¼	+ ⅛
23	23½	850	Rep. Iron & Steel	23¼	23⅞	23	23⅞	+ ⅛
86	87	200	Rep. Iron & St. pf	87	87	87	87	
2¾	3	900	Rock Island Co	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
3¾	4¼	500	Rock Island Co. pf	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
2¾	3⅜	100	St. L. & San Fran	3½	3½	3½	3½	
5	6¾	50	St. & S. F. 2d pf	6	6	6	6	
20	20¼	300	Seab. Air Line	20	20¼	20	20	
54½	55	500	Seab. Air Line pf	54½	54⅝	54¼	54⅜	+ ⅛
92¾	93½	6,300	Southern Pacific	92½	93⅜	92½	93	+ ⅛
39	40	100	So. Pacific 1. r.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	— ⅛
33	34	10	Standard Milling	40	40	40	40	
34⅜	35	200	Studebaker Co	33½	33¾	33½	33½	+ ⅛
146½	146⅞	100	Tennessee Copper	34⅞	34⅞	34⅜	34⅞	+ ⅛
42	42¼	300	Texas Co	146¾	146¾	146¾	146½	+ ⅛
106¼	107	100	Third Avenue	42¼	42¼	42	42	
5⅞	5⅝	200	Twin City R. T	105	105	105	105	
155	155½	13,550	Union Bon B. & P. Co	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+ ⅛
83¾	84¼	100	Union Pacific	154⅝	155½	154½	155	+ ⅛
97½	101	400	Union Pacific pf	84	84	84	84	
38	39	700	Un. Dry Goods pf	97½	97½	97½	97½	
61¾	61¾	34,600	United Rys. Inv. pf	38	39	38	39	+1
109⅜	109¾	300	U. S. Steel	60⅞	61¾	60⅝	61¼	+ ⅛
56¾	57	3,500	U. S. Steel pf	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	+ ⅛
30	30⅜	800	Utah Copper	56⅜	57⅛	56⅜	57	+ ⅛
¾	1	400	Va.-Car. Chemical	29½	30	29½	30	+1
100	100¼	400	Wabash					
18½	19	1,750	Wells-Fargo Exp	100	100¼	100	100	+ ⅛
31	39⅞	700	Western Maryland	19	19¾	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
61⅞	62¼	400	West. Maryland pf	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞	
77½	77⅝	3,700	Western Union Tel	62	62	62	62	
4	5	300	Westingh. E. & M	77	78	76⅞	77½	+ ½
16	18	400	Wheel. & L. E	4	4	4	4	
6	8	200	W. & L. E. 1st pf	14¾	16	14¾	16	+ ½
96½	98⅛	300	W. & L. E. 2d pf	6	6½	6	6½	+ ⅛
			Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	96⅛	96½	96⅛	96½	+ ½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97½	97½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	87	..
2s, c, 1930	97	..	Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	102
3s, r, 1918	101¼	102	Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102
3s, c, 1918	101¼	102			
4s, r, 1925	106½	110¼			
4s, c, 1925	110	111½			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	97	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	90	..	Erie 2d pf	36½	37½
Allis-Chal.	10¼	12	Erie M. & S.	8	10
Am Ag. Ch.	53½	54½	Gen Ch	160	170
Do pf	95	96½	G'drich (B F) Co pf	85½	89¼
A B S & F'dy	88	92	Gt N Ore ctfs	31	32½
Do pf	136	139½	Hav E Ry. L & P	79	..
Am C & F pf	117¾	118½	Do pf	95	..
Am Coal	85	100	Helme (G W) Co	150	170
Am C Pr pf	105	106	Do pf	108	117
Am Co.	41½	42½	Hock Val.	124	..
Do pf	93½	97	Homest'k.	116	120
A H & L.	3⅞	4⅛	Inger-R	90	..
Am Lin	9½	10	Do pf	92	..
Do pf	26	29	Int Agric.	5	7
A Loc pf	98	100	Do pf	15½	20
Am Malt.	6	7	Int Paper	15½	16
Do pf	42	45	Int Pr pf	113	..
A S pf. B	82½	83½	Int H C	104	106
A S & R pf	101¼	101⅜	Do pf	113	..
Am Snuff	163	166	Int St P.	5	7
Do pf	104	108	Do pf	13	19
Am St Fd	31¼	31⅜	Iowa Cent.	6½	7
Am S R	107½	108	Do pf	13	19
A T & C.	57½	61	K C, Ft S & M pf	..	..
Am Tob	225	229	Kan C So	73½	..
Am Wool.	15	18	pf	60	61¾
Do pf	75½	76½	Kayser (J) & Co	90	94
Am Wr Pa pf	11¼	13	Do 1st pf	110	..
Assets R.	14½	20	K & D M	38	..
Bald Loc.	46	48	Do pf	103	..
Do pf	108	110	Kresge(SS) & Co	80	98½
B & O pf	80⅞	81½	Do pf	102¼	..
Batop M	⅝	¾	Lack Steel	30½	36
Brown Sh.	36	42	Lacl Gas.	96	98
Do pf	86	..	Do pf	5	9
B Un G	126	128	Lake Sh & M.	214	218
Bruns Ter.	6	7	Do pf	6	19
B, R & P.	105	113¾	Ligg & M.	214	218
But'k Co.	28	29½	Long Isl'd.	28	34
Canada So.	57½	..	L. Nav Bls.	30	33
Case (J I) pf	103	105½	Do 1st pf	103	106
Cent Ark.	84⅞	90	Do 2d pf	90	95
C R I & P.	..	..	Lorill Co.	172½	175
N J	300	323	Louis & N.	136	138
C & S A T.	106	107¼	M'kay Cos.	81¾	83
Chi & Alt.	8	9½	Man Elev.	131	131½
Do pf	13	25	M Dep Sts.	58½	60
C, I & L pf	50	80	Do pf	99½	100¾
C & N W	155	155½	Mer Mar.	2	3½
pf	175	185	Do pf	9½	10½
Chi St P.	190	..	Mex Pet	88	..
M & Om.	127	130	Mich Cent.	132	134½
Do pf	135	145	M & St L.	13	13¾
C, C, C & St L	80	85	Do pf	28	32
Clnett-P	66	67½	M. St P & S S M pf	135	143
Do pf	101¼	103	Do 1st	78	82½
Col F & I	27	27½	M. K & T.	17¼	18
pf	125	130	Do pf	51	52
Col & So.	22½	23½	M Pf 1st pf	102¼	..
Do 1st pf	40	42	M Wd pf	108	116
Do 2d pf	33	40	N C & St L	135	140½
Crex Carp.	70	80	Nat Bis.	121	133
Cub-Am S.	..	36	Do pf	125½	..
Do pf	..	84	Nat En pf	86	..
D & R G.	11¾	12	Nat Lead	106½	107¾
Do pf	20	22	Nat Rys of M 1st pf	27	34½
D M C.	..	..	Do 2d pf	11¼	12½
Do pf	9	..	N O M & C pf	..	..
Det Bd.	113	118¾	N Y A Br.	65	67
Det & M.	85	..	N Y, O & W	..	..
Do pf	85	..	St L	36	40
D S S & A	4	5	Do pf	92	100
Do pf	9	11	N Y Dock.	5	20
Du P de N	..	..	Do pf	..	36
Pow pf	85	..	Nor So.	20½	30

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
N Y, O & West	25½	27½	S-S S & I.	26	30
Nort & W.	103½	103¾	Do pf	85	100
North Am.	73	76	So P R S.	20	100
N O T & Light	56	66	Do pf	80	100
Ont Min	2½	3	So Ry	24⅝	25
Pabst B pf	..	102	Do pf	79	80½
Pac Coast	76	90	So P & O ctfs	72	85
Do 1st pf	80	95	Tenn Cop	16	16½
Do 2d pf	80	90	Tenn Ry	98	105
Pac Mail	22¾	23¼	T P L & P	..	..
P T & T	27	28	West	7	10
Peo & Ky	88	90½	Do pf	12¼	15½
Pett-Mull	20	27	T C R T pf	125¼	..
Do 1st pf	..	82	Und Type	75	..
Phelps-D	179	..	Do pf	107½	114½
Phila Co	78	..	U B & P pf	20	22¾
Do 6 p c pf	84	90	Un Cig M.	47	47¾
P. C. & St L pf	95	100	Do pf	80	101
Pitts S pf	85½	92	Un Dr G	83	85
Pub Serv	112½	..	U Rys In	13½	14¾
P'man Co	155	156	Do pf	79	80½
R R Sec I	..	..	Do pf	37	38½
Rock Co	..	78	U S Cast	40	50
Ry St Spr pf	90	98	Do pf	90	100
Rdg 1st pf	88½	89½	U S Ind A	15	30
Do 2d pf	88	89	Do pf	80	83
Rumely(M) Co	11	13	U S Rub	50½	53½
Do pf	29	32	Do 1st pf	102½	103¾
St L & S F 1st pf	10	14½	Do 2d pf	76	87
St L & S F. C & E 1 ctfs	3	10	Utah Cop	47	48
Do pf c	10	25	Vanad'm	32	35
St L S W.	20½	24½	Va-Car Ch pf	100½	101¾
Do pf	60	70	Va I, C & Coke	40	50
Sears-R	185	187	Va Pr pf	90	..
Stand M pf	64½	66	Vul Detin.	6	11
Studeb Co	87½	88⅝	Do pf	23	35
pf			W E M	3⅝	4½
			1st pf	124	128
			Weym-B	215	300
			Do pf	110	120
			Wis Cent	38	41
			W'w'th (F W) pf	116⅜	117

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	78.45	77.99	78.27	+ .15
Industrials	59.47	59.07	59.37	+ .50
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
May 26	69.15	68.93	69.00	— .11
May 27	69.44	69.08	69.33	+ .33
May 28	69.46	69.19	69.27	— .06
May 29	69.25	69.03	69.17	— .10
May 30—Holiday.				
June 1	69.03	68.74	68.79	— .38
June 2	68.67	68.13	68.21	— .58
June 3	68.55	68.09	68.50	+ .29
June 4	68.96	68.63	68.82	+ .32

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
June, 1913	69.23	June 2	63.09	June 10	66.44
June, 1912	82.79	June 6	80.03	June 1	71.84
June, 1911	84.43	June 14	81.48	June 1	82.39
Yr. to date	72.50	Jan. 31	65.25	Apr. 25	68.82
Year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.94
Year 1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.26
Year 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.09

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Receipts and expenditures:

	June 3.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,216,662	$2,818,599	$271,393,679
Int. rev. ord.	1,240,068	2,459,317	283,080,141
Corp. and income tax	440,786	873,005	11,430,226
Misc.	174,387	1,665,529	51,375,337
Total rcts.	$3,080,905	$7,813,451	$617,779,385
Exp'ditures	2,283,526	6,027,721	654,191,902
Surplus	797,378	1,785,730	
Deficit			36,412,516

BANKS IN GROUP 2 ALSO INSURGENT

Will Name Opposition Candidates for Reserve Bank Directors Today.

TO HOLD MEETING IN UTICA

Insist They Should Be Represented by Men from Their Own Group, Not from Larger Banks.

Following the action of insurgents among the banks of Group 3 in nominating an opposition ticket for the election of the two Directors of the Federal reserve bank to represent the group, an insurgent meeting of Group 2 members will be held at Utica today.

Group 2 comprises the 159 national banks in this State having each a capital and surplus of more than $70,000 but less than $190,000. The Nominating Committee that was appointed at a meeting of Group 2 in this city named Robert H. Treman of Ithaca, President of the New York State Bankers' Association, for the Class A Directorship, and William Brewster of this city and F. F. Peabody of Troy to contest for the Class B Directorship.

The basis of the insurgent movement is the same as that in Group 3. Mr. Treman is President of the Tompkins County National Bank, which is in Group 1, that of banks having each a capital and surplus of $100,000 or more. The insurgents maintain that their representative should be from a bank of their own group. There is also understood to be opposition to either Mr. Brewster or Mr. Peabody, because they come from large cities, while most of the Group 2 banks are in small towns.

Among the bankers and business men in these small towns are more than a few who are ambitious to serve as Directors of the Federal reserve bank, and their friends are active in their behalf among the member banks of the group. As was the case in Group 3, a separate ticket probably will be put up by the insurgents at their meeting today.

The banks that signed the call for the insurgent meeting were the Citizens' National of Oneonta, Delaware National of Delhi, Sullivan County National of Liberty, First National of Franklin, First National of Edmeston, First National of Richfield Springs, and First National of Walton.

The Nominating Committee appointed at the earlier conference of Group 2 consists of B. E. Smythe, cashier of the Gramatan National Bank of Bronxville, Chairman; Howard B. Ward, President Le Roy National, Le Roy; Luther Gordon, President First National, Brockport; William W. Clark, President First National, Wayland; E. Alley, President Second National, Cortland; Delmer Runkle, President People's Nathional, Hoosick Falls; W. J. Hamilton, President First National, Corona, and H. C. Morgan, President First National, Cuba.

Nominations made by any of these agencies are merely advisory. The actual nominations, under the law, must be made by the individual banks. The voting is to be done by electors, one chosen by each bank. Blank forms of resolutions to be adopted by the Directors of each bank naming its elector and such nominations as it may wish to make for one Class A and one Class B Director were received by some of the banks in this city yesterday from the Reserve Bank Organization Committee. These are to be certified by the cashier and returned to Washington within ten days. There ballot for each of the three groups will be made up, containing all the nominations. These will be sent to the electors, who must mark their choices and return them within fifteen days.

NEW HAVEN DEFICIT GROWS.

$1,108,000 for 10 Months Against Surplus of $3,649,000 a Year Ago.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford's earnings statement for April shows the results of the activities of the Department of Justice in seeking to break up an alleged transportation monopoly in New England through the elimination of reports for the Boston & Maine, Maine Central, and the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Company. It reflects some improvement over statements for last March and February, but not as compared to corresponding months of last year.

The New Haven in April had gross revenues of $5,518,000, a decrease of $165,000. The net corporate income was $238,000 less than the amount required for interest and rental charges. This compares with a decrease of $184,000 reported for April of last year. For the ten months to the end of April the New Haven road has earned $2,815,000 less than it earned in the corresponding period of last year. Its fixed charges exceeded its net income in the ten months by $1,108,000, whereas a year ago a surplus of $3,649,000 was reported.

The Westchester road, which has occupied such an important role in the New Haven hearings before the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington, did a gross business of $34,340 in April at a cost of $41,385. That company failed to earn its charges by $13,000, against a deficit of $30,000 last year. For the ten months the Westchester's deficit is $223,000, as against $333,000 for the corresponding period last year.

ANSWER CHAMBERLIN SUIT.

Southern Railroads Say It Is Barred by Statute of Limitations.

The Texas & Pacific Railway Company and the Pacific Railway Company, joint defendants with the New Orleans, Baton Rouge & Vicksburg Railroad Company in the suit brought against them by George W. Chamberlin, a bondholder, filed yesterday in the Federal District Court a joint answer to the complaint, which asked that the merger of the Texas & Pacific and the Pacific Railway Company be set aside and that an accounting be rendered of

BROKERS ARE HAZY ABOUT THEIR BOOKS

Neither Stoppani Nor Hotchkin Can Trace Missing $300,000 Securities.

ACCOUNT NO. 30 A MYSTERY

Complaints of Customers to the District Attorney Are Under Investigation.

For three hours yesterday afternoon the partners of the failed Consolidated Stock Exchange firm of Stoppani & Hotchkin were questioned at the offices of Abraham S. Gilbert, the assignee, about 6,586 shares of stock which the expert accountants employed to go over the firm's books could not trace. The hearing brought no result, for each witness replied to the most searching queries directed by Leon Lauterstein, attorney for the assignee, that he had not the slightest remembrance of any transactions which could have required use of the securities outside of the routine of the firm's business. The market value of the stocks, according to the findings of the accountants, was in the neighborhood of $300,000 on May 18, the date of the failure.

In the course of the examination of Joseph H. Stoppani and Walter B. Hotchkin, members of the firm, revelations of an amazing indifference to accepted business procedure were uncovered. Both partners said that in the fourteen years of their partnership an accounting had never been made; that each drew on the profits without keeping any record of his expenditures, and neither had more than a hazy idea of the cost of running the several offices maintained in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

The ownership of a speculative account known as "No. 30" was also a subject of inquiry. Mr. Lauterstein referred to it as the "mysterious account with owner so far unknown," and although particular entries therein, including the record of short sales of 275 shares of Canadian Pacific, which involved over $30,000, were introduced to refresh the memory of witnesses, the account was as mysterious as ever when the hearing adjourned.

Mr. Stoppani was asked if he had known on the day of the failure what the approximate amount of the firm's liabilities was.

"I did not," he replied. "I did not know anything about them." Further questions brought replies which showed that the witness did not possess a very clear idea about the daily conduct of the office, although he was the office partner of the firm.

"Did you ever know exactly how the business stood as regards profits or losses?" was asked.

"No," was the answer. "We never kept a profit and loss sheet. We tried to keep expenses down all we could, but we never botnered to find out how things were going more than in a general way.

"I understand," said Mr. Lauterstein, "that the account called No. 20 was the firm's speculative account. When stocks were bought or sold, did the partners consult over the transaction before it was made?"

"Oh, no," replied the witness; "each of us bought and sold as he desired. The firm did little speculating, though, and the account was not large."

The accountants' report, the attorney said, had shown a debit balance of $27,000 in this account when the assignee took charge.

When asked about the $300,000 of securities that the accountants reported on the books, but not in bank loans or in loans made on the Exchange or in strong boxes, Mr. Stoppani replied that he could not believe that this amount was missing, and said that a mistake had been made, in his opinion, in making up the records. Irving L. Ernst, attorney for the firm, said at this point that it should be borne in the minds of creditors and others present that statements in regard to the undiscovered shares were being made simply on the findings of the accountants. The checking up of accounts, he said, might show a much different state of affairs.

On further questioning Mr. Stoppani said that, while he usually knew what securities were placed in bank loans, there were times when the cashier, F. Maloney, took entire charge of the loans. The cashier testified at a previous hearing that he could tell very little about numerous transactions, of which he was supposed to have knowledge at the time they were carried through.

Mr. Hotchkin said, in reply to questions, that he had borrowed about a year ago approximately $25,000 from a sister and brother-in-law for his own account and without security.

"Did the money go into the firm's capital?" asked Mr. Lauterstein.

"I suppose so," replied the witness, "I simply put in the checks and said to the cashier, 'Here is some money,' I didn't think anything more about it."

The witness said he had not paid off any part of these loans, and was without any means to do so.

Mr. Hotchkin, who is Colonel of the Twenty-second Regiment of Engineers, appeared to know as little as his partner about the business. He said he had not the slightest knowledge of Account 30, and never kept a close eye on the way profits or losses were going.

The hearings will continue with the examination of employes who had charge of the books of the main office. Several creditors who said they had paid in full for stocks and had left their certificates with the brokers were present yesterday to find out what had been done with them. They were told that the investigation would have to go much deeper into the tangled affairs of the firm before the customers could learn where they stood.

Several complaints from customers of the firm have been made to District Attorney Whitman. While no action has been taken, the matter is still under investigation. One complainant was referred to the District Attorney in Brooklyn, another was told to go to a Magistrate.

DOANE MANUSCRIPTS SOLD.

Many Rare Letters Included in Late Bishop's Collection.

The sale of autograph letters and original manuscripts from the library of the late Bishop William Croswell Doane of Albany and from other collections was begun at the Anderson Auction Company's rooms yesterday.

George D. Smith paid $105 for a long and interesting letter by Robert Fulton, New York, Aug. 12, 1813, addressed to Commodore Lewis and relating to Fulton's last invention, a man-of-war propelled by steam.

"Indeed I see," Fulton says, "that such vessels may be so constructed that it is impossible to board or take them, and, contemplating it in every way, it bids fair to be one of the most extraordinary works of art in its results of immense and incalculable importance to our country. It must give protection to our coast, respect for our powers, and, I believe, liberty to the seas."

Another letter by Fulton, dated Brest, Sept. 8, 1801, and referring to his first experiments with the torpedo when he was trying to blow up British war vessels off the French coast, brought $47. A document dated Boston, July 19, 1700, and signed by Richard Coote, Earl of Bellomont, Colonial Governor of New York and Massachusetts, went to Mr. Smith for $25. It was during Bellomont's administration that Capt. Kidd, the pirate, flourished.

W. R. Benjamin paid $17 for a holograph letter by Field Marshal Blucher, whose arrival at Waterloo won the battle for the allies against Napoleon. A document dated Whitehall, Nov. 25, 1666, and signed by Charles II., commuting the death sentence of Sir John Towers to transportation to the Barbadoes, brought $9.50.

W. Muller gave $26 for a letter by James Fenimore Cooper, Paris, Oct. 17, 1826, to a publisher, containing interesting details about sales and profits of his books. A letter from Commodore Stephen Decatur, Aug. 9, 1817, to Robert Fulton, went to Mr. Smith for $30. A letter by Gen. William Henry Harrison, "Headquarters, foot of the Miami Rapids, Feb. 16, 1813," addressed to Gov. Shelby of Kentucky, brought $18.50.

A fine letter by Heinrich Heine, Paris, June 23, 1844, went to F. Madigan for $32. A letter by Samuel Huntington, Connecticut Signer of the Declaration of Independence, dated Oct. 8, 1790, sold for $13. A document dated Feb. 17, 1715, signed by Richard Ingoldsby, Colonial Governor of New York; Philip Schuyler and Joel Collins, was knocked down to Mr. Smith for $3.

A letter by Washington Irving, dated "Alhambra, July 27, 1829," and telling of his intended trip through Europe, sold for $18. Another Irving letter, dated New York, May 11, 1836, addressed to President Martin Van Buren and recommending Theodore S. Fay as Secretary to the American Legation in London, brought $23. An autograph note in the third person by Honore de Balzac to Frederic Lemaitre, the French actor, was sold for $16. Two holograph letters of Elizabeth Barrett Browning brought $41.

The sale will be concluded today.

SAYS IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

Newspapers the Best Medium, Expert Tells Electric Light Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.—The report of a special investigating committee presented this afternoon to the National Electric Light and Power Convention indicated that even in an industry which is constantly growing and which now involves about three billions in capital, newspaper advertising is considered absolutely essential to prosperity and development.

The report was read by P. H. Kemble of Cincinnati, Ohio, Chairman of the Association's Special Committee on Merchandising and Advertising.

"Every central station must advertise in order to grow," Mr. Kemble said. "Yearly or semi-monthly advertising appropriations should be decided upon. Use all newspapers, but concentrate on those giving the best audience. Limit the advertisement to one idea. Spend the time and money to get the copyright, regardless of the cost of getting the argument into the mind of the reader. Advertise continuously."

Newspapers were placed first among all advertising mediums by Mr. Kemble, whose suggestions were based on long investigations in all parts of the country made at the special request of his organization.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Showers Fri., except fair near the coast. Sat., showers; moderate, shifting winds.

S. Car.—Showers Fri. and possibly Sat., except fair Fri. near the coast; moderate s. winds, becoming variable.

Ga.—Showers Fri. and possibly Sat.; gentle to moderate s. winds, becoming variable.

Fla.—Showers Fri. and possibly Sat.; gentle to moderate e. to s. e. winds, except a. over n. w.

Ala. and Miss.—Showers Fri. and possibly Sat.; gentle to moderate winds, mostly s.

La.—Fair in w., thunder storms in e. Fri. and possibly Sat.; gentle to moderate s. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.; moderate s. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Ariz.—Fair Fri. and Sat.

Utah—Fair in s., showers in n. Fri., cooler. Sat., clear.

Okla. Mo. and Ark.—Fair, continued warm Fri. and possibly Sat.

Tenn.—Fair Fri., except showers in extreme e. Sat., possibly fair.

Ky.—Fair and continued warm Fri. and Sat., except possibly showers Sat. in extreme n.

Ohio—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., with occasional showers; fresh n. e. winds.

Ind.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., with occasional showers; moderate, shifting winds.

Ill.—Fair in s., showers in c. and n. Fri.; somewhat colder in c. Sat., fair in s., unsettled in n., with probable showers; fresh winds, mostly n. e., over n.

L. Mich. and U. Mich.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., with occasional showers; moderate n. e. winds.

Wis.—Showers Fri. and probably Sat.; moderate to fresh winds, mostly n. e.

Minn.—Unsettled Fri. and Sat., with occasional showers; fresh to strong n. e. winds Fri.

Iowa—Thunder showers Fri.; cooler in w. and s. Sat., unsettled; probably showers.

N. Dak.—Showers Fri. and probably Sat.

S. Dak.—Showers and cooler Fri. Sat., unsettled; probably showers.

Neb.—Thunder showers Fri.; cooler in n. and e. Sat., unsettled; probably showers in n. and e.

Kan.—Fair, continued warm Fri.; showers and cooler at night or Sat.

Workmen's Compensation

This week's Annalist explains why some State laws on compensation for workmen's accidents tend to encourage fraud because they do not follow correct principles. Numerous other important articles, charts and statistical tables appear in this excellent issue of The Annalist, the leading business weekly. Men who know The Annalist rate their $4 annual subscriptions profitable investments. The Annalist is on sale at all newsstands, 10 cents per copy.

THE ANNALIST
Times Square, New York

PROPOSALS.

GRAND UNION FOR SALE.

The Public Service Commission for the First District invites proposals for the wrecking of the Grand Union Hotel buildings, situated on the east side of Park Avenue, the north side of 41st Street, and the south side of 42nd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan. A description of the buildings and information in regard to the terms and conditions of the contract are given in the information for Bidders and form of contract.

The valuable machinery used in the hotel will be included in the sale. This machinery includes:

A power plant, comprising three 150 horsepower Ball and Wood automatic centre crank engines, direct connected to 75 kilowatt Eddy D. C. generators;

A Worthington duplex fire pump, a Worthington duplex house pump, and 2 Worthington compound elevator pumps;

One Berriman feed water heater and 2 Berriman hot-water heaters;

Two 50-ton ice machines, connected to 48 ice boxes, (Lorillard Refrigerator Company,) and 2 engine compressors of Buffalo Refrigerating Machinery Company;

Two new water tube boilers, 125 horse power each;

One complete engine room switchboard, (Sindars and Hunt);

Complete laundry machinery, including one 4-roll 10-inch belt-driven steam mangle.

Copies of the Information for Bidders and forms of contract and proposal may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Commission at his office, No. 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan. Sealed bids or proposals will be received by said Secretary at said office until the 8th day of June, 1914, at 12:15 o'clock P. M., at which time and place the proposals will be publicly opened.

Dated New York, June 2, 1914.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION FOR THE FIRST DISTRICT.

By EDWARD E. McCALL, Chairman.
TRAVIS H. WHITNEY, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y., until 3 o'clock P. M., June 17, 1914, and then opened, for furnishing and delivering to Lighthouse Depot, Tompkinsville, N. Y., two oil engines and air compressors. Blank proposals and particulars may be obtained by addressing the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, NEWPORT, R. I., June 1, 1914.—Sealed proposals for dredging in Providence River and Harbor, R. I., will be received at the U. S. Engineer Sub-Office, Federal Building, Providence, R. I., until 12 o'clock noon, June 30, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. JOHN MILLIS, Col., Engrs.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., June 4, 1914.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for rewiring and furnishing new electrical fixtures in various buildings on Governors Island, will be received here until 10:30 A. M., June 16, 1914. Information furnished on application to Department Quartermaster.

TRADE DULL IN SPOTS, REDFIELD EXPLAINS

Cabinet Member Lays Some of the Depression in the East to "Mental Mourning."

THINKS CONDITIONS SOUND

Hears from Many Quarters That Men Who Are Talking Hard Times Really Are Prosperous.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 4.—William C. Redfield, Secretary of Commerce, in a speech here today before the Chamber of Commerce, discussed business conditions throughout the country. In part, he said:

"If we would place the business atmosphere of the country on a sort of commercial weather map, such as is used by the Weather Service, we should find a curious condition. In the extreme Southeast and Southwest would be areas where the business barometer is high. All through the great central part of the country, where the bulk of our wheat is grown, would be another great area of fair weather and high pressure. Over the great cotton areas of the South would be no depression, not even unsettled conditions, but a normal, looking for great agricultural favors expected to come. High barometer also prevails where automobiles are made, in and about the lake area. Over the Northeastern States would be found a section of low barometer and marked depression. If the state of mind of the different parts of our country could be shaded in colors, the great body of the West would be white, while an area of dull gray would represent our Northeastern States.

Hopes for "Mental" Adjustment.

"One does not mean to deride a depressed state of mind in speaking of it as a psychological condition. The people that feel that way feel just as badly about it as if the condition were physical rather than psychological. The hope lies in the fact that the realities of the physical condition may so assert themselves ere long that the mental state will adjust itself to them and be relieved."

After citing reports of depression in various foreign countries, Mr. Redfield continued:

"Few men would be so bold as to deny the world-wide conditions which have been suggested. This is not an age in which whole nations are separated. Their commercial and industrial alliances on the one hand and competitions on the other are close. That which affects one adversely is reflected upon the others. It is the merest childishness to select one of them out from the others and deal with it as if its own internal procedure were the sole cause of the conditions found in it.

Drop in Foreign Business.

"A good deal has been made of the fact that our foreign business during the month of April shows a decrease in the exports of about $37,000,000 and an increase in the imports of about $27,500,000, and that the merchandise transactions of that month show an apparent balance against us somewhat in excess of $11,000,000, and gleeful conclusions as to the effects of the tariff law are drawn by high-speed thinkers from rather meagre data. Looking plainly at the facts, we find them to be as follows:

"During April the increase of imports is found to be in the following items:

"Crude materials for use in our manufactures, $12,500,000; crude foodstuffs, over $4,000,000; partly manufactured foodstuffs, nearly $7,000,000.

"Here is an aggregate of $23,500,000 of a total increase of $27,500,000, which is entirely in foods and materials which our manufacturers use.

"Turning now to the exports for the month of April, in which there is a decrease of $37,000,000, we find $10,000,000 of it in crude materials for manufactures, $14,000,000 of it in foodstuffs, over $5,000,000 in partly finished manufactures, making a total of $29,000,000. The smallest ratio of decrease for the month of any of the great groups named was in fully finished manufactures. In other words, it is in the line of fully finished manufactures that we have held our proportion of the business best.

"It is true, is it not, as one looks over the country that all the conditions upon which sound business should rest exist in full force and vigor? Few will contend that merchants are overstocked. Rather is the reverse true. Nowhere is any rash or as say overspeculation exists. Nay, on the contrary, the brokers complain of lack of commissions. Money is not so scarce that banks refuse legitimate borrowers. The reverse is true. We have sent large sums abroad of late without cramping our financial resources. It comes to me from more than one quarter of the country that men who are pessimistic in speech are prosperous in pocket. Things are not tied up tight when New York registers more automobiles than ever before and when that great industry is pushed to the full.

"If you and I go away from the crowded centres of our Middle and Eastern States where mental mourning exists for conditions that can never return, since the day of mastery is over and commerce must henceforth be a servant—if, I say, we get away from these centres into which the light is breaking, but which it has not yet fully illuminated, we shall find a different atmosphere.

"It is a small and pitful thing that men should expect to reap political profit out of magnifying evils. Whoever, the too willing howls of the apostles of evil are as obvious as well as so previous as to be on the whole more humorous than harmful. They make the judicious grieve, but they bring no anxiety to the thoughtful."

PLAN TOLLS VOTE SATURDAY

Senate Leaders Sanguine of This—Action on Amendments Today.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—A final vote on the Tolls Repeal bill not later than Saturday was the outlook in the Senate today. So sanguine of this were the leaders that they permitted an early adjournment in order that members might attend the unveiling of a Confederate monument at Arlington Cemetery. Voting on amendments is expected to begin tomorrow afternoon.

Senator Cummins, Republican, of Iowa today took the position that Great Britain's protest was of such a nature that it ought not have weight until the canal was in operation and there was an opportunity to observe whether the conditions arose of which Great Britain was apprehensive. He said that the English protest against the exemption of coastwise shipping from the payment of tolls was predicated on the assumption that the United States would be unable to distinguish between coastwise traffic and overseas traffic.

"Conditions proving this contention have not yet arisen, and the English protest is upon a hypothetical condition," he said, "and should be considered only when facts arise which give the protest weight."

Senator Cummins picked up the thread of an attack made the previous day by Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho upon Senator Simmons, Democrat, of North Carolina, and said that it required much courage for Senator Simmons to state frankly that he had only recently come to realise that a thing was a subsidy which all the world had regarded as a subsidy since 1901.

"But I cannot understand what reason has arisen," added Senator Cummins, "to make a thing a subsidy in 1914 any more than it was a subsidy in 1912."

Senator Borah had pointed out that two years ago Senator Cummins was strongly in favor of tolls exemption, although yesterday he made an ardent speech against it.

American Express on the Rock Island

Express business over the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, now handled by the United States Express Company, will be taken over by the American Express Company on July 1. The American already has a through service to the Pacific Coast, but the new contract will give it hundreds of new towns between Chicago and California. The total mileage served will be increased by 8,000, making a total of 83,000 miles operated by the American.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3½@4 per cent. for the best names.
Wednesday.3½@4 " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

***

More About Votes for Salesmen.

A determined campaign is being carried on by the men back of the "Votes for Salesmen" movement to procure provision for votes for these men in the new State constitution. Delegates to the next constitutional convention will be urged to support the idea. Mark Eisner, the present Assemblyman from the Seventeenth District, Manhattan, who will probably be a Democratic nominee for delegate to the convention, will continue in the convention, if elected, the fight made by him in the State Legislature for the disfranchised salesman.

***

Denims and Romper Cloths Good.

There has been an excellent call of late in this market for denims and romper cloths, but the call for chambrays for the shirting trade has been rather limited. Especial interest centres around romper cloths because of the new lines recently brought out by two of the leading houses. One of these fabrics is 28 inches wide, while the other measures 32 inches in width. Both of these lines have been put on the market for the jobbing trade at prices which are said to be extremely attractive, and, as a result, they have been taken liberally. The momentary dullness of the shirting trade is lessening the call for chambrays.

***

Spring Prices for Men's Wear.

The men's wear primary market is quiet at the present time. The absorbing topic is the question of Spring prices. Little doubt exists but that they will be higher. The advances should range from 5 to 12½ cents. These increases will reflect this rising cost of raw material and will not be significant of better margins for the mills. Little or no profits have been the case in the industry during the past season and this condition is generally expected to continue. It is agreed that the real test of what the foreign manufacturers can do in this market will come with the coming season. They have become experienced in the requirements of the trade here, and that experience will be brought into full play.

***

Has a Silk-Marking Machine.

Handlers of silk who are looking for a device that will do away with the need of their measuring the goods after it comes from the finisher or when it is sold over the retail counter will be pleased to learn that such a machine is already on the market. It is made by a prominent firm of New England machine builders, and prints yards, halves and quarters on the back of the selvage of the goods. It is said that a number of orders for these machines have been taken among silk houses in this city lately, and that the first device has just been installed at one of the largest plants. The present device is the outcome of several years of experimenting. As well as the yard numbering machine, the firm in question controls three different processes for mechanically trade-marking every yard in a piece of cloth.

***

Japanese Tram Stock Higher.

The Yokohama raw silk market is quiet, but firm, and quotations on ready tram stock are $5 to $10 a picul higher than a week ago. Sales for the week amounted to 2,200 bales. Canton continues firm, with little selling pressure in evidence. Contracts are being refused by sellers on coarse sizes of new silk. Shanghai reports that the crop in the Tsatlee district has not turned out well. Prices are very firm, almost one-sixth of the new crop of steam filatures having already been disposed of. A better interest in tussahs has resulted in a slight improvement of prices. The Milan market is unchanged, with most of the filatures closed. High prices for the new cocoons are anticipated. The local market is rather quiet, though the absorption of stock continues steady. Stocks in the hands of both the mills and the importers are said to be very light. Prices are firm generally.

***

Clothiers Coming Together.

Clothiers who have returned from the annual convention, held at Atlantic City, are congratulating themselves on its success. While no active steps were taken on the various questions submitted to the delegates for their consideration, manufacturers who attended the sessions were quick to testify yesterday to the development of a better spirit in the clothing trade. "There seemed to be," said one, "a marked change in the hitherto rather cold relations existing between the members. Formerly every man guarded closely what he believed were the secrets of his business, but on this occasion every one seemed to be glad to give his fellow member what pointers he could. This was evidenced not alone in the speeches made by representative men in the industry but during informal conversations. The day when the clothiers will co-operate with one another for the common good instead of pulling against each other is near at hand."

***

Bad Faith Among Credit Men.

The June letter of the National Association of Credit Men calls particular attention to the topic of bad faith among credit men. On this point it says: "There is nothing that alarms us so much as the change of bad faith among credit men. Credit cannot exist where there is demoralization, and there will be demoralization where men lie to each other or pass along word tending to lead another astray with reference to an account. There does not exist in any case that can be presented a valid reason or excuse for falsifying credit information, and there is much to be gained by being recognized as a credit man of genuine frankness in dealing with one's fellows. We view with jealous regard the whole credit fabric, and integrity is our constant effort." The letter also asks strong support of the members for the Clayton Procedure bill, known as H. R. 133. The purpose of this bill is to obtain relief from the present conditions in the courts through the preparation of a system of rules by the Supreme Court.

***

Printcloth Sales Off Slightly.

The strength of prices retarded buying a little in the local gray goods market yesterday, the buyers seeming unwilling to accept advances without waiting a day or so for a possible relapse. There was some nice business done in the course of the day, but it was out of proportion with the size of the bids which were made for goods at the old prices. Buyers were still bidding 5⅝ cents for 39 inch 68-72s, but could not bring out any goods. The mills were firm in their demands for 5⅞ cents on this construction; 72-76s of the same width were held very firmly at 6⅛ cents. Bids of 4¾ cents for 38½ inch 60-48s were refused by the mills, 4 7-16 cents being demanded for these goods. Reports from Fall River indicated added firmness in that centre, all of the mills there now asking 5 1-16 to 5¼ cents for 38½ inch 64-60s. There is still strong evidence of unwillingness to sell very far ahead at current figures. Narrow goods, while not over active, are being held firmly on the basis of 3⅝ cents for 27 inch 64-60s. Fine yarn goods have strengthened in sympathy with the advance in other quarters of the market, and sheetings are being held firmly at levels touched in the recent rise; 48 square, four yard sheetings are selling well at 5½ cents, while 48-52, 4.70 yard goods are moving in a fair way at 4⅞ cents.

Post Office at Forest Hills.

Postmaster Alfred J. Kennedy of Flushing, L. I., announced yesterday that a branch of that office would be established at Forest Hills on July 1. Postmaster Kennedy accompanied a committee of taxpayers to Washington and they were assured by Daniel S. Roper, First Assistant Postmaster General, that the order creating the branch office will be issued in a few days. William J. Moriarity, clerk in the registry department of the Flushing office, will be superintendent of the new branch station.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Duties on a Variety of Goods Decided by the Appraisers.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that a new product recently put on the market and invoiced as concrete essence of lemon was properly assessed by the Collector here at 20 per cent, ad valorem under the old tariff as an unenumerated manufactured article.

Charles H. Asche & Co. failed in a contention relating to the rate of duty on spools containing silk yarn. Duty was taken under the old law at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for manufactures of wood. The importers claimed exemption on the ground that the spools are "usual" containers.

Merchandise imported by the Dohrmann Commercial Company, San Francisco, was returned for duty under the old act at 60 per cent. as decorated earthenware, whereas the protestants alleged a rate of 40 per cent. under the specific provision for Rockingham ware. Several witnesses for the importers appeared at the hearing at San Francisco, but had not seen the samples of the goods. A Government Examiner, however, who passed the goods testified that they were not of the Rockingham variety. Judge Hay decided the Examiner's testimony must prevail as to the character of the ware. A somewhat similar protest by the Parmelee, Dohrmann Company, Los Angeles, was also overruled.

Stern Brothers were sustained in a claim for lower duty on women's hats assessed for duty at 50 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 439 of the old law, as wearing apparenl made of fur. The importers claimed duty according to value per dozen and 20 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 446, as hats made of fur.

Articles of Wedgwood ware imported by Byrnes & Lowrey were taxed under the old act at 60 per cent. ad valorem as decorated china or porcelain. Free entry was claimed under Paragraph 717 as artistic antiquities. Judge Waite holds that the articles are of the requisite age, and that the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury have been compiled with. C. A. Stonehill, Chicago, was given free entry on leather screens, also claimed to be artistic antiquities. The Collector's assessment as manufactures in chief value of leather was reversed.

W. A. Brown & Co. were given free entry on coverings for fish products imported from Hongkong under the act of 1897. The coverings or containers were assessed for duty at the same ad valorem rates attaching to their contents. This action Judge Somerville holds was erroneous. The board's action will make it possible for the firm now to recover refunds many years after the actual importations were made.

TO READJUST BUSINESS.

Part of the Task of the Flavoring Extract Manufacturers.

The Flavoring Extract Manufacturers' Association yesterday concluded its fifth annual convention at the Hotel Astor after the discussion of many subjects of trade interest. The convention was the first to be held since the enactment of the present tariff, which for the first time puts on the dutiable list many ingredients formerly admitted free. This action it was said has made it necessary to bring about a readjustment of the extract business to meet the new conditions imposed by the law. Much time was devoted during the three days of the convention to discussions of ways and means to accomplish this result.

As a step in this direction, the President was empowered to appoint a special committee to increase the use and sale of extracts. A resolution was passed by the association commending Dr. Alsberg, Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, for having established a board of co-operation for the purpose of attaining a greater degree of uniformity in the State and Federal pure food laws. A committee of five members will be named to co-operate with the board. It was also decided to appoint a committee from the membership to study the composition and analysis of flavoring extracts.

The association voted to establish a fellowship of $500 at the University of Michigan to be known as the Flavoring Extract Manufacturers' Association Scholarship. The beneficiary of the scholarship is to devote one-half of his time to the direction of the scientific research committee to the study of raw materials used in extracts. The Stevens bill legalizing the fixing of retail prices was indorsed. John L. Clawson, President of Clawson & Co., extract importers of Philadelphia, voiced the feeling of the trade when he said, in speaking of conditions, that it was hoped in time to so readjust the extract business as to put it on a satisfactory basis. At the present time, however, he said business is much depressed.

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, S. S. Baer, St. Louis; First Vice President, F. L. Beggs, Newark, Ohio; Second Vice President, C. F. Sauer, Richmond, Va.; Third Vice President, J. O. Schlotterbeck, New York; Treasurer, R. D. Heskin, Cincinnati, and Secretary, F. P. Beers, Earlville, N. Y. New members of the Executive Committee chosen were S. J. Sherer, Chicago; W. M. McCormick, Baltimore; S. F. Irwin, Philadelphia, and C. W. Jennings, Grand Rapids. The annual banquet of the association was held last night at the Astor.

EXCHANGE SEAT FOR $42,000

Drop of $3,000 in Price Attributed to Dullness in Trading.

Continued dullness in stock trading has again brought about a decline in the value of memberships on the New York Stock Exchange. The seat of William A. Mearns, which was posted yesterday for transfer to Bertrand L. Taylor, Jr., brought only $42,000, a drop of $3,000 from the price received for the previous membership sold.

Of three candidates for membership on the exchange whose names were posted two weeks ago, two were elected to the board yesterday. They are Benjamin W. Woodruff and Edwin H. Muir. The latter is one of the youngest men ever elected to membership.

BUSINESS NOTES.

At the annual meeting of the Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association yesterday the officers were re-elected for the ensuing year, together with the following Directors, who will hold office for two years: James R. Keiser, Samuel Broom, Arthur M. Reis, and Charles S. Merton. The Directors will meet on June 18.

Figures compiled by the Silk Association of America show that in the three months ended March 31, 1914, dutiable silk imports at the Custom Districts of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Connecticut, Chicago, Ohio, and San Francisco amounted to $10,569,981, as compared with $7,645,837 in the same period in 1913. Duty collected on these goods amounted to $4,845,597, compared with $3,931,262 last year.

BOTTLED WATER EXPENSE

Do you know that you can get an unlimited supply of water, better water than you are drinking, for less money than you are paying today?

We have such a proposition for you—if your drinking water expense is in excess of $3 per month.

Send for Booklet T or representative

Centadrink-Filters Co., Inc.
MARTIN W. LITTLETON, Pres.
A. M. SLOSS, Vice Pres.
1440 Broadway, bet. 40th & 41st Sts.
Phone, Bryant 429-431

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ATLANTA—Frankel Clothing Co.; I. Frankel, clothing; Broadway Central.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Meador-Cawthorn Co.; T. E. Cawthorn, piece goods; 506 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; M. G. Frazier, neckwear, laces, embroideries; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Cohn, Coblens Co.; A. M. Goldsmith, men's, boys' clothing, children's hats, furn. goods; 1,195 Broadway, York.
BALTIMORE—Joel, Gutman & Co.; J. G. Nassauer, cloaks, suits, dresses, waists; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Brothers; D. Rosenberg, silks; Grand.
BINGHAMTON—Sisson Bros. & Weldon Co.; E. C. Sisson, dry goods; 220 5th Av.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Raphael, men's, boys' furn. goods; Miss N. Jones, negligee; Miss Louis, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Blodgett, Ordway & Webber; W. W. Webber, white goods; 396 Broadway.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss J. Canty, cotton waists, muslin underwear; 15 East 20th.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss E. Dean, waists; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; H. N. Des Martes, general merchandise; 116 West 32d.
CHICAGO—Harris Brothers Clothing Co.; A. Harris, clothing, furnishing goods; J. Harris, clothing, hats, shoes; Latham.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; A. J. Kahnweiler, men's, boys' clothing, hats, caps; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; C. D. Elwell, house furn. goods; 438 B'way.
CHICAGO—Ginsberg Brothers;; S. Ginsberg, piece goods; Navarre.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; S. Shane, fall catalogue, dresses, skirts; 114 5th Av.
CHICAGO—E. Johnson Co.; E. Johnson, clothing, furn. goods; Grand.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; Miss E. MacNeilly, silks; 40 East 22d.
CLEVELAND—Greenhut Cloak Co.; M. Greenhut, cloaks, suits; Herald Square.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; D. G. Oppenheim, domestics, woolens, dress goods; 19 E. 24th.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; T. D. Regan, odd lots and surplus stocks jewelry, silverware, toilet, leather goods, notions; 71 W. 23d.
DES MOINES—L. Oransky & Son; D. Oransky, job dresses, skirts, coats, waists, muslin underwear; 170 5th Av.
DETROIT—Newcomb-Endicott Co.; F. J. Fry, wear; 200 5th Av.
GREENVILLE, S. C.—Greenville Dry Goods Co.; J. B. Candle, shoes; Marlborough.
HOLYOKE—S. Davis & Sons; A. Davis, domestics, dress goods, millinery; Wallick's.
HOUSTON—Foley Brothers D. G. Co.; M. J. Nugent, cloaks, suits, waists; 13 E. 22d; Wallick.
INDIANAPOLIS—Havens & Geddes Co.; C. W. McDaniel, cotton goods; 72 Leonard.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Finkel & Schewel; A. M. Schewel, ladies' ready-to-wear garments; 170 5th Av.
MEMPHIS—Summerfield & Co.; H. I. Summerfield, millinery; Claridge.
MILWAUKEE—Ed. Schuster & Co.; C. Greenblatt, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin underwear, dresses, knit goods; 116 W. 32d.
NEW HAVEN—A. M. Rosenberg Co.; A. M. Rosenberg, clothing; Park Av.
NORFOLK—Miller, Rhoads & Swartz; B. B. Eppes, dress goods, silks; 60 West 33d.
NORTH ADAMS, Mass.—C. A. Rochat & Co.; C. A. Rochat, ladies' ready to wear; Park Av.
PITTSBURGH—J. Horne Co.; T. E. Kenney, laces, curtains, upholstery goods; 60 West 33d.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; C. Meister, jewelry, novelties; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Jones Dry Goods Co.; F. Jones, general merchandise; Wallick's.
RICHMOND, Va.—Cohen Co.; Miss M. B. Wagener, laces, hosiery, neckwear, hosiery, knit underwear; 60 W. 33d.
SEATTLE—Frederick & Nelson; F. R. Morgan, laces, neckwear, veilings, ribbons; 450 4th Av.
SHREVEPORT—Florsheim Bros. D. G. Co.; S. L. Florsheim, notions, furn. goods, carpets; 43 Leonard.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.; Albert Seiger Co.; R. Albert Seiger, cloaks, suits, waists; 116 W. 32d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—H. F. Fletcher & Co.; H. F. Fletcher, cloaks, suits, waists; Park Av.
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak Co.; Miss L. Mestor, dresses, waists, children's dresses, jobs for immediate delivery; 135 W. 26th.
ST. LOUIS—Strauss & Stumer Mercantile Co.; Miss B. Borck, millinery; 621 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Somefeld Millinery Co.; O. Abel, jobs, evening gowns, wraps; 7 W. 22d.
ST. LOUIS—Pierce Garment Co.; R. O. Aal, cloaks, suits; Claridge.
SYRACUSE—D. M. Edwards & Son; J. D. Newman, dry goods; Broztell.
SYRACUSE—Woodhull, Goodale & Bull; C. E. Bull, clothing; 817 Broadway.
TORONTO, Canada.—T. Eaton Co., Ltd.; E. Barauch, jobs in silks, wool suits; 45 E. 17th.
UTICA—D. W. Northrup Co.; W. D. Jones, headwear; Murray Hill.
YOUNGSTOWN—Strouss, Hirshberg Co.; R. J. Beacom, cloaks, suits, waists; 315 4th Av.

Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

BAZAR AND BARGAIN ARTICLES WANTED.

Desire hardware, ready-to-wear goods, hosiery, bazar articles, toys, novelties, household goods, kitchen wares, laces, ribbons, jewelry, notions, seconds and thirds of any class of goods. All goods offered must be suitable to sell from 5 to 50 cents on bargain counter. List your line immediately. Buyers in New York June 8 to 13 for big department of new store. Appointments will be made only for articles listed in response to this ad. All novelties, foreign and domestic, in odd lines and lots, dry goods, or any articles suitable for sales in permanent bargain department.

Y 337 Times Annex.

HIGH-CLASS WAIST SALESMAN WANTED TO REPRESENT A PROMINENT MANUFACTURER IN THE MIDDLE AND NORTH WEST. GIVE PARTICUL

PRENDERGAST RAPS M'ADOO ON SUBWAY

Threatens Appeal to President on Demand of $1,000,000 for Post Office Route.

NOT JUSTIFIED, HE SAYS

Believes It Part of an Anti-New York Policy and Thinks Wilson Should Be Heard on It.

Controller Prendergast hit out sharply yesterday at Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo because of his action in blocking the plans for the construction of the branch of the Seventh Avenue subway under the Post Office in City Hall Park. He asserted that the city was being victimised and that it was time the matter was brought to the attention of President Wilson.

The question will come before the Board of Estimate today, on the request of the Public Service Commission that the city adopt the proposed route through Spruce Street to William Street as a substitute for the original line under the Post Office and through Beekman Street to William. When this is reached the Controller is likely to introduce a resolution calling the attention of President Wilson to the situation. This is what he said yesterday;

"Mr. McAdoo's attitude is absolutely incomprehensible. I have read the deed whereby the Post Office site was transferred to the Federal Government by the city, and there is nothing there to justify Mr. McAdoo's action in demanding $1,000,000 for right of way under the building. The Federal Government is in the structure south of City Hall Park solely as a tenant, and it has no rights which can be jeopardized by the construction of a subway under the Post Office property.

"There is nothing in justice or in law to support Mr. McAdoo's action. I haven't been able to find any one to whom it was anything but incomprehensible. Now, in view of the fact that the City of New York has been unable to get any explanation from Mr. McAdoo, it seems to me that it is about time the matter was called to the attention of President Wilson himself.

"We have spent many years and are spending much money in working out our subway problem, and it is a question big enough for the President's personal attention. So long as the President says nothing to the contrary, it must be assumed that the Secretary of the Treasury is proceeding with his entire sanction. If so, is this only one more incident in a fixed anti-New York policy on the part of the Washington Administration? It would seem so. The Administration certainly would have refrained from designating New York as a Federal reserve bank city if it had dared.

"Of course, it is a pity to bother President Wilson about a matter like this at a time when he has the Mexican question and so many other troubles on his hands, but the City of New York is entitled to know why it is being victimized by the Secretary of the Treasury."

When the question comes before the Board of Estimate this morning it will, in all probability, be referred to the Transit Committee, of which President McAneny is the Chairman. He will then ask the Public Service Commission to submit to that committee all the correspondence which has passed between the commission and the Treasury Department.

In that is a letter informing the commission that Horace Ely & Co. has valued the easement under the Post Office at $1,000,000, assuming that there is no difference between the title of the Government to the Post Office site and that of the ordinary private owner to any other parcel of land. The Government, however, is restricted in its use of the site in City Hall Park to Post Office and Court House purposes only. As the main work of the Post Office is to be moved uptown in the next few weeks to the Post Office at the Pennsylvania station, it is contended by the Public Service Commission that the Government could never wish to erect in City Hall Park a modern skyscraper with deep foundations for court house purposes only.

It is recognized that in the face of a criticising Congress Secretary McAdoo might be embarrassed by proposing to give the easement to the city for a purely nominal sum, now that he has obtained from it a rent estimate of the $1,000,000 estimate of value. The city authorities, however, feel that Mr. McAdoo made a serious error in getting an estimate on the Post Office easement on the same basis of an easement under an ordinary building, especially as Congress had given to him specific authority to take from the city a merely nominal sum if he saw fit, and they hold that there is no reason why the city should be forced to expend a large sum merely to get the Secretary of the Treasury out of a dilemma which he contrived for himself.

McADOO WANTS TO BE FAIR

But Must, He Says, Fully Protect the Government's Interests.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo said today that he hoped within a few days to make definite reply to the Public Service Commission of New York about the subway easement under the New York City Post Office building.

"The act of Congress," says Mr. McAdoo, "throws a great responsibility upon the Secretary of the Treasury, and as I am executing a trust, I must, of course, see that every essential fact is before me before a final decision is rendered.

"I can only repeat that I have every desire to be fair to the City of New York and to expedite the important work of the Subways, but at the same time I cannot be recreant to my duty, and I must, in the faithful discharge of it, see that the interests of the Government are fully protected."

PIERCE CO. STOCK INCREASE.

Oil Corporation Would Add $9,000,000 to Its Outstanding Stock.

Directors of the Pierce Oil Corporation have called a special meeting of stockholders for June 25 to vote on a proposal for increasing the authorized capital stock from $21,000,000 to $30,000,000. It is proposed also to amend the certificate of incorporation so as to classify all stock as common. The par value of the shares will be reduced from $100 to $25.

If the plan goes through it will make provision for the conversion into stock of the $10,000,000 6 per cent. debentures, while $6,400,000 will be reserved for the purchase of new properties or shares in other corporations.

INSTRUCTION.

PRATT SCHOOL—62-64 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotype. Summer sessions

FOR SALE.

Army-Navy Auction Bargains
COTS, $ .95 up — Mess Kits, $ .45 up
Shoes, pr. 1.95 — HAVERSACKS, .10
Team Harness, 21.50 — Wool Uniforms, 1.95
Saddles, 12 — Revolvers, 1.65
SADDLE BAGS, 2.00 — Cartridges, .05
Campaign Hats, 1.06 — Shoe Carbines, 2.95
Colts Cal. 45 Revolvers, $7.45 up — Cart. 1c. ea.
Mauser Sporting Rifles, $11.45 — Cart. 2c. ea.
Army Breech Loading Rifle, $2c. — Cart. 3c. ea.
Army Tents to Hire! Free Circular
Francis Bannerman, 501 B'way, N. Y.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

TWENTY-FOUR WEST THIRTY-THIRD STREET COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the 24 West Thirty-third Street Company, which erected buildings on leased land at 18 to 28 West Thirty-third Street, opposite the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, by Weschler & Kohn, attorneys for these creditors: Harris H. Urts Iron Company, $5,115; Church E. Gates & Co., $2,250, and John R. Smith's Son, Inc., $900. It was alleged that the company is insolvent and made preferential payments of $500. Judge Hand appointed Hugh A. Bayne receiver under a bond of $10,000, and stayed summary proceedings to dispossess the company. The company was incorporated in March, 1913, with capital stock of $10,000, and leased the land from the Astor Estate for twenty years, with two renewals. The ground rental to May 1, 1931, is $63,000 a year, and for the year 1932 $60,750. Two buildings were erected by the company, one of twelve stories at 20 to 28 West Thirty-third Street and another of six stories at 18 West Thirty-third Street. The large building is occupied by Bawo & Dotter. The buildings are said to have cost about $500,000, and it is also said that the owners of the property contributed $300,000 to the company toward the erection of the buildings. The net rentals after payment of all charges are stated to be about $15,000 a year. It was stated in the application for the appointment of a receiver that the company owes $55,000 to Oscar J. Mayer, secured by the capital stock of the company and an assignment of the rents of the tenants. Mr. Mayer, it is asserted, has collected rents to the amount of $32,000, and is obligated to apply the money to payment of the rent on the leasehold, but refuses to do so. The trustees of the Astor Estate have brought suit against the company to dispossess it, which suit was stayed yesterday by Judge Hand. One reason for the receivership is to collect the money from Mr. Mayer to pay the rent and taxes. J. Charles Weschler, representing the creditors' committee, has been in negotiation since April for the adjustment of the affairs of the company, and the bankruptcy petition was prepared in April, but the filing of it was postponed in hopes of a settlement. The liabilities are $60,819, unsecured on notes and open account; $55,000 to Oscar J. Mayer, and a claim of Ravitch Brothers, who are the financial backers of the company, amount not given. The value of the lease is estimated at $100,000.

DANIEL SLOTE & CO.—A petition was filed yesterday against Daniel Slote & Co., a corporation, wholesale dealers in blank books and scrap books, at 321 Broadway, by Charlotte A. Bowman, a creditor, for $5,228, balance of a note of the corporation dated Jan. 1, 1906, for $7,444. It was alleged that the corporation on May 19 admitted in writing inability to pay its debts, and that the creditors are less than twelve in number. The other creditors are Lucretia G. Corson, James H. English & Son, estate of Radford Kelso, Mrs. M. Kelso, John C. Hastie, and the Martin B. Brown Co. Liabilities are said to be $27,000 and assets $4,000. The business was started in 1874 as a firm. Daniel Slote, the founder of the business, it is said, was one of the "Innocents Abroad" party made famous by Mark Twain, and Slote is one of the characters in Twain's book. Mr. Slote died in February, 1882. In February, 1889, the firm made an assignment, with liabilities of $134,000, which were settled at 30 cents on the dollar. Afterwards Cornelius Corson, who was prominent in the days of William M. Tweed, became a partner in the business and after his death his widow, Lucretia G. Corson, carried on the business. Under the partnership arrangement between Cornelius Corson and Frank C. Bowman, father of the petitioning creditor, the surviving partner was to pay to the estate of the deceased partner $25,000. After the death of the partners the present corporation was organized in 1905 with capital stock of $5,000 and agreed to pay Mrs. Lucretia G. Corson $10,000, to the estate of F. Bowman $7,444, and various amounts to three other parties, part of which has been paid. Mrs. Corson recently brought a suit in Niagara County against the corporation for $1,776, and yesterday Judge Hand restrained further proceedings in the suit.

MODEL BUTTON WORKS.—A petition has been filed against the Model Button Works of 329 East Twenty-ninth Street by three creditors: L. C. Hirsch & Co., $115; Minna Gottlieb, $500, and Usinger & Colgan Company, $30. The company was incorporated on Dec. 21, 1908, with capital stock of $5,000. When at 14 West Twentieth Street a fire occurred on July 18, 1913, in which several of the employes were severely burned, and Arnold Greenbaum, the Vice President, died from his injuries received in the fire.

JAMES PARK & CO.—A petition has been filed against Charles H. Watts, doing business as James Park & Co., exporter and importer, at 24 Stone Street, by these creditors: American Ax and Tool Company, Glasport, Penn., $370; Beecher & Gibbs Plow Company, Canton, Ohio, $103, and Anthony C. Brew, this city, $106. It was alleged that he was insolvent and made preferential payments. Liabilities are $11,000 and assets $1,000. Mr. Park and Mr. Watts began business together in 1905. Mr. Park died in October, 1909, and Mr. Watts has since continued under the former style. Judge Hand appointed Moses Ely receiver under a bond of $1,500.

JOHN ARTHUR POLHEMUS of 230 West 107th Street, formerly an insurance broker at 1 Liberty Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $30,994 and assets of $5 cash. Among the creditors are the estate of Louise Polhemus, $21,500; Union American Insurance Company, $2,248, (rent of offices;) Mutual Life Insurance Company, $300, (rent of office,) and Standard Gulf Company, $1,606.

JACOB HANDLER, a buttonhole contractor of 94 Second Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $893 and no assets. The debts were contracted as a shoe dealer.

LIPSKY & KADISH, dealers in cloaks and suits at 92 Division Street, have made an assignment to Judge Hand appointed Moses Ely receiver under a bond of $1,500.

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JOHANNES M. JOHANNSEN, grocer at 686 Columbus Avenue, has made an assignment to Edward Willmann.

PALESTINE & NEMSER.—One of the three petitioners in bankruptcy against Palestine & Nemser, fur manufacturers of 279 Seventh Avenue, was Suskind & Co., creditors to the amount of $100, and not $1,000, as erroneously printed in THE TIMES of June 2.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Applebaum, Harry—Wynetol Realty and Hotel Co., $954.
Allstadter, Samuel, and Frank Luftig—G. Bucholz, $2,125.
Abrahams, Paul M.—World Examining Works, $561.
Albro, Stephen V.—M. Badt, $432.
Ashley, Robert W.—Rogers, Peet & Co., $120.
Burlando, Adelaide—R. J. Doyle, $1,059.
Brown, Henrietta L., and William J. Brown—Colonial Bank, $215.
Barrows, Edward—F. A. Selberling, $290.
Cathcart, Joseph M.—J. Cairns, $478.
Carley, Earl E.—A. Sulka & Co., $338.
Cohen, Elias A.—M. I. Blumberg et al., $426.
Clinger, John—Cassidy & Son Mfg. Co., $242.
Druck, Herman, and Solomon Goldenkranz—Slovak Press, $143.
Davidson, Maurice—Manhattan Leasing Co., $248.
Day, George—F. T. Hopkins, $1,882.
Du Bourg, Charles, and Stephen A. Whittaker—National Surety Co., $808.
Einiger, Oscar—S. Galewski, $106.
Ebenstein, Charles—M. Essenfeld, $180.
Everett, Charles P.—C. Booras et al., costs, $113.
Forrester, James, and Harry Wright—F. Jackson et al., costs, $817.
Same—Same, $12,407.
Fox, Abraham—H. Michaels, $2,659.
Farrell, Peter M.—Bureau of Fire, $168.
Goldan, S. Ormond—O. Rhodes, $7,878.
Haight, Fred A.—E. P. Coe, $5,903.
Hadden, Archibald—E. M. Haas, $519.
Healy, James and Thomas Wixted—Bogert Flour Co., $309.
Heise, Annie T. H.—F. M. Wells, $120.
Jockel, Frederick W.—G. J. Eits, $184.
Jacobelli, Luigi and Francis—R. Zeni, $165.
Jereissati, Robert M.—L. Green, $515.
Kramsky, Frank—H. Behlen & Bro., $163.
Lagen, Marc—A. Z. Naimaka, $265.
Leake, Edward C.—Picken Building Co., $408.
Lamberson, Albert B.—B. B. Lamberson, $100.
Lazaroff, Abraham—A. Pichel, et al, $1,622.
Meyer, Charles—Edward Davis, Inc., $145.
Mincer, Nathan—S. Goldsmith, $141.
Meyerback, Andrew—E. C. Kiernan, et al, $380.
Malcolm, Oliver F.—W. & J. Sloane, $470.
McGovern, Thomas—J. J. Markey Co., $251.
McDonald, Patrick J.—W. Post, $184.
Monachein, Louis—A. Dryfoos, et al, $287.
Mackie, William H. and Anita—Jack Sobel Co., $423.
Mason, John C.—W. H. Levy, $113.
Mahoney, Daniel J.—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $147.
Metcalfe, Mary—L. R. Keenke, $112.
Miller, Henry—E. F. Branning, et al, $248.
Markheim, Lottie—Oppenheim Collins & Co., $157.
Mountfortt, Wade, Jr.—J. A. Devlin, $169.
Nefis, William H.—Pinehurst Holding Co., $208.
Ortloff, Charles J.—A. David, $396.
Panzer, Gersen—L. Katz, $10,085.
Prince, Adolf and Samuel Nagan—O. R. Orbach, $1,040.
Power, Peter—S. Jacobs, $140.
Pohlmeyer, Charles W.—Sonn Bros. Co., $455.
Rotolla, Pietri—Lion Brewery of N. Y., $116.
Rubin, Rudolph—P. Wangraf, $176.
Reich, Lorenz—A. S. Cochran et al., costs, $216.
Sheehan, William F., and Katherine D.—P. F. Nasse, $454.
Sallin, Dora—J. Landes, $107.
Stires, Manning—W. G. Moore, $397.
Schlang, Rosa—L. Tannenbaum, $1,106.
Snow, John L.—F. Spenke, $294.
Solomon, Irving, and Joseph—H. H. Strauss et al., $274.
Siedler, Charles, Julius Sweitzer, and Elias Rosenthal—R. Aldrich et al., $7,750.
Titus, Alice—J. Shipp, $343.
Torpey, James—E. H. Ferguson, $818.
Tappen, Charles L., and Johanna E.—F. J. Norris, $142.
Trubb, J. Stillwell—Motor Trades Publishing Co., $478.
Watson—Thomas B. and George P. Baisley—Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York, $7,515.
Wiechers, Emily—L. Stern et al., costs, $105.
Winter, William—H. Behlen & Brother, $134.
Weiss, Harry—H. Rosenstein et al., $258.
Weisaburger, Samuel, on Samuel Weisaberger—Vogel Cabinet Co., $437.
Cafe Monopol, Inc.—Strehmeyer & Arpe Co., $175.
Kramer Contracting Co.—New York Telephone Co., $107.
Mulcahy & Gibson, Inc.—F. Hildreth et al., $302.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—E. Reasoner, $340.
Ocean Bay Milling Co.—Burgess Brothers Co., $225.
Globe Commercial Co., Elias Jacoby, and Jacob Kaplan—Kugelman, Frankland & Foreman, $22,468.
Illinois Surety Co.—S. W. Steel, $12,327.
24 West 33d Street Co.—A. B. Soe, $7,153.
American-West Indies Trading Co.—M. J. Levi, $141,372.
Same—E. Levi, $11,502.
Same—C. Aron, $1,410.
Albro Co. and Stephen V. Albro—E. Badt, $437.
Sheppard, Knapp & Co.—T. Develon, Jr., $26,804.
Brooklyn Heights Railroad Co.—G. Torassian, $386.
United States Drinking Cup Co.—C. Booras et al., $113.
Stanley Manufacturing Co.—S. Fischer et al., $147.
Riverview Theatre—W. H. Leslie, $188.
United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—E. R. Thomas Branch Co., $118.
Greystone Holding Co.—B. Limack, $400.
People of the State of New York—G. D. Sherman, $1,481.
Chester Hill Auto Service Co.—Prudential Casualty Co., $421.
San Gregorio Mining & Railway Co.—A. S. Moore, $41,180.

In Bronx County.

Co-Free Realty Co.—Weinstein Bros., Inc., $1,342.
Datolka, Frank—A. Krivanko, $375.
Pine, Morris, and Plandome Construction Co.—L. Rosenberg, $156.
Miller, Henry—E. F. Branning, et al., $248.
Mager, Nathan—H. Harris, et al., $137.
Rubenstein, Daniel J.—J. Coleman, $149.
Robbins, Julius—Frederick Loeser & Co., Inc., $136.
Rosenham, Morris—A. Marcusek, $115.
Schrank, Jacob A.—J. Wayland, $410.
Tucker, Frank—H. Zimmer, et al., $502.
Woland, Thomas—E. F. Bertram, $115.
175th St. and Third Av. Corporation—The East River Savings Institution, $140.
Same—Same, $224.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Sheedy, Frank P., Isabel Sheedy and Thomas Regan—M. E. Dickerson, Jan. 15, 1914, $164.
Berlin, Samuel N., and Bernhard Trosky—E. Sidenberg et al., June 1, 1914, (vacated,) $1,042.
Hart, Max, and Frieda—J. Becker, Jan. 7, 1909, (vacated,) $109.
Cambridge Construction Co.—L. Larsen, March 27, 1914, $835.
Powell, Harry W.—Germania Life Ins. Co., Jan. 23, 1913, (canceled,) $4,870.
Same—T. Kilian et al., Dec. 18, 1899, (canceled,) $4,440.
Same—A. Boote, Jan. 6, 1900, (canceled,) $1,577.
Same—W. M. Seymour et al., May 8, 1901, (canceled,) $1,344.
Reiner, Beckie, and Charles Bloom—People, &c., Jan. 13, 1914, $606.
Herz, Abraham—F. S. Lovell, March 27, 1914, $178.
Finkelstein, Max, and Adolph—R. S. Smith, May 9, 1914, $356.
Gilmer, Charles V.—New Amsterdam Casualty Co., Jan. 28, 1913, $442.
Soloway, Sam—A. Butler Duncan, April 30, 1914, $412.
Frank, Roberta F.—F. M. Wells, Feb. 26, 1914, (vacated,) $346.
Ward, Horatio J.—Ferguson Bros. & Forshay, Feb. 25, 1914, $225.

In Bronx County.

Saranac Construction Co., Max Liebeskind, and Henry D. Davis—Lippe Fireproofing Co., Feb. 10, 1914, $436.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, June 4.—Incorporated today:

Dyneda Art Film Corp'n; $60,000; F. P. Schenck, H. D. Schall, H. J. O'Neill, 270 Clinton St., B'klyn.

C. N. Cook & Co., Alexandria Bay, drugs, dry goods; $40,000; G. M. Zoller, W. H. Marshall, C. N. Cook.

Hector Film Corp'n; $10,000; N. G. Goldberger, J. B. Vaughey, E. Frankel, 283 B'way.

M. J. Levine Glass Co.; $5,000; J. Bass, Morris and Fannie Levine, 810 Suburban Pl.

Famous Players-Charles Frohman Co.; $250,000; R. L. Kohn, S. Knight, and H. Harris, 31 Nassau St.

Neometric Dental Instrument Co.; $35,000; L. Frodkin, N. and H. E. S. Chayes, 576 5 Av.

Pompei Construction Co.; $10,000; S. Galassi, V. Robino, C. L. Bowen, 2,248 Webster Av.

Mapleton Associates, contractors; $10,000; M. A. Lewis, B. King, S. N. Freedman, 55 Liberty St.

Woodruff Smith, Inc., N. Y. C., trucking, stevedore; $5,000; A. Lounsberry, A. Wilfred Tuthill, W. Smith, 243 Valentine Lane, Yonkers.

Oco Silk Mfg. Co.; $10,000; F. and P. Oberstebrink, C. A. Cutter, 1,444 President St., B'klyn.

Michael Staub, Inc., Mamaroneck, contracting; $25,000; A., P. N., and M. Staub.

Beneditti, Inc., boots, shoes; $15,000; W. G. Brennan, F. and V. Beneditti, 2,846 B'way.

Herth Co., Bellport, real estate, $5,000; G. Williamson, E. Volk, C. Herth.

Colonial Realty Co. of Buffalo, $20,000; W. M. Mehl, M. Caboni, H. O. Lauza.

Normandy Waist Co., $21,000; I. Harris, S. Halperin, M. Blanck, 240 Ocean Parkway, Bklyn.

Aloc Film Co., $10,000; E. Knight and H. Harris, R. A. Kohn, 31 Nassau St.

Pure Products Co., timber, lumber, oils, $100,000; T. Martin, L. Nightingale, H. E. Wilcox, 129 W. South St.

A. B. Bronstein Bath House, $5,000; E. and A. Bronstein, H. Rose, 57 Stockton St., Bklyn.

New York & Buffalo Steamship Co., Albany, $75,000; C. W. Morse, C. Robinson, S. E. Munson, Jr.

Capital increases: E. B. Van Wagner Mfg. Co., Syracuse, $50,000 to $93,000; Stern Realty Co., Rochester, $75,000 to $200,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Midland Parkway Co., N. Y.; United Motor N. Y. Co.; Rode & Horn, Bklyn.

Authorizations: Westinghouse Air Spring Co., Pittsburgh, $5,000; rep., R. B. Mildon, 244 W. 49 St. Weaver Organ & Piano Co., York, Pa.; rep., J. S. Harris, 188 Willow Av. Talcum Puff Co., Asheville, N. C., $250,000; rep., C. S. Humphrey, Bush Terminal, Bklyn. Mountain Community, Rahway, N. J., realty, $10,000; rep., C. G. Wheeler Jones, 143 Mad. Av. G. H. Atkinson Co., Jersey City, materials, $100,000; rep., G. H. Atkinson, 30 Church St.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, June 4.—Charters filed today:

Princeton Motion Picture Co., Englewood; $75,000. H. G. Fink, Englewood; H. A. Lapaugh, N. Y.; Louis V. Pfeiffer, Hartford.

Crone-Mintzer Co., Pleasantville; tobacco; $50,000. Harry Crone, L. W. Mintzer, L. F. Mintzer, Ocean City.

Barbara Corp., Atlantic City; contracting; $100,000. J. W. Salus, Atlantic City; H. W. and Samuel W. Salus, Philadelphia.

Main Avenue Realty Co., Paterson; $40,000. D. G. Smith, W. W. Evans, Jos. Crone, Paterson.

Clinton Door Co., Newark; $20,000. Isaac Halsey, Clara Halsey, South Orange; Henry A. Cochman, Irvington.

Boarem Nicholas Motor Car Co., Newark; $100,000. R. R. Boarem, Morristown; Louis B. Thedand, Brookside; J. Dykers Nicholas, Bernardsville.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office, 315 Custom House, New York, by giving the number of the item referred to.

13,164. ELECTRIC CRANES.—The Consulate at Madrid reports that proposals are requested by the Junta de las Obras del Puerto de Valencia, Valencia, Spain, for supplying and installing in the Port of Valencia four electric cranes. The estimated cost of the cranes is not stated. Proposals must be submitted through a local representative before July 19.

13,165. TOOLS, GRINDSTONES, MOWERS, &c.—A hardware firm in a European country would like to be placed in direct communication with Am. mfrs. of tools for working iron and wood, axes, hatchets, ice palls, grindstones, lawn mowers, &c.

13,166. FIRE-ALARM SYSTEM.—An Am. Consular officer reports that the municipal authorities in a city of his district are considering the installation of a fire-alarm system for the city.

13,167. SURGICAL GOODS, DRUGS. NOVELTIES, &c.—A foreign company desires to be placed in communication with Am. mfrs. of bandages, corsets, rubber goods, caoutchouc articles in connection with ladies' and gentlemen's hygiene, drugs, cosmetics, braces, various small metal articles, and any novelties likely to find a good sale in the country in question. The inquirer states that he pays cash for all goods.

13,168. CEMENT BAGS.—A Swiss house in Italy desires to get in touch with Am. mfrs. of bags made from materials cheaper than jute, suitable for packing cement.

13,169. BANKING CONNECTIONS.—A bank in his district desires to form business connections with some Am. bank, preferably in Mass. or N. Y., which will allow deposits to be made against which drafts may be drawn.

13,170. WIRE FENCING.—The owner of a plantation on a small island desires to purchase about $100 worth of hog-wire fencing, for lead in inclosing a portion of his property.

13,171. COTTONSEED OIL FACTORY.—A well-known firm in a South American country is about to establish a large cottonseed oil factory, where the oil will be first extracted from the seed and then made into salad and cooking oils, soap, &c. This firm desires to be put in communication as soon as possible with mfrs. in the U. S. of the class of machinery needed to operate the plant. What is wanted is the most up-to-date and complete installation dealing with the whole industry. The motive power for installation will be steam, and quotations are desired for steam boilers, burning wood. Operations will be begun very soon, and catalogues and quotations, f. o. b. destination, are desired by return mails, if possible. The firm states that it expects to spend between $7,000 and $10,000 on the plant in question.

H. B. HOLLINS & CO.'S ASSETS

Creditors Asked to Assent to a Plan for Their Liquidation.

Creditors of the failed brokerage firm of H. B. Hollins & Co. are being asked to assent to a plan for liquidating the assets through a new company, to be known as the Equities Realization Corporation. It is proposed to sell all of the assets, including those in the hands of the receiver, to the new corporation and to give its notes, payable five days after the transfer of the assets, for 10 per cent. of the proved value of the unsecured claims, the remaining 90 per cent. to be paid out of the assets after they have been disposed of by the liquidating comapny.

The value of securities held by the secured creditors is to be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Bankruptcy act, and such creditors will receive similar notes for 10 per cent. and 90 per cent. on the unpaid balance of their claims. There are to be five Directors of the new company, three of whom will be chosen by the creditors and two to be members of the failed firm or their nominees.

To facilitate the plan creditors having aggregate claims of about $1,200,000, partially secured by collateral upon which it is impossible to realize promptly, have agreed to forego their claims. A contribution of at least $25,000 in cash will be made to the liquidating company at the start.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Bearish conditions replaced Wednesday's strength in the wheat market, and after a day of quite general liquidation final prices closed ¾ to 1c net decline.

Winter locally was quoted at $1.03¾ cost, insurance, and freight, New York; new No. 2 red, 94¼c, July shipment, cost, insurance, and freight; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03½, free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.04¾, free on board, afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	96 11-16	96 1-16	96¼	97	98 11-16
September	93⅛	93½	93½	94	97
December	..	..	95¼	96	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

July	87⅛	86¾	86⅞	87¼	90⅞
September	85⅝	85¼	85½	86	90⅝
December	87⅜	87⅛	87¼	88	92½

CORN.

The weakness in wheat was fully reflected in the corn market, which lost ⅝ to 1c per bushel for the day, with July at one time 1½c net lower and under the heaviest pressure. At New York No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 81½c, cost, insurance, and freight, prompt.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	70	69¼	69¾	70¾	58¾
September	67¼	66¾	66⅞	67⅝	59⅝
December	63⅞	63⅝	63⅝	59	57⅛

OATS.

Oats declined ½c and the market was under considerable pressure throughout the day. The local cash market was quiet, closing as follows: Standard white, 46¼@47c; No. 2 white, 47@47¼c; No. 3 white, 46@46½c; No. 4 white, 45¼@46c; ordinary clipped white, 46@48c; fancy clipped white, 47½@49½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	40¼	39¾	39⅞	40⅜	35⅝
September	38⅝	37⅞	39⅞	38¾	35⅛
December	..	..	..	..	33⅞

COTTON.

The cotton market was less active yesterday and more or less irregular. The close was steady at an advance of 1 to 6 points on the old crop, but from 6 to 7 points net lower on later deliveries. Southern spot markets were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at $13.65 for middling upland; sales nil.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	13.22	13.22	13.18@13.23	13.12
July	13.22	13.05	13.18@13.20	13.12
August	13.12	12.95	13.03@13.04	13.02
September	12.70	12.70	12.77@12.79	12.84
October	12.71	12.61	12.66@12.67	12.72
November	12.63	12.53	12.47@12.61	12.54
December	12.73	12.63	12.67@12.68	12.74
January	12.57	12.49	12.53@12.54	12.59
March	12.62	12.53	12.57@12.58	12.63
April	12.76	12.70	12.70@12.75	12.75
May	12.75	12.71	12.70@12.72	12.76

COTTONSEED OIL.

A decline of 3 to 4 points was shown on final prices, and sales for the day amounted to 13,500 barrels.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.23@7.30	7.25
June	..	..	7.25@7.28	7.25
July	7.32	7.31	7.31@7.32	7.34
August	7.44	7.42	7.41@7.43	7.45
September	7.52	7.50	7.50@7.51	7.53
October	7.34	7.33	7.32@7.35	7.36
November	7.33	7.00	7.01@7.02	7.00
December	..	..	6.95@6.99	6.96
January	..	..	6.92@7.04	6.90

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was steady, but eased slightly off in the middle of the day.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	10.07	10.05	10.07	10.10	11.00
Sept	10.25	10.20	10.25	10.25	11.07
Ribs—					
July	11.32	11.22	11.27	11.30	11.70
Sept	11.40	11.32	11.35	11.37	11.87
Pork—					
July	20.50	20.42	20.47	20.45	20.45
Sept	20.00	19.85	19.97	19.95	19.90

COFFEE.

Closing prices were a shade off from the best under realizing, but showed a net gain of from 10 to 14 points for the day. Sales were reported of 53,250 bags, including some exchange of December for May. Havre closed at a net advance of 1 franc and Hamburg ⅛ to 1 pfennig higher.

The local spot market was quiet but steady, at 8¾c for Rio No. 7.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
June	..	..	8.99@9.00	8.95
July	..	..	9.07@9.08	8.95
August	..	..	9.17@9.18	9.05
September	9.31	9.21	9.27@9.28	9.15
October	..	..	9.36@9.37	9.24
November	..	..	9.44@9.45	9.32
December	9.50	9.50	9.53@9.54	9.41
January	..	..	9.57@9.58	9.45
February	..	..	9.60@9.61	9.49
March	9.65	9.64	9.63@9.64	9.53
April	..	..	9.64@9.66	9.54
May	9.70	9.66	9.66@9.67	9.55

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 9,956 packages. Creamery, extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 25½@26½c; seconds, 23@25c; thirds, 21½@22½c; State dairy, extras, 25½@26c; firsts to prime, 23½@25c; common to fair, 19@23c; process, extras, 21@21½c; firsts, 19½@20¼c; lower grades, 17@18½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; lower grades, 16@17½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 17@17½c; lower grades, 15@16½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 30,936 cases. The market is well supported and stock is clearing quite closely. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23@24c; extra firsts, 21½@22c; firsts, 20@21c; seconds, 19@19½c; thirds and poorer, 16@18½c; No. 1 dirties, 17¾@18c; No. 2 dirties and poorer, 15@17½c; checks, good to prime, dry, 16¼@17c; undergrades, 12@16c; State, Penn. and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23¼@24½c; State, Penn. and nearby gathered whites, fine, 22@23c; State, Penn. and nearby whites, fair to good, 20½@22c; Western, gathered whites, 20½@22c; State, Penn. and nearby, hennery browns, 23@24c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19½@22½c; duck eggs, State and nearby, Indian Runner, 24c; Baltimore, selected, 20@23c; Western, 19@21c; Tenn. and other good Southern, 18@20c.

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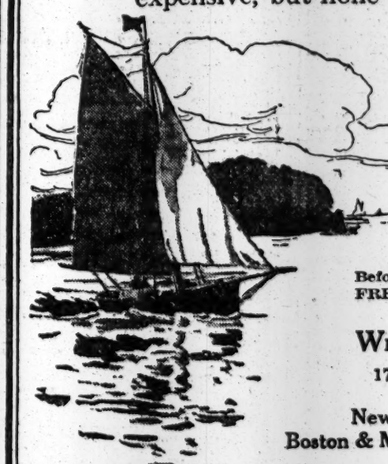

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THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Low pressure prevails throughout the country except in the Pacific States, the north upper lake region and the Southeast, while to the northward and northeastward of Lake Superior it is quite high.

A moderate offshoot from the Western depression has reached Southern New England and New Jersey, while in the Far West there are several independent centres of disturbance.

This distribution has resulted in more unsettled showery weather in the Northwest and extreme West and general showers and thunder storms from the upper Mississippi Valley to the Atlantic, the rains extending into Virginia and Western North Carolina, although not general in these States.

It is generally cooler over the rain areas. In the Ohio, the middle Mississippi, and the lower Missouri Valleys and in the Central Plains States high temperatures continue.

Fair weather will prevail during the next two days in the Southwest and the Far West, but over the northern, central and eastern districts showers will probably continue and will extend into the South Atlantic States.

Temperatures will remain high over the central and southwestern portions of the country and comparatively low over the north tier of States. Elsewhere they will not change decidedly.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast Friday and Saturday will be fresh to strong and generally north; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh to strong northwest to north; South Atlantic Coast, moderate and mostly south, except east and southeast off the Florida coast.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Continued unsettled Friday and Saturday, with occasional showers and moderate temperature; gentle to moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Unsettled Friday and Saturday, with occasional showers; moderate to fresh northeast winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	65	63	4 P. M.	72	63
6 A. M.	65	63	6 P. M.	69	67
9 A. M.	70	61	9 P. M.	67	68
12 M.	73	61	11 P. M.	67	65

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 65; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 66.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 61; at 8 P. M. it was 68; maximum temperature, 69 degrees at 7 P. M.; minimum, 61 degrees at 8:10 A. M.; humidity, 84 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.98 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.68 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:58—244-246 W. 23 St.; Cushman & Dennison	Not given
4:45—1,429 Amsterdam Av.; not given	$10
8:05—11 Pike St.; Annie Warren	Slight
10:05—1,966 Lex. Av.; Minnie Babcock	Slight
11:56—152 W. 24 St.; not given	Slight
P. M.	
4:05—230 E. 117 St.; Bern. Greenberg	Slight
7:00—67 W. 133 St.; Ada Balledea	Slight
7:06—198 Allen St.; Abr. Rosenzwig	Slight
7:15—544 Fox St.; Abr. Cotlowitz	Slight
7:50—157 W. 100 St.; John Gilloff	Slight
8:05—180 Suffolk St.; John Nooak	Slight
9:00—227 W 141 St.; T. N. Hirschfield	Slight
9:15—E. 46 St.; Mme. Hilde	Not given
9:50—Prescott and Academy Sts.; not given	Slight
10:30—202 E. 11 St.; Ross Meyer	$5
11:30—616 E. 13 St.; Frank Kejalomo	Slight

The police reported a fire which occurred at 10:20 P. M. on Wednesday as being in the rooms of H. Anslar, 43 West Seventeenth. There was a fire at that address, but in the apartments of another tenant.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Retired: Patrol. J. M. Curley, 143, at $700 a year, appointed April 20, 1889.

Transfers: Lts. G. P. Bronner, 154, to 277; W. A. Koenig, 154, to 162; W. A. Stevens, 162, to 154; John Kelly, 277, to 154. Sergt. J. B. Rigney, 28, to 154. Mtd. Patrol. T. J. McGlone, 63, to 33, without horse and equipments. Motor Cycle Patrol. F. J. McKeon, 33, to Health Squad. Patrol. F. W. Schmidt, 42, to 63; T. V. O'Neil, 169, to 65. Act. Capt. Det. Sergts. (second grade) Frederick Paone, 15, to 69; Frank Bonanno, 15, to 68; J. F. Riley, 65, to 61; M. A. Batto, 69, to 15; J. J. Cooney, 281, to 26.

Assignments: Patrol. W. F. King, 33, to motor cycle duty; F. W. Schmidt, 63, to mounted duty.

Temporary Assignments.—Inspector E. P. Hughes, 16 Insp. Dist., to command 11 Insp. for 4 days in addition to his own. Lt. H. J. Callahan, 164, to Com'r's Office for 10 days. Sergt. Daniel Keliher, 40, to Det. Div., for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's office, New York. Act. Det. Serg. (2d grade.) A. C. Landvoe, Det. Div. to Dist. Atty's office, New York, for 5 days. Patrol. J. J. Argenna, 5; F. J. Smith, 16, and Edward Walsh, 275, to 17 Insp. Dist. for 10 days. W. H. Hopkins, Traf. Div. C, to Com'r's Office for 10 days. To Det. Div., Louis Barbieri, 10, for 10 days; T. J. Martin, 18; F. J. Allen, 61; J. F. Rotchford, 21, and F. W. Miller, 68, for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's office, New York. Morris Grossman, 35; Samuel Dribben, 143, and Julius Cohen, 145, for 10 days. W. C. Franke, 39, for 5 days, detailed to Dist. Atty's office, Queens. For 10 days from prects indicated: John Dondero, 36; C. Hilderbrandt, 81; J. N. Gassmann, 146; John Scibbe, 63; James McCarthy, 140; Louis Ross, 170. To Manhattan Headquarters: Act. Det. Sergts. (First Grade) W. J. Raftis, 2, for 15 days; R. F. Oliver and J. W. Watson, 2, for 10 days. Act. Det. Sergts. (Second Grade) Stephen Birmingham, 5; S. P. Gorman, 29, and R. A. Fennelly, 157, for 10 days; H. L'Heureux, 32, for 15 days; Herman Meyer, 63, for 10 days.

Discontinued—Patrol. W. F. King, 33, to mounted duty.

Leaves with Full Pay—Inspector Henry Cohen, 11 Insp. Dist., 4 days; Capt. A. W. Thor, 29, 1 day; Isaac Frank, 164, 1 day (without pay). Patrol. A. T. Saltalamacchia, 21,1 day; Joseph Vech, 23, 1 day; K. F. Burkholtz, 29, 3 days; H. J. Heemsath, 35, 1 day; Anton Podolak, 39, 1 day; Albert Harlott, 65, 1 day; Martin McNamee 146, 1 day; W. F. Dougherty, 146, 1 day; Herman Hegeman, 154, 1 day; J. G. Frey, 157, 1 day; W. J. Fallon, 2 Insp. Dist., 3 days, and M. J. O'Connor, 35, 2 days.

Modern Dances

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THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Report of Mr. Murray recommending that the commission grant the request of the Department of Bridges for an examination for promotion to stationary engineer (steam,) and that the examination be open to oilers, stokers, and licensed firemen, those being the only positions of lower but corresponding character.

Report of Mr. Murray relative to the communication from the Commissioner of Accounts in which he gives reasons for the rating of "B" given certain employes of his office. Mr. Murray says that in accordance with the recent changes in the rules, it will be necessary for the commission to approve the recommendations of the Boards of Promotions of the several departments and that under these conditions, the reasons given in this case may be accepted.

Report of Mr. Rafferty recommending that the name of Patrick Cassidy be qualified on the list of the stationary engineer.

Report of Mr. Tighe recommending that the name of Irving I. Katz be removed from the preferred list of rodman, Grade B, for the reason that he declined appointment in the department from which he was suspended and at the compensation he was receiving.

Request of the Commissioner of Street Cleaning that Robert Gill, a hostler, be permitted to qualify in a practical test for change of title to blacksmith's helper. At the last meeting the commission approved similar requests and directed that the examination be held when the regular practical tests are given at the Fire Department repair shops in June.

Requests of the Department of Public Charities that the name of Julius Wolff, who resigned from the position of auditor on May 16, before the completion of the probationary period be restored to the list of accountant, Fifth Grade, from which he was appointed.

United States.

The United States Civil Service announces an open competitive examination at the New York Custom House for general mechanic, for men only, on June 17, to fill vacancies as they may occur in the Departmental Service at Washington, D. C., and other services. The usual entrance salary is from $720 to $900 a year. It is desired to secure eligibles who are capable carpenters or cabinetmakers, and who, in addition, have had experience in as many other lines as possible, such as painting, plumbing, electric work, operation of pumps and motors, and the care of steam-heating plants. The higher ratings on training and experience will be given to those who show the widest range of experience. Competitors will be examined in spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, training and experience. Applicants must be physically sound and able-bodied. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—1st Lt. P. H. Sheridan, 5 Cav., detailed as a member of the board appointed April 28, vice 1st Lt. D. Olmstead, 3 F. A.

Orders June 1 as to Capt. C. S. Seoane, 3 Cav., amended to read Capt. C. A. Seoane, 3 Cav.

Orders of May 25 as to 2d Lt. W. B. Robb, 29 Inf., revoked.

Capt. C. A. C. transfers: 1st Lt. R. C. Harrison, 147 to 158 Co., and 2d Lt. A. C. Sullivan, 158 to 147 Co.

Orders May 25 as to 1st Lt. E. F. Rice, 1 Inf., amended to relieve him from duty at the Mil. Acad. Aug. 17 and to direct him to proceed to his station.

These officers of the C. A. C., now unassigned, are assigned to the companies indicated after their names: Capt. H. F. Colley, 34; 1st Lts. G. M. Peek, 141; C. R. Snow, 132; E. N. Woodbury, 58; A. H. Barkley, 137; J. R. Ellis, 136, and F. H. Ottosen, 165.

1st Lt. C. A. Cook, 1 C. A. C., 13 to 147 Co.

2d Lt. J. J. Waterman, 12 Cav., to 2 Cav.

A board, Maj. C. McK. Saltzman, S. C., and Capt. A. H. Sunderland and 1st Lt. T. P. McNeill, C. A. C., to meet at N. Y. C. at the call of the senior member of the board to investigate cable laying, &c., after which they will return to their proper stations.

The Depot Q. M., Seattle, will make eight visits during June to Tacoma, Wash., on business.

Col. J. S. Parke, Inf., unassigned, is assigned to the 20 Inf.

1st Lt. W. Rose, C. A. C., from duty in the office of the transports service, Newport News, and will report to the Commandant, C. A. C. School, Ft. Monroe, Va., to complete a regular course.

Maj. A. M. Davis, Q. M. C. Q., at Ft. Worth, Tex., return to his station at Kansas City, Mo., relieving Capt. R. B. Harper, who will return to his station at Chicago.

1st Lt. W. Wallace, 20 Inf., to detached, June 4, and 1st Lt. J. F. Ware, inf., from detached; Lt. Ware, from Va. Polytechnic School, July 15, to inf.

Navy Orders.

Lt. Com. A. Andrews, the Michigan, to the Utah as navigator.

Lt. F. Finney, the Kansas, to Insp. of Ordnance and Engineering Material, Bethlehem Steel Co., Penn.

Jr. Lt. H. S. Babbitt, Nav. Acad., to the Scorpion.

Paymaster's Clerk H. Guilmette, apptd. to Nav. Sta., Cavite, P. I.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Glacier, at Guaymas; San Francisco and Salem, at Vera Cruz; Texas, at Lobos Island; Omaha, at Mare Island; Dixie, at Boston; Patuxent, at Key West, and Jason, at Hampton Roads.

Sailed—Prairie, Hampton Roads for N. Y., and the Lamson, Charleston for N. Y.

Wheeling, now at Guantanamo Bay, and Petrel, at Key West, to Portsmouth, N. H., for overhaul.

Patuxent will remain at Key West until the 9th, and then to Vera Cruz.

Petrel, now at Key West, ordered to Portsmouth, N. H., for overhaul.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Board of Education has approved plans for Public School 55, the Bronx.

William Hagan's appointment as examiner of claims in the Bureau of Audit and Accounts, at $2,100 a year, has been made regular.

It has been decided to renew the lease of 162 Second Avenue, occupied as an annex to Public School 122.

The sessions of the continuation classes in department stores will be continued through the month of June.

William T. Tack has received temporary appointment as a clerk in City Supt. Maxwell's office, with salary at the rate of $900 a year.

The Board of Education has approved the increase of salary of Joseph Cooks, clerk in the Bureau of Supplies from $420 to $540 a year.

An exhibition of physical training and folk dancing will be given in Public School 159 at 2:30 P. M. today.

The Interborough Association of Women Teachers, at its meeting in the Metropolitan Life Building on Wednesday evening adopted resolutions expressive of its gratification at the recovery of its President, Miss Grace C. Strachan, from her recent illness. Miss Strachan, if her health permits, will probably take a party of the Interborough's members to the convention of the National Education Association at St. Paul in July.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

COHEN, MORRIS, (Apr. 22;) more than $5,000 personalty; $5,000 each to Tillie Cohen and Rachel Cohen, daughters; uncomputed amounts to Abraham and Samuel Cohen, sons; $10 per week for life to Sarah Cohen, wife; $3,000 to Ida Stein, daughter; $2,000 to Esther Goldfarb, daughter; $1,000 to Dora Gordon, daughter; $500 to Beth Israel Hospital.

GREENWALD, LILLIE K., (May 24;) more than $5,000 each of realty and personalty to Sigmund D. Greenwald, husband.

McCRAY, EDWARD H., (June 1;) $25,000 personalty in equal shares to Margaret McCray, daughter, and Edward H. McCray, son.

MULLER, DIEDRICH, (May 19;) more than $300 personalty to Henrietta Muller, wife.

PIERCE, FRANK B., (May 19;) more than $10,000 personalty in life estate to Constance Pierce, wife; remainder interests to Dorcas and Frances Pierce, sisters.

SAMPSON, HENRY, (May 24;) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty in uncomputed amounts to Julia P. Sampson, wife; Henry Sampson, Jr., son; Annie Gillette, daughter, and Delia P. Morgridge, cousin.

SIMMONS, HENRY, (May 25;) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; $500 each to John Simmons, brother, and Martha Weaver and Mary Barnes, sisters; $300 each to Annie and Mary Ozog, employes, brooch and diamond to Myrtle Jones, niece; residue in equal shares to Henry E. Simmons, son, and Clara L. Candee, daughter.

STODDART, WILLIAM, (May 31;) $25,000 personalty to Emma Stoddart, wife.

TAYLOR, WILLIAM H., (May 11;) more than $10,000 personalty; more than $5,000 each to Jennie L. Rhoe and Elizabeth M. T. Gilmore, daughters; $5,000 to each grandchild and great-grandchild.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ADAMS, MARGARET M., (March 29, 1913;) net estate, $23,803; bank, $4,771; furniture and clothing, $250; stock, $19,877; 100 shares Am. Car & Foundry Co. pf., 30 Chi. & E. Ill. Ry. Co., 654 St. Joseph Lead Co.

BEATUS, CAROLINE, (May 27, 1913;) net estate, $12,701; 306 E. 50 St., $10,000; bank, $3,088; clothing, $5; left $5 to Ernst Beatus, husband, and the residue to her children.

CROSSMOND, LEWIS D., (Oct. 17, 1913;) net estate, $11,350; bank, $447; jewelry, $537; bills receivable, $1,938; stocks and bonds, $1,504; $4,500 bonds Menominee Water Works Co., 12 shares Hartford & Conn. R. R. stock; int. in L. D. Crossmond Co., 156 Maiden Lane, $8,064.

FLETCHER, MARY E., (Feb. 19, 1914;) net estate, $47,986; 39 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, $12,500; jewelry, clothing, etc., $35,448.

MEEHAN, JAMES, (Oct. 21, 1913;) net estate, $876,506; 1,000 Park Av., $66,000, (mtge., $11,000;) 1,002 Park Av., $47,500, (mtge., $10,000;) 68 E. 84 St., $25,000; land at Far Rockaway, Queens, $33,000; total realty less mtges., $198,500; bank, $14,543; jewelry, $5; bonds, mtges., and notes, $14,383; stocks and bonds, $675,887; bonds, $15,000 U. S. consols; $5,000 U. S. 4s; 2,308 shares Singer Mfg. Co. stock; rents, $477.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:30|Sun sets..7:28|Moon sets..2:07

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:50	5:13	10:53	11:42
Governors Island	5:01	5:33	11:23	12:00
Hell Gate	6:51	7:23	1:08	1:40

Arrived—Thursday, June 4.

SS St. Paul, Southampton, May 27.
SS Chicago, Havre, May 23.
SS Roma, Marseilles, May 19.
SS Advance, Colon, May 28.
SS Atholl, Penang, May 2.
SS Glenesk, Matanzas, May 29.
SS Manuel Calvo, Havana, May 31.
SS Iroquois, San Domingo, May 27.
SS Katania, Progreso, May 23.
SS Cibao, Port Simon, May 27.
SS Tryn, Puerto Padre, May 25.
SS Creole, New Orleans, May 30.
SS Jos. Di Giorgio, Suma, May 31.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Santa Marta	Santa Marta	May	26
Aquitania	Liverpool	May	30
Adriatic	Liverpool	May	28
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	May	27
El Siglo	Galveston	May	30
Comet	New Orleans	May	28
City of Savannah	Savannah	June	2

DUE TOMORROW.

Savoie	Havre	May	30
Vestris	Rio Janeiro	May	19
Prins Fred. Hendrik	Haiti	June	1
Martha Washington	Palermo	May	26
Oceania	Fiume	May	10
Poleric	Aberdeen	May	24
Katuna	Oran	May	21
Tipland	Rosario	May	24
Amanda	Baracoa	May	31
Pretoria	Hamburg	May	23

DUE SUNDAY.

Columbia	Glasgow	May	30
Athinai	Palermo	May	23
San Guglielmo	Naples	May	27
Manzanillo	Santiago	May	25
Santiago	Galveston	May	30
City of Montgomery	Savannah	June	4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Celtic, (U. S.,) Vera Cruz	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Commewijne, Barbados	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Purus, Rio Janeiro	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Montoso, Santiago	—	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Imperator, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Stephano, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Pr. Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Santo Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Grosser Kurfuerst, Bremen	—	10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
Italia, Naples	—	2:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	—	8:30 A.M.
Napoli, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Campania, Glasgow	—	12:00 M.
Danube, Jamaica	—	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Highland Watch, Bahia	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Chicago, Havre	—	3:00 P.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCILLY, ENGLAND.

SS Olympic, New York for Southampton, was 694 miles W. at 1:22 A. M.; due Plymouth 5th, afternoon, White Star Line.

SS Aquitania, Liverpool to New York, was 193 miles E. at 9:30 P. M.; due 5th, forenoon. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Vestris, Barbados to New York, was 481 miles S. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M. 3d.

SS Carolina, Ponce to New York, was 1,017 miles S. of Ambrose Lightship at 8 P. M. 3d.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 146 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS John D. Archbold, Baton Rouge to New York, was 34 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Parima—Barbados to New York, was 537 miles S. at noon.

SS Comet, Baton Rouge to New York, was 40 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 161 miles N. of Tortugas at noon.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 150 miles S. at noon.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 76 miles S. at noon.

SS Santa Marta, Santa Marta to New York, was 80 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, passed Martin's Industry at 7:45 P. M.

SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 112 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Calamares, Colon to New York, was 1,503 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Maracaibo, Mayaguez to New York, was 76 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except west.) via Vancouver—Marama ..... June 5

Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Seattle)—Antiochus. June 5

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Russia ..... June 6

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia ..... June 12

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that a parcel post convention has been concluded between the United States and Liberia, to take effect July 1, 1914, and that parcel post packages for destinations in Liberia will be admitted on and after that date to the parcel post mails for Liberia made up in and dispatched from this country.

Circulars containing full information regarding the postal rates and conditions applicable to parcels for Liberia may be obtained at the General Post Office or at any station thereof.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

MOONLIGHT EXCURSIONS UP THE HUDSON JUNE 4-5-6-8-9-10

Commodious, comfortable steamer "Adirondack" leaves Pier 32, N. R., foot of Canal Street, 8:00 P. M.; W. 132d St. Pier 8:45 P. M. Due back 11:30 P. M.

Dinner a la carte, beginning at 6 P. M. Music, Dancing. 50c

Phone 9400 Spring, day and night.

"Come on along."

A DAY'S PLEASURE EXCURSIONS via New Jersey Central HARD COAL—NO SMOKE—COMFORT

Lake Hopatcong $1.00

NEXT SUNDAY Also every Sunday and Holiday

Leave West 23d St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m. Jackson Ave., Jersey City, 9.17 a.m.

VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point Steamer Mary Powell

Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc. On Saturday, June 6, return can be made by Str. Albany, leaving after Seventh Regiment baseball game and parade. Round trip $1.00.

FRANK'S TOURS to CALIFORNIA $145 & up

arranged under our "Invisible Courier System," the modern way to travel, securing in advance hotels, Pullmans, etc.

TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.

FRANK TOURIST CO.

Tel. 4580 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

SIGHT SEEING POPULAR—COMFORTABLE Lvs. Hudson River Day Line Pier, Foot W. 42d St., Weekdays and Sundays, 10:30 A. M. & 2:30 P. M.

SAIL AROUND MANHATTAN ISLE STEEL STEAM YACHT CLIFTON

MOST INTERESTING LITTLE JOURNEY in the World. 40 Miles; 3 Hours; $1. Lectures—Music—Refreshments—Woman Attendant. Phone 5441 Gramercy.

BERMUDA Steamer Bookings and Tours. Best service. Send for folder. Marsters, Inc., 1240 B'way, N.Y.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Rochambeau, at Havre, June 1.
SS Koenig Albert, at Naples, June 4.
SS Baron Tweedmouth, at Sabany, June 2.
SS Ruffenfels, at Aden, June 2.
SS Guiana, at St. Thomas, June 4.
SS Uranium, at Rotterdam, June 2.
SS Indra, at Manila, May 29.
SS Texas, at Havre, June 2.
SS Frankdale, at Amsterdam, June 3.
SS Kathlamba, at Kobe, June 4.
SS Hamburg, at Genoa, June 2.
SS Englebert, at Naples, June 4.

Sailed.

SS Oceanic, from Queenstown, June 4.
SS Paula, from Shields, June 2.
SS City of Bristol, from Colombo, June 2.
SS Antonio Lopez, from Cadiz, May 30.
SS Minnie, from Kobe, June 2.
SS Cedric, from Liverpool, June 4.
SS Franklyn, from Sydney, June 4.
SS Iroquois, from London, June 4.

Passed.

SS Wotan, New York for Hamburg, passed Brow Head.
SS Conrad Mohr, New York for Bergen, passed Butt of Lewis.
SS Santa Anna, for New York, from Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Maryland, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Imperator, and at 5 P. M. June 8, SS Kronprinz Wilhelm and SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.

Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Kroonland.

Greece—Close at 1 P. M. June 11, SS Athinai; at 12 M. June 15, SS Patras, and at 5 P. M. June 15, SS Barcelona.

Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. June 8, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.

Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. June 4, SS United States.

Italy—Close at 5 P. M. June 5, SS Napoli.

Iron Steamboat Co

CONEY ISLAND

Schedule for FRIDAY, JUNE 5th.

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET, 9:40, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK, 11:25 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Deep Sea Fishing Str. "Taurus"

Daily at 8 A. M. from Pier 1, N. R., ONLY. Weekdays, 75 cents. Sundays & Holidays, $1.00.

Str. GRAND REPUBLIC

Special Trip Sundays June 7-14

To NEWBURGH and RETURN

Stopping at HIGHLAND FALLS Both Ways

FARE ROUND TRIP 50 CTS.

Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; West 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11:00 A. M.

Licensed capacity, 3,590. Tickets limited to 2,500. Restaurant and bar under Co.'s management. Telephone 872 Rector.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

(ALBANY DAY LINE.)

All steamers daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M., landing at West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Saturday, June 6th, Str. "Albany" to West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie, leaving Desbrosses St., 10:10; West 42d St., 10:30; West 129th St., 11 A. M. Returning from West Point after 7th Regiment Review, Ball Game and Evening Parade. Str. "Albany" on Saturdays, June 13th and 20th, one hour after regular up morning boat.

Str. "Mary Powell"

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings, leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by boat or by rail, $1.10.

Up the Hudson SUNDAY, $1 ROUND TRIP

150 MILES OF DAYLIGHT & TWILIGHT TRAVEL ON PALATIAL STEAMER "BENJ. B. ODELL" TO POUGHKEEPSIE

Bring your lunch basket if you wish, but it is unnecessary; there is a fine restaurant and lunchroom aboard; also good music. 9 A. M. from foot of Franklin St.; 9:30 A. M. from foot of West 129th St.

Central Hudson Line

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00

LV. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., N. Y. Daily at 5:30 P. M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

New London (Norwich) Line via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.

New Haven Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.

Bridgeport Line. Week days. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. of Catharine St., 11 A. M.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices, and at Piers. Phone Cortlandt 5181.

The New England Steamship Co.

"Hudson River by Searchlight."

MANHATTAN LINE $1.00 To ALBANY

THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.

Dining Service a la Carte.

Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 129th St., 6 P. M. Tel. 9226 Spring.

"The Public Be Pleased."

COLONIAL LINE

BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.75

PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.75

Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., ft. West Houston St. Berths free. All outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless Equipment. Uptown Office—Broadway & 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

BAY STATE LINE $2.50 BOSTON $2.50

Worcester, $2.50; Providence direct, $1.50. STATEROOMS $1.00, $1.50 & $2.00. Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, E. R. Phone 3700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway; Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St., N. Y.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS

A DELIGHTFUL 20-MILE SAIL Up the Sound for 50c. Battery daily, 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.; E. 24th St., ½ hour later; E. 138th St., 1 & 4 P. M. Boats every hour Sunday. All amusements.

Sight-Seeing Yachts

Battery Pier, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373. TO SEE THE OCEAN, 1:30. RETURN 5.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES

Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., daily, except Sundays, 6:30 P. M. Phone 1088 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for Summer folder.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

HINTS AT SHOE MONOPOLY.

$6,000,000 Plant Purchase Violated Sherman Law, Suggests Judge.

BOSTON, June 4.—A suggestion that the purchase of the Thomas G. Plant Patents and Shoe Machinery business by the United Shoe Machinery Company for $6,000,000 was a violation of the Sherman Anti-trust law was made today by Judge Putnam in the Federal Court, where the United Shoe Company is on trial as an alleged unlawful monopoly.

In the course of the argument of Charles F. Choate, counsel for the company, Judge Putnam exclaimed:

"If this does not spell desire to get rid of competition with Plant, I don't know what does. Here is Plant, with the possibility of wide competition, and he is bought out to stop competition. I think that a clear case under the Sherman act."

Mr. Choate denied that the purchase was made for the purpose of destroying competition. He said that negotiations had been going on for some time before the purchase was effected, and from this he argued that if the defendant had desired merely to prevent competition it would have bought Plant out at the first opportunity.

"Supposing that we should find that it was a violation of the Sherman act," continued Judge Putnam, "could we do anything other than order the Plant patents sold?"

He added that the scheme of dissolution approved in the Standard Oil and the Tobacco Trust cases would not be applicable here.

Missouri Attack on Swift & Co.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 4.—Information charging Swift & Co., the packing firm, with discriminatory tactics in the purchase of cream and butter fat in Missouri, was filed in the State Supreme Court today by

VISITORS HOLD BIG LINER.

Ten Persons Rescued from the Baltic by Tug in Midstream.

Owing to the big crowd of visitors who went to the White Star liner Baltic yesterday to see their relatives and friends away, ten people were carried away and had to be rescued by a tug in midstream, much to the annoyance of Capt Ransom, who stood on the bridge and frowned at the delay.

Miss Ella Coultt of Westcliffe on Sea, England, one of the survivors of the Empress of Ireland, who sailed on the Baltic, asked the stewardess for her life preserver and the nearest companion way to the upper deck, directly she reached her cabin. Other survivors of the tragedy on the St. Lawrence who departed on the Baltic were C. R. Burt of Toronto, L. Hyamson, A. J. Burdows, Charles R. Clark, C. D. Goodson, and the Rev. Joseph Wallett of 51 Finchley Road, Westcliffe on Sea, England.

Ratify Bayonne Bank Agreement.

The Directors of the Mechanics' Trust Company of Bayonne, N. J., ratified yesterday the agreement whereby they will guarantee the depositors of the defunct First National Bank of Bayonne 75 per cent. of their deposits.

Your Vacation Guide

Don't Fail to Order TODAY a copy of the

BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE

Summer Resort Edition

NEXT SUNDAY JUNE 7

PRICE THREE CENTS

Besides the regular sections of the paper devoted to news, sporting features, it will contain a 24 page section of Summer resort news and announcements and—t h e Annual 80 page

Eagle Summer Resort Directory

A handsome magazine containing descriptions and detailed particulars, rates, etc., about over seven thousand Summer hotels and boarding houses in the leading Summer resort sections of the East.

Booklets, time tables, and travel information free at the

EAGLE INFORMATION BUREAU

The final authority on resort and travel information for Greater New Yorkers.

'Phone 6200 Main

PUTS A CZARDOM OVER RAILROADS

Brownell Points Out That Rayburn Bill Gives Commerce Board Unlimited Power.

IT COULD MAKE OR BREAK

Through Control of Securities Issues —A Gigantic Interlocking Directorate—Unconstitutional, Says Jouett.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Enactment of the Rayburn Anti-Trust bill would have the effect practically of removing every railroad President, General Manager, and Director and of transferring all their powers to the Interstate Commerce Commission, George F. Brownell, Vice President and General Counsel of the Erie Railroad Company, told the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee today.

"The members of the commission would become a system of interlocking Directors of vaster powers than anything dreamed of by Congress in proposing legislation against interlocking directorates," he declared.

"Would not the provision which gives the commission the right to veto any issue of securities tend to work discrimination?" asked Senator Brandegee. "Would not the result practically be to hand the railroad map of the United States over to the commission with the instruction, 'Here is the present map. It is within your power to say what railroads shall increase their mileage—extend their lines into virgin territory, for instance—and to say what railroads shall be stunted in their growth'?"

"I think that is a conservative statement of what the passage of this section of the Rayburn bill would mean," responded Mr. Brownell. "Indeed, I think it would go much further, in that giving the commission the right to supervise many of the small details of the management of the railroads.

"I am not opposed to the proper supervision of security issues. Reasonable regulation of that character is rather desirable than otherwise. If Congress were considering a law to that effect, which would exclude regulation by the several States, so that it would be the only supervision which the new security issues have to undergo, and would so frame the legislation that it would not hamper the carrier in obtaining funds that they might need for legitimate improvements, we would not be here objecting to it."

Issues of $600,000,000 a Year.

In pointing out the impossibility of the commision scrutinizing all new security issues, Mr. Brownell cited the fact that since 1900, in the official classification territory alone, that is, north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, there had been $3,000,000,000 of securities issued. In the same territory for the last ten years there had been an average yearly issue of $210,000,000. Both totals, he said, represented new securities, and not refunding. Considering funding issues, and taking in the whole country, he declared, there had been an average issue of $600,000,000 a year for the last ten years.

"The commission would have to scrutinize the issues of some 1,500 railroad corporations which now report to it," Mr. Brownell continued, "and this does not include all the corporations included in the scope of the bill, for that includes telegraph, telephone, and express companies, and some steamboat companies."

In response to a query from Senator Brandegee as to whether the evil deeds of railroads had not affected public opinion, Mr. Brownell declared he did not regard that as a prime cause of the reluctance of the public to invest in railroad stocks. Freight rates had been greatly decreased, he said, while the expenses of the railroads had been much increased in recent years. This increase would easily total from 25 per cent. to 40 per cent., he said.

"Railroads must issue new securities," he continued, "and they have been compelled to issue millions of dollars' worth of short-term notes. These must be paid, renewed, or defaulted when they fall due. The railroads could not stand a long delay on the part of the commission or obtaining permission to take care of these notes."

Mr. Brownell pointed out that in New York State a certain proportion of the capital stock must be issued and paid for, in the case of new railroads, before a road can be incorporated. This would be in direct conflict with the proposed law, he declared.

Venice and Russia Outdone.

Edward S. Jouett, general counsel of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, drew a vivid picture of the power the bill would confer on the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"Not even in the palmiest days of Venice, nor in Russia," he said, "was ever such unrestricted authority given as it is proposed to give the commission and its agents in this bill. Under its provisions it would be possible for an agent of the commission to enter the office of the President of a railroad, examine whatever papers he might find there, without stating what it was he sought, make an ex parte report upon what he found, and blast the good name and fame of the railroad. He might be corrupt, and might use the information he obtained through the examination of the papers to the detriment of the road, or in aid of a competing line."

Mr. Jouett declared that in his opinion to confer such power upon the commission and its agents would be unconstitutional.

With the taking of today's testimony the committee practically completed its anti-trust hearings, and next week will take up the task of settling upon one or more bills to report to the Senate. President Wilson has not sent word to the committee that he is ready to accept any legislation which proposes to accomplish less than that offered in the House, and in the absence of such word from the White House an effort probably will be made to report out a comprehensive bill.

A motion is pending before the committee to report only a trade commission bill and defer action on other subjects until next Winter. Many Senators openly favor this plan.

No session of the committee will be held to-morrow, but A. P. Thomb, general counsel of the Southern Railway, will be heard Saturday. Chairman Newlands said to-day that Mr. Thomb would be the last witness.

OPPOSES LABOR EXEMPTION.

It Is Un-American, Says E. P. Wheeler, Commending Moore's Course.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Everett P. Wheeler of New York, President of the American Bar Association, has written to Representative J. Hampton Moore of Pennsylvania strongly commending Mr. Moore's course in opposing the exemption of labor and farm associations from the operation of the anti-trust laws. Mr. Wheeler declares that such legislation is neither American nor democratic and says that it is opposed to the whole theory of popular government to grant special privileges to any class. The letter follows:

The American Bar Association,
27 William Street,
New York, June 3, 1914.

Hon. J. Hampton Moore, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Sir: It is with great satisfaction that I read in the morning Times the report of your speech in the House yesterday. The very foundation of American liberty lies in our doctrine of equal rights. To give special privileges to any class of men is opposed not only to the Declaration of Independence, but to the whole theory of our government. In the Democratic platforms of 1908 and 1912 I find the following paragraph:

"Questions of judicial practice have arisen, especially in connection with industrial disputes. We believe that the parties to all judicial proceedings should be treated with rigid impartiality and that injunctions should not be issued in any case in which an injunction would not issue if no industrial dispute were involved."

Yet to my amazement I see a Democratic majority adopting amendments to a bill which does not treat the parties to judicial proceedings with "rigid impartiality," but compels favoritism. For instance, we condemn the Standard Oil manufacturers for endeavoring in the early days of their organization to drive competitors out of business. What is this but a boycott? This was considered so criminal by the Senate that Senators declared that they would rather have their cotton destroyed by the weevil than use any Rockefeller money to prevent the plague. Yet here we have a proposed act which makes it legal for a labor union to persuade persons to cease to patronize or to employ any party to a dispute. This is a boycott. We all know that in all labor disputes, both in Ireland and America the boycott has been used in the most cruel manner so as to deprive the sick of medicine, the hungry of food, &c. Yet here is a proposition to legalize it when employed by a labor union, although it would be illegal if used by a corporation.

Such legislation is neither American nor Democratic, and the time will come when the sentiment of the American people will condemn it. In my opinion the great majority of our people do condemn it now. Allow me to express the hope that you will stand to your guns in this matter and expose the character of this legislation when it comes to a final vote. This seems to me especially appropriate for you, who are a Republican and therefore committed by your platform to "devotion to the cause of Republican institutions established by the fathers." In another paragraph that platform declares:

"It is important that the rights of every individual to the freest possible development of his own powers and resources and to the control of his own honestly acquired property, so far as those are compatible with the rights of others, shall not be interfered with or destroyed."

The Democratic Party, in the first paragraph of its platform, "re-affirms our devotion to the principles of democratic government formulated by Thomas Jefferson." This doubtless refers to the Declaration of Independence. This declaration states it to be self-evident that "all men are created equal," yet we have a proposed act of Congress which gives the labor unions special privileges of exemption from the administration of the law. George the Third was condemned "because he had obstructed the administration of justice," and yet this act prohibits the Judges from restraining unlawful acts by labor unions.

Can it have occurred to the gentlemen who proposed this legislation that, if the courts cannot decide these controversies peacebly, they will be decided by force? The shocking results of the latter method we see plainly in Colorado. Would it not have been better to have had the questions which have given rise to bloodshed there decided in an orderly manner by the Colorado courts?

Permit me to send you with this letter a copy of the last report of a committee of the American Bar Association which was adopted unanimously by that association at its meeting in Montreal last August. On Pages 10-16 you will find a statement with respect to injunctions which may be of service to you in any subsequent discussion.

Thanking you again for your manly stand on this matter, I am

Yours faithfully,
EVERETT P. WHEELER.

$17,784,889 OFF MONEY BILL.

Fitzgerald Follows Up Economy Lecture by Paring Appropriation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Representative John J. Fitzgerald of New York, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, followed up his recent lectures to the House on economy by reporting from the committee today the annual supply bill for the sundry civil expenditures of the Government showing a reduction of $17,784,889 from the departments' estimate.

The bill, one of the largest of the annual budgets, carries $107,696,795, or $16,061,189 less than the sum appropriated for 1914. The largest item is $20,718,000 for continuing construction work on the Panama Canal, an increase of $1,942,607. For fortifying the canal $1,124,475 is named, a decrease of $3,984,875.

The House leaders purpose to take up the sundry civil bill immediately after the passage of the anti-trust legislation, which will be probably early next week. Most of the allowances carried in the measure are for certain fixed expenditures, and the provisions for the reason are more or less of the same character each year.

The reductions made by Mr. Fitzgerald and his colleagues of the Appropriations Committee are the result of several months' consideration.

TO REMIT INCOME TAX FINES.

Resolution Approved by Treasury Department Passed by Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The Senate to-day passed a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to remit penalties imposed under the Income Tax act for failure to make return by March 1 or to make proper returns provided the infraction of the law did not result from a willful act.

The resolution, introduced by Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, a Democrat, reads:

Be It Resolved, That the penalties provided by the act approved Oct. 3, 1913, for failure to properly return income tax provided in the act be, and the same are hereby, remitted for the present year where said return was completed by June 1 of the present year, where failure to make said return was not due to a purpose wilfully to refrain from making the same, and penalties which have been paid are remitted and directed to be returned.

The same resolution, with the date limiting remission changed to July 1, was introduced in the House by Representative Lobeck of Nebraska, Democrat, today.

The resolution was approved by officials of the Treasury Department before it was introduced in the Senate. A controlling reason for suggesting the remission was that the income tax law was effective this year for the first time, and many mistakes in returns were made through misunderstandings of the requirements of the law. There have been many petitions favoring the remission.

NEW STREET CLEANING PLAN

Commissioner Wants to Try Motors and Dustless Devices.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Fetherston will ask the Board of Estimate today to appropriate $250,000 to carry out a street cleaning experiment in a certain district of the city.

Up-to-date appliances are to be used, and if the experiment proves successful the plan will be extended. The part of the city to be operated upon, provided the Board of Estimate grants the money, lies between Twelfth and Fortieth Streets and Sixth Avenue and the East River.

Commissioner Fetherston's plan is to have traction engines replace the ordinary horse-drawn vehicles in the collection of garbage, ashes, and the removal of snow. The garbage and ash carts are to be covered, and covered cans will be furnished to householders free of charge. There will also be a new system of street flushing.

TWO JUDGES RULED OUT.

Court Says Hylan and Roy Appointments Were Illegal.

Holding that the constitutional amendment providing for two additional County Judges in Kings County prescribed that the new places should be filled at a general election, Supreme Court Justice Jaycox in Brooklyn yesterday decided that John F. Hylan and Robert H. Roy had been illegally appointed to the county bench by Gov. Glynn. Under this ruling the two appointees must retire pending a decision by the Court of Appeals as to the validity of the Governor's act.

Justice Jaycox does not construe the acts of Mr. Hylan and Mr. Roy while sitting as Judges in the County Court as illegal.

PARK STANDS RESTORED.

Newsdealers Allowed to Resume Business in City Hall Plaza.

Park Commissioner Ward issued orders yesterday to have the newsstands which were removed from City Hall Park reinstated. The Commissioner was impressed by the many complaints he had received since he directed Louis W. Fehy, Secretary of the Park Board, to remove the stands as part of a movement to beautify the parks.

Whether the stands are to stay in the park permanently will be decided when Mayor Mitchel returns to the city today.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
Cook<Auto Fire Prot'n Co.
Fenton<Farson.
DISTRICT COURT.—Hand, J.—At 10 A. M.
Motion calendar.
Francis<Leonard.
Ryan<Mt. Vernon Bk.
Barry<Harfoon.
East Steel<Godair
Wimmer.
In re S. S. "Titanic."
Park & Tilford<Lopez.
Johnston<Autocar Sles
Molloy<Gt. At. & P. Tea.
Berger<Hartford.
Marsh<Westinghouse.
Miller<Van Schaick.
Kamendulis<Ramapo.
Lyttle<5th Nat. Bk.
Notaseme<Straus.
U. S.<Salen.
Durable Wire Paper<Wire Products.
U. S.<Trachy.
In re Steinmetz.

Automatic W. W. S. Co.<Sussman.
Church<Swetland.
Illmann<Kayes.
Societe Anonyme<Arrow.
Parsons<Frasse.
Parker<Societe Francaise.
Fowler & Wolfe<Richmond Radiator.
Witzel<Newark Mat.
Romanozzi<Kerbaugh.
H. M. M. Ins.<U.S.A.
Kryptok<Harris.
Same<Straus.
Murphy<N. Y. C. R.R.
In re Weinstein.
Keystone<Wynkoop.
In re H. B. Hollins.
Stallo<Wagner.
Wallerstein<Wyatt.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Bankruptcy motion calendar.—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M.
Discharges:
Albert Henninger,
George W. Bishop,
Mima Fiedler.
Edward Kieth,
Mariano J. Garcia,
James A. McKiever,
Harris Fleischer, Inc.,
Jose Casesa.
Goodwin A. Distler,
Wilfred P. Ellison,
Isidor Wilchinsky,
Harry L. Hobbs,
Motions:
Smith, Gray & Co.,
Louis Reiter,
Cypress Knitting Mills, Inc.,
EQUITY CALENDAR—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
O'Connor<Goldowitz.

Millie L. Schroeder,
Herbert F. Abrams,
Samuel Collier,
Harry Aronson,
Witteman Brothers,
S. Gilman & Co., Inc.,
Palmer, Singer Mfg. Co.
John Boyd, Jr.
Kurlandzik & Alpert, Inc.
Joseph B. Witman,
Philip Isaacs,
Levin, Kronenberg & Co.
Jose Casesa.
Lindenhurst Lumber & Supply Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR—At 10 A. M.
In re CNY (Grand Bvd & Concourse.)
Selwyn & Co<Waller.
People ex rel Daily Credit Corp<May.

People ex rel Ingersoll <Smith.
Messiah Home, &c<Rogers.
Tax Lien<Schultze-Barker.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, Laughlin, Clarke, Dowling, Hotchkiss, JJ.—Enumerated motions—At 2 P. M.
Dowd<Casey.
Whitman<O'Donovan.
Raessle<Raessle.
Sinnott<Ward Bread.
Drury<Am. Fruit Pro.
Auditorium Co.<Shubert Booking.
People<Schweindlar.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

N. Y. Rys.<C. N. Y.
In re Daly.
In re Ward.
Kaplon<Buck Con.
In re Schaefer.
C. N. Y.<Beers.
Harris<Snyder.
In re Main St.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Elbin<Elbin.
Werner<Smith.
Baum<Slobody.
McDonald<Stern.
Flynn<CNY.
Kelly<Same.
Fitzgerald<Same.
Perriman<Tucker.
Caster<Comm'l Deliv.
Williams<Williams.
W H H Hull Co<Hotel Astine.
Fuller<Robinson.
Silverberg Imp Co<Marlow Mfg Co.
Wurster<Wurster.
Goldberg<Siegel.
Dunham<Smook.
Ginsburg<NE Enamel.
Woodford<Young.
Vasser<Vasser.
Stephens<Bassett.
Harlem Sav Bk<Dillman.
Hudgens<Hudgens.
Liefeld,
Pietrucciuoli,
Steinberg,
Gassman,
Jung,
Capaccio,
Grattarola,
Herzlich,
Quinby,
Brunnelle,
Feltman,
Pontner,
Lippay,
Mell<Wm.,
Hoffman,
Doll,
Shattuck,
Gerber,
Cohen,
Schoonmaker,
Wasserman,
Mack,
Smith,
Boyajian,
Ommerman,
Salzman,
Comet,
Atkinson,
Jacobstein,
Morris,
Goodman,
Pollock,
Champion,
Monfort,
Hand,
Hubert,
Voris,
Varga,
Melodia,
Armstrong,
Harris,
Moore,
Rankin,
Sayres,
Michelman,
Monson,
Clear,
Bailey.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Tracey<Oliver & Burr.
Jennings<Thomas & Bl
Cassola<O'Brien.
Armoni<same.
Schnell<I R T.
Jones<Hallahan.
Dosztal<H C Kotten.
Murphy<Hafner.
Bowser<Pitts Cont.

Davega<Wilson Trad'g Co.
L. Kahn<Packard Motor.
M. Kahn<same.
Billich<Bronx Gas, &c. Co.
Rudiger<Struss.
Clear.

PART IV.—Adjourned until June 15.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Petterson<I R T.
Held<I R T Co.

Dornstreich<Carpenter Vehicle Co.
Case on.

PART VI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Levine<Miller.
Flynn<Rodgers & Hagerty.

Case on.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Carroll<Cons Gas.
Fingerman<Sheffield Farms.
Wittner<Madsan.

Slavin<Roddi.
Rosen<Bradley Con.
Case on.

PART IX.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Howard<Mardar.

gullies. No day calendar.

PART X.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Brenner<Kohnweiler.

Case on.

PART XI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wybrecht<Schock.
Brown<Newman.
Yucht<N Y Rys.
Watt<Cons Gas Co.
Hynds<Press Pub.
Jakal<Whitt Firepfg.

Kenwood<NY Rys.
Steiner<N Y Rys.
Bloomthal<Muse Com.
Rogers<Hud R Day L.
Case on.

PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Rotman<CNY.
Miller<NY Cons RR.

Doerr<CNY.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lawson<Ward.
Dowse<NY Yacht, L & E Co.
Shober<Royal Ins.
Homenway<Schmidt.
Somerville<Read.

Collins<CNY.
Levison<Ill Surety.
Mine & Smelter Sup<Herman.
Rapp<Rapp.
Case on.

PART XV.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Poss<Poss.

No day calendar.

PART XVI.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
McKnight<McKnight.
Hafter<Prise.
Redcliffe<Fowler.
Coe<Katz.
Coe<Katz.

Caspary<Hatch, Jr.
Gallagher & Shean<Barton.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Adjourned until June 15.
PART XVIII.—Guy, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Jones<Woodin.

No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Motions calendar.
Geza Klein.
John B Ireland.
Mary A Murray.
Michael Renehan.
Mary J Menet.
Henry Belden
Germin Ferrero.
Ellen Coughlan
Patrick McGreal.
Anna C Wilson.
Jennie Goldstein.
Adam Wecht.
Henry Hilton.
Geo Boynton<Boynton.
Gaylord S Truesdell
Wm Swain Andrews.
Wm Swain Andrews.
Charles G Adams.
Thomas E Chapman.
Wm H J Sieberg.
Mary A McGuire.
Henry Bischoff.
Marguerite C Mara.
Anna L Mooney &c.
James L Manney.
Frances Meyer.
Patrick J Flanagan.
Mary E Fleming.
Hyman Schnitzer.
Suesman Volk.
John W Block.
Simon Simon.
Edward C Pembrick.
Rosa Walsh.
Caroline A Wilkens.

George G Sickles.
Eliza W Work.
Charles O'Keefe.
Elizabeth Binnenger.
Anna Brunn.
Annie Abrams.
Isabella J Freeland.
Elizabeth Wright.
Alexander Dunbar.
Jacob Fussell.
Lydia Jouffroy.
Constance H Brown &c
Mary E Gillespie.
Sarah A Barnecott.
James E Tate.
Wm G Fleming.
Bernard Shlanowsky.
James P Tuttle.
Horace Russell.
Ignatz Dubrouski.
Estates of:
James J Galligan.
Johanna Buttner.
Patrick Doran.
Wills for probate:
Samuel F Howland.
Bernot Wachsman.
Dudley Kavanagh.
George W Riggs.
Anna Pearson.
Sarah Frank.
Bertha Heller.
Thomas Kelly.
Theodore L Flammer.
Andrew J Livingston.

TRIAL TERM—Fowler, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Estate of Patrick Lilly.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—La Fetra, J. Litigated motions.—At 10 A. M.
Kantrowitz<Morgan.
Reischmann Co<Brighton & Dev.
United Surety<Thompson, Starrett.
De Fago<Garmay Con.
US Rty, &c<McGenna.
Spielman<Smith.
Geiger, &c<Pasinsky.
Paterson<Cont Cas.
In re Powell.
Hammendinger<Dalberg.
Davidson<Leavitt.
Toch<Constantine.
Levy<Bretan.
Meyerson<Rabino.
Baker<Abrams.
Stegerman<Rockefeller Ice-Cortezzo.
Falk<Haskell.
Donald Line<Lewis.
Cohen<Anglo-Am Film
Woodman<West Term.
Donald Line<Lewis.
Smith<Pollack.
Layman, Van Ness Co<Ware.

Sulken<Black.
Same<Same.
Schan<Silverman.
Kahaly<Sherman.
Niemann<White.
Castiglione<Austro-Am Line.
O Armstrong<Majestic M P.
Burke<South Pac.
Farish<Armstrong.
Keen<Burns Bros.
Dards<Pultz.
Feltenstein<Kaufman.
Nelber<Koenig Bros.
Wilson<Duncan.
Day<Lowenstein.
Gotham R'coat<Levey.
Williams<Marks.
Murray<Algie.
Astor<Clement.
Mindlin<Ballin.
Abraham<Wallace.
Mayor Lane & Co<Weinstein Rty.
Tiffany Cigar<Markman.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Green, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Trajen<O'Connell.
Silverstein<Grossman.
Korn<Roosin.
Korn<Roosin.
Zulke<Pascale.
Smid<Ebbs.
Hageman<N Y Rys.
Summerville<B'way, &c., Rty.
Stre<Fid & Cas Co.
Axler<Brauenstein.
Del Gance<Spring.
Brothman<N Y Rys.
Lipshitz<Ferdinand.
Hindes<NY Rys.
Well<I J Kane Co.
Fischer<Calander.
Restaino<Sedutte.
Cena<Linch.
Abrahams<Stein.
Ratimno<Pitts Con.
Lubarsky<Sheffield Farms.
Dubiner<Green.
Goldstein<Lipman.
Darier<Reynault Taxi
Kendaur<Blecher.
Kirschenblatt<Bradley Const.
Sellers<Robinson.
Di Lisia Co<Diamond Co.
Costello<Breslin.

Guiterman<N Y Rys.
Fox<N Y Rys.
Jacobs<same.
Sharek<Nat Fireproof Co.
McNamara<same.
Conaghan<same.
Chiarchiaro<Cooney.
Davis<Boyd.
Goldstein<I R T.
Ringler<Herrlein.
Same<Same.
Kofler<Schuck.
Hutchinson<N Y Rys.
Olsen<Pelli.
Unger<Glass.
Altman<I R T.
Same<Same.
Sammartone<Pierce Con.
Altcre<Gilmore.
Nicastro<Rivilo Rty.
Stowell<Spadero.
Sporn<Herrman.
Monti<Schmohl.
McNamee<Pisano.
Gilberg<Rosenberg.
Volkell<Wolf.
Same<Same.
Reichman<Levinsky.
Sullivan<I R T.
Clear.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.
Gluck<Goodman.
Gertner<Gertner.
Schaffer<Pressure Light'g Co.
Mandel<Zierler.
Prevot<Kraemer.
Loeb, Cooney, &c<Johnson Solheid.
Cowlin<Cleland.
Burger<Cobb.
Tunnell Adv Co<Morris Park Est.
Hymmen<Drewell Co.
Moehringer<Milbert.
Rothstein<Carswell.
Mauro<Alvino.
De Babieri<Fugazy.
Lepore<Lavia.
Merchants' Nat Bk<Goldfinger.
Case on.

Law Scenic Studios<Isman.
Alema Rty Exchange<Coolidge.
1st Nat Bk, &c<Smith.
Morowitz<Busser.
Ashton<Harlieb.
Gold<Greenman.
Sharwin<Goldfarb.
New Center Co<King.
Smidt<Cent Chandelier
Bernstein<Fulson Rty.
Hart<Gerstein.
Eberhart & Son Co<Glaser.
Knauth<Friedman.
Liberman<Ostroff.
Beck<Mag Bonowit Co.
Spector<Mulligan.
Swan & Finch<Am Textile Soap.

PART III.—Lynch, J.—case on; IV., O'Dwyer, J., case on; V., Smith, J., case on; VI., Finelite, J., case on; VII., Ransom, J., clear; VIII., Delehanty, J., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Harlem Sav Bank<Washington Heights Dev Co—Edward A. McShane. Dry Dock Sav Inst<Fleischmann Realty Co (2)—Charles F. MacLean.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Young<Parnass—Frederick C. Hunter. Jackson<Cohen—Joseph C. Levi.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Royal Antiseptic Toothpick Co<Jacques Kanigar—Francis A. O'Neill.
SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Lincoln Trust Co<Lawrence Mulligan—Samuel C. Herriman, Jacob Kaplon<Hearn Realty Co—Leonard Morgan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Jenks, Burr, Thomas, Carr, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ.—Motion calendar.
Beardsley<I R T.
Enumerated day calendar—At 10 A. M.
In re Duffy.
Griffith<Am Bridge.
Buttecavoli<Steplechase.
Frear<Lewis.
Merritt<Archer.
Allott<Thorne
Thomas.<Thomass.
People<Fegelli.
Therkatz<Waldo.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Aspinall, J.—Litigated motions—At 10 A. M.
Bernstein<Gorinsky.
Gillespie<Gillespie.
In re Roberts.
Davis<L. B. R Co.
Ogonowski<Ogonewski
Linderman<Linderman
Peo ex rel Van Doren <Prendergast.
Shultheis<Mayhew.
Potts<Garbade.
Stearns<Stearns.
Decker<Decker.
Prospect Bldg<D'Andria et al.
Somerville Est & Averne P Dev Co<Arne-by-the-Sea et al
Bock<Fuggerman.
Kadish<Hausman.
SPECIAL TERM.—Litigated motions.
Kaiser<Burden.
Warner<Ocean El Ry.
Beers<Black.
Lo Re<Federman.
PART II.—Crane, J.—Ex parte business—At 10 A. M.

Jenkins<Malsky et al.
Baranauckas<Geives.
Brothers<Brothers.
Jughard<Nagin.
Mollenhauer<Ruger.
Austin Nichols<Patterson.
Aaren<Thompson.
Smith<Smith.
Stearns<Stearns.
Pettit<Pettit.
Hall<Hall.
Herkus<Krall et al.
Rein Co<Post.
D'Erb<Goetz et al.
In re Richter.
Casey<Gannon et al.
Yukelson<Yukelson.

PART III.—Kelly, J.—At 10 A. M.
Special mortgage to reclosure calendar.
Levine<Hartman Rlty Equip Trust Co<Jenkins.
Lawyers Mtge Co<Arenstam.
McGuire<Romano.
Regular calendar:
B'klyn Finnish Soc<Helm.
Morgarowsky<Glassberg.
Highest number reached, 1063.
TRIAL TERM—Jaycox, Van Siclen, Maddox, Blackmar, JJ.—At 10 A. M.
Elstein<McCay et al, (2 acts.)
Sherren<NY Rys.
Benson<Wardell et al.
Boehm<Unkel.
Cashen<Obrey.
Cedarholm<Lindinger.
Robb<Assoc Operat'g.
Mullings<Huber Bw.
Barley<Plaut & Sons.
Casey<Gannon et al.
Service<B, QCo & SRR.
Porter<Maxwell.
Solomon<Botterd Dickinson Co et al.
The balance of the day calendar stands over until June 8.
Highest number reached, 8892.

Auer<Hab Bldg.
Marron<Boyce.
Neger<Gen Sav Bk.
Roller<Roller.
Todaro<Somerville R'lty.
Elliot<Elliot.
Bitelli<Rizzo.
Lamano<Lamano.
Lafayette Tr<Caplan.

Morse Dry Dock Co<Cent Am Grow.
Dotten<B H R R, (2 acts.)
Mela<Waterbury Co.
Krinsky<CNY et al.
Riotto<Pages.
Reitzer<B, Q C & S RR
Grzyschinsky<Smith. (2 acts.)
O'Hearn<Transit Dev.
Laresca<NY Rys.
Salvato<Nassau RR.
Rabenstein<CNY.

The court will not accept stipulations for cases when they appear on the day calendar. Cases must be ready when reached or they will be marked off. This rule will be strictly enforced.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—Recess.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.
Motion calendar.
Rabinowitz<Friedm'n.
Lowenfeld<Lewis Rlty
Englert<Kandall.
Forro<Ebling Brew.
Penschuck<Quinn.
SPECIAL TERM—Trials.—Brady, J.
Inquest:
Ideal Gas & El Fixt.
Day calendar:
Kreuter<Kreuter.
Davis<Harrison et al.
TRIAL TERM.—Brady J.—No day calendar.

Sovinsky<Steinberg.
Gileron<Colby.
Spielsworth<Peachire Water.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

THURSDAY, JUNE 4.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,050-4, w s, 40.6 ft s of 112th St, 46x112.2; May Scheer to Hugh P. Skelly, 24 W. 83d St, (mtg $80,000,) May 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
AVENUE B, e s, 89 ft n of 12th St, 40x93; Peerless Holding Co. to Maud B. Barclay, 7 West 81st St, June 1, (mtg $57,000; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
AVENUE B, 195 to 203, n e corner of 12th St, 605 East, 129x93; Hy Waldman, referee, to Peerless Holding Co., 46 Cedar St, June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$70,000
CATHARINE ST, 76, w s, 46.4 ft s of Oak St, 24.9x77.11; Minnie Garone to Angela Braccio, 100 Park St, June 1, (mtg $15,000;) attorneys, Weiss Bros., 45 William St..$1
EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 92 ft n of 137th St, 15.10x100; Henrietta Ingber to D. H. Jackson Co., 35 Nassau St., (mtg $11,000,) June 3; attorneys, Goldsmith, R., M. & B., 35 Nassau St.....$1
MADISON AV, 712, w s, 20 ft n of 63d St, 20x70; New York and New Jersey Real Estate Improvement Co. to Granby Corporation, 149 Broadway, June 1, (mtg $50,000;) attorney, G. H. Montague, 40 Wall St..$1
PARK AV, n w corner of 62d St, 100.5x100; M. Orme Wilson and others, executors, &c, Richard T. Wilson to Stony Clove Inn, 122 Madison Av, (mtg $280,000,) June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$400,000
PARK AV, 1,503, e s, 73.8 ft s of 110th St, 80x25.2xirreg; Anna E. Kraft to Dietrich W. Kaatze, 103 Keap St., Brooklyn, quitclaim, April 17, 1913; attorney, N. D. Shapiro, 806 Broadway, Brooklyn.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Edward A. Wallach to Anna E. Kraft and another, 103 Keap St, Brooklyn, quitclaim, May 14; same.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Dietrich W. Kaatze to Anna E. Kraft, 103 Keap St., Brooklyn, quitclaim, June 3, 1914; same attorney.....$1
SAME PROPERTY; Fischel Friedman to Geisel Kolcher and another, 1 Watkins St., Brooklyn, June 4; same attorney.....$1
SOUTH St, n w cor of Old Slip, 23x44.10; P. Tenney Davis, referee, to Charles Kohler, 40 South St, (mtg $25,000,) June 4; attorneys, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$1,928
ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, 25 ft s of 176th St, 75x100; William C. Schmidt to Charles M. Rosenthal of Cedarhurst, L. I., (mtg $100,000,) June 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
WADSWORTH AV, s w cor of 97th St, 25.5x95; Elizabeth Kenedy, executrix of Patrick J. Kenedy, to Frank W. Mosher, 152 E. 50th St, (mtg $20,000,) June 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100
4TH ST, n s, 117.8 ft e of Lafayette Place, 21x127.4; Tine Schattman to Manchat Realty Co., 412 West 148th St, all title, (mtg $31,000,) May 29; attorneys, Wolf & K., 208 Broadway.....$100
30TH ST, n s, 378.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18.6x98.9; Henrietta Ingber to D. H. Jackson Co., 35 Nassau St, (mtg $12,000,) June 1; attorneys, Goldsmith, R., M. & B., 35 Nassau St..$1
37TH ST, 113 E. n s, 189 ft e of Park Av, 20x98.9; Frederick K. Trowbridge to Helen E. Kremer, 84 Park Av, (mtg $35,000,) May 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1
71ST ST, s s, 61 ft w of Columbus Av, 19x100.5; Fannie V. Lyons to Caroline Lamar, 106 West 71st St, June 3, (mtg $16,500;) attorney, J. L. Pecker, 30 Broad St..$1
74TH ST, 134 W., s s, 340 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x102.2; Josef Steiner to William C. Schmidt, 1,253 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $22,000,) May 15; attorneys, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1
105TH ST, s s, 126.2 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18.4x100.11; West End Presbyter

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Builders Buy Upper Manhattan Parcels—Deal Near Times Square—$100,000 Bronx Estate Sale—$400,000 Purchase in Long Island City—New Rochelle-Brooklyn Trade—Morristown Acreage Sale.

Two deals in the upper Manhattan section which will result in two new apartment house operations added some activity to a quiet realty market yesterday. The northwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 157th Street, a plot 125 by 100, recently improved with a one-story theatre and taxpayer by the Riverside-Viaduct Realty Company, (Newman & Jacobs,) has been sold by them to Dimock & Fink. In part payment the latter gave a vacant plot on the northeast corner of Audubon Avenue and 180th Street, 100 by 100, which the new owners intend to improve with a five-story apartment house.

In the immediate locality, the vacant plot on the northwest corner of Northern Avenue and 180th Street, 138 by 100, was purchased in a cash deal by the Haven Construction Company, Charles Flaum, President, from the Central Realty and Improvement Company, controlled by Sonn Brothers. The buyers are having plans prepared for the erection of three five-story apartment houses. Weschler & Kohn acted as attorneys in both transactions.

Deal in Times Square Section.

Another old dwelling in the Times Square section, 110 West Forty-sixth Street, was reported sold yesterday by Frederick Fox & Co. The structure, which occupies a lot 20 by 100 feet, just west of Sixth Avenue, was sold by Simon Meyer and others to Charles Cooly, now doing business as the Eaves Costume Company at 226 West Forty-first Street. Extensive alterations will be made to the building by the buyer.

Calumet Club's New Home

The Calumet Club has decided to exercise its option for the purchase of the former residence of Harry Hollins at 12 and 14 West Fifty-sixth Street, fronting 50 feet, just west of Fifth Avenue. About $300,000 will be paid for the property. The Calumet Club has occupied for over twenty years the building on the northeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street. Pease & Elliman conducted the negotiations for the sale of the Hollins home.

Colony Club Takes Title.

The Colony Club took title yesterday from M. Orme Wilson and others, as executors of Richard T. Wilson, to the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street, 100.5 by 100, where its new home will be built. The consideration was $400,000. The club gave back to Mr. Wilson a mortgage of $280,000 for one year from June 3.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Joseph Steiner has sold to a client of the J. Romaine Brown Company 134 West Seventy-fourth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling on a lot 20 by 102.2. The buyer will occupy.

Apartment Trade Closed.

The Henry Morgenthau Company announced that the deal reported a week ago has been closed whereby the Morgenthau Company sold to William F. Burns the ten-story Columbus apartment house on the southeast corner of Broadway and 157th Street, 100 by 125, taking in exchange the seven-story apartment at 2626 Broadway, near Ninety-ninth Street, on plot 50 by 100, and the six-story house on the northeast corner of Riverside Drive and 143d Street, 65 by 100. Arnold, Byrne & Baumann were the brokers.

Another Ten-Story Heights Apartment.

Harry Jacobs is the buyer of the plot of four lots on the northwest corner of Broadway and 146th Street, reported sold several weeks ago by Paulle D. Riggs and others.

A ten-story apartment will be erected on the site by the buyer, title to the plot having been taken in the name of the Broadway and 146th Street Corporation.

New Printing Trade Building for Thirty-seventh Street.

A thirteen-story building for the printing and publishing trades will be erected by Harvey Underhill at 438 to 448 West Thirty-seventh Street, a plot 125 by 98.9. It is now occupied by five four-story buildings and a five-story flat, the latter having recently been purchased by Mr. Underhill to enlarge his plot. Plans are being prepared for the new building by the architects, Hill & Stout, and the cost is estimated at about $350,000. The old structures will be near the new Hill Publishing Company's building, on the southwest corner of Tenth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.

$100,000 Bronx Deal.

An important deal in the Fordham section of the Bronx involving about $100,000 was reported yesterday by L. M. Mosauer & Co., who sold for the Keary estate a large plot on the southeast corner of Fordham Road and Marion Avenue.

The property, which has been held by the estate for over forty years, and was the site of the old family homestead known as "The Elms," fronts 354 feet on Fordham Road and 99 feet on Marion Avenue by irregular.

It was purchased by the Adams Realty Company, of which Milton E. Oppenheimer is President, who will improve it at once with one-story stores, for which there is an active demand in this particular vicinity, one of the busiest in the Bronx. The brokers who negotiated the sale say that they have already leased one-third of the stores from the plans. The property is within 75 feet of Webster Avenue.

$400,000 Purchase in Queens.

The United Assets Corporation of Long Island City has purchased forty-five three-story six-family brick tenements on Thirteenth, Fourteenth, and Graham Avenues, Long Island City, paying $346,500 for the entire property, subject to liens which will bring the total purchase price to nearly $400,000. It is the largest single sale of improved property ever made in Queens. The property was sold under foreclosure against the Currie Realty Company. It was sold at the Queens Real Estate Auction rooms by Henry C. Johnson, Jr.

Mrs. Elizabeth Morris, executrix of the will of John Morris, through M. M. Van Norden, has sold three houses in Flushing, respectively to Conrad Voelcker, Harry Bartlett, and the Halleran Real Estate Agency, and a house at College Point to Mrs. Kate Lloyd.

Brooklyn.

A trade involving about $166,000 was closed yesterday between John M. Bacon and the Scrola Brothers Construction and Realty Company. The latter gave the two apartments, 873 and 879 Bergen Street, and $42,500 in cash for twenty-six lots on Eastern Parkway, Union Street, Lincoln and St. Johns Place. Scrola Brothers will improve the property with high-class apartments. The Ross Krafft Company negotiated the trade.

Wood, Harmon & Co. have sold at South Marlboro, in the Flatbush district, lots 1 to D. S. Fuller, M. B. Buckner, C. L. Furr, C. D. Pratt, J. F. Zerby, Jr., Charles C. Cole, Alex Backus, W. O. Brown, Jr., C. Harmsburger, J. M. Gamble and W. W. Wilburn.

The Rockmore Realty Company has sold 1,208 Liberty Avenue, a three-story store building, on a lot 20 by 100 feet, to Fred Haffer, and 359 Eldert Lane a two-story brick house, on a lot 20 by 97 feet, to Flora Meinecke.

Brooklyn Trust Company Building.

Plans have been filed in the Brooklyn Bureau of Buildings for the new Brooklyn Trust Company's building, to occupy the block front on Clinton Street, between Montague and Pierrepont Streets. The Pierrepont Street corner was formerly the home of the Brooklyn Club, recently purchased by the Trust Company. York & Sawyer are the architects, and the cost is placed at $500,000.

New Rochelle-Brooklyn Trade

A large private residence in Lyncroft, New Rochelle, valued at $30,000, has been sold by the Lyncroft Realty Company, being given in part payment for the Kenmore apartment house at 82 Downing Street, Brooklyn, valued at $75,000. O'Connor & McCann were the brokers in the deal.

Long Island

The Rickert-Finlay Realty Company has sold to John Halloh of Manhattan, for improvement, a plot in Broadway-Flushing, with 60 feet frontage on the west side of Twenty-sixth Street, 60 feet north of Depot Lane, for the consideration of $3,000.

The property is within one block of the new Broadway Station, which is now nearing completion.

The New York Suburban Land Company has sold in its development in the Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, a plot 60 by 100 feet, on Oxford Place, to William J. Lohn; a plot 100 by 100 feet, on Park Avenue, to Arthur Laender; a plot 40 by 100 feet, on Lincoln Avenue, to Herbert R. White, and a plot 40 by 100 feet, on Sterling Street, to Theo. F. Hyatt.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Rosedale to J. Heaney a plot 60 by 100 feet, on Clifton Avenue, and to C. Scanlon a plot 40 by 100 feet on Bradley Place. The same company sold at Floral Park to A. Tully a plot 100 by 104 feet on Spruce Street.

New Jersey.

Pease & Elliman have sold for A. E. Outerbridge his estate of about nineteen acres, with a dwelling and other buildings, in Sussex Street, at Morristown. It was formerly owned by John Claflin. John S. Douglas of Plainfield is the purchaser.

S. S. Walstrom-Gordon & Forman have sold for Bernhard D. Forster a dwelling on Doremust Avenue, Glen Rock, to Mrs. Lillian F. Woolley of Manhattan.

The New York and Suburban Land Company has sold at Westfield a plot, 50 by 120, on Suffolk Place, to George Gilsey; a plot, 40 by 100, on Newark Avenue to Richard Henry Cutley, and a plot, 40 by 100, on Fanwod Avenue to Francis J. McKenna.

James S. Walker of Manhattan has purchased from Alfred Nelson a farm comprising 144 acres of land, with farm house and outbuildings at Skillman, N. J. The place has been held at $40,000. The buyer will conduct it as a model dairy and stock farm. The F. R. Wood, W. H. Dolson Company negotiated the sale.

Leases.

Slawson & Hobbs have leased for Mrs. O. P. How the five-story 20-foot American basement dwelling 144 West Eighty-sixth Street for a term of years to H. J. Lesser.

Shaw & Co. have leased the following stores: No. 1 West 125th Street for the International Amusement and Realty Company, to John F. Murphy and James J. Kelly; 276 Lenox Avenue for John J. Spowers to A. Heyer, and 2,417 First Avenue for the Tisch estate to John Schatz.

Earle & Calhoun have leased for Paterno Brothers to the Knickerbocker Cleaning and Dyeing Company, for a term of years, a store in the new thirteen-story apartment house at Broadway, Seventy-eighth to Seventy-ninth Street.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the store and basement at 262 Fifth Avenue for John E. Donchian to the Smith-Gray Clothes Shop; the store and basement at 2 Platt Street to The Humite Company, the store at 67 Gold Street for John J. Burton to Samuel M. Leve, and the store at 859 and 841 Broadway for Roosevelt & Son to M. H. Finkelstein.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Benjamin N. Menke to John J. O'Hare the two-story garage to be erected on a plot, 50 by 100, at the northwest corner of Sixty-fourth Street and Amsterdam Avenue.

$8,830,302 for Queens Buildings.

A report issued yesterday by John W. Moore, Superintendent of Buildings in Queens, shows that there has been a considerable increase during the first five months of this year over a corresponding period last year. From Jan. 1 to June 1 this year the operations have totaled $8,830,302 with applications made for 2,031 new buildings.

This is an excess in estimated cost of $796 for the same period in 1913, which year showed a marked increase over several previous years. During the month of May the total number of permits applied for was 458 for new buildings of an estimated cost of $2,177,010. During the past week the activity continued.

There were 123 applications for permits for new buildings of an estimated cost of $326,240; 82 applications for alterations of an estimated cost of $75,160, and 90 applications for plumbing permits of an estimated cost of $65,192.

Brooklyn Lots at Auction.

The property of Stewart McDougall in Borough Park, Brooklyn, comprising 600 lots, will be sold by Bryan L. Kennelly at auction on the premises to-morrow afternoon. New Utrecht Avenue bounds the property on one side, with stations on the new subway at Forty-fourth Street and Thirty-ninth Street, an express station, two blocks from the property. The property lies just over the crest of the long hill that rises from the South Brooklyn waterfront. The streets are all paved with asphalt, sidewalks and curbs are laid, and all subsurface improvements have been made.

A Pelham Manor Auction.

The former bondholders of the Westchester Townsite Company have ordered the sale of 127 building lots and two modern dwellings at Pelham Manor Heights, at absolute auction on the premises tomorrow.

Realty Notes.

Justice Blanchard of the Supreme Court has appointed Jay Fitzpatrick receiver of rents of 233 West Sixty-sixth Street, pending a suit brought by Sarah C. Haiden to foreclose a mortgage of $18,300.

A deficiency judgment for $26,804 was entered yesterday against Sheppard Knapp & Co., growing out of the foreclosure sale of the north side of Thirteenth Street, 125 feet west of Sixth Avenue, 20 by 100. The judgment is in favor of Thomas Develon, Jr.

Justice Philbin has appointed Samuel C. Herriman receiver of the rents of 207 Bowery, the old-time Sullivan headquarters, now occupied by the Patrick H. Sullivan Association, pending a suit brought by the Lincoln Trust Company to foreclose a mortgage of $25,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

24th St, 223 West, n s, 283.4 ft w of 7th Av, 16.6x80, four-story dwelling; adjourned to June 19.

144th St, 421 West, n s, 153 ft e of Convent Av, 20x99.11, four-story dwelling; Germania Life Insurance Company against Theodore Kilian and others; Action 1; Dulon & R., attorneys; Isidor Niner, referee; due, $16,931.58; taxes, &c., $484.07; to the plaintiff for $17,000.

144th St, 423 West, n s, 136 ft e of Convent Av, 20x99.11; four-story dwelling; same against same; Action 2; same attorney; same referee; due, $16,416.90; taxes, &c., $497.57; to the plaintiff for $16,500.

Lewis St, 63, w s, 100 ft s of Rivington St, 25x100; five-story tenement and stores; J. E. Steckler against Jacob Wolf and others; Meighan & N., attorneys; A. R. Lesinsky, referee; due, $25,158.87; taxes, &c., $372.95; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

118th St, 320 East, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; five-story tenement; W. M. Powell, trustee, against Esther Bonner and others; W. M. Powell, Jr., attorney; M. M. Dalberg, referee; due, $18,277.98; taxes, &c., $722.80; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

By Samuel Marx.

60th St, 243 East, n s, 115 ft w of 2d Av, 20x100.5, three-story dwelling; adjourned to June 5.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Hoe Av, 1,200 and 1,202, n e corner of Home St, 109.3x40x104.8x40.3, five-story tenement; Margaret Knox against First Preferred Realty Corporation and others; Action 1; Arthur Knox, attorney; C. C. Marrin, referee; due, $4,360.74; taxes, &c., $540; subject to a mortgage of $40,000; to the plaintiff for $40,500.

Home St, 975, n s, 40.3 ft e of Hoe Av, 45.4 x99.6x45x104.8; Margaret Knox against First Preferred Realty Corporation and others; action 2; Arthur Knox, attorney; C. C. Marrin, referee; due, $2,768.03; taxes, &c., $485; subject to a mortgage of $36,000; to the plaintiff for $36,500.

By Joseph P. Day.

Sedgwick Av, e s, 289.7 ft n of 183d St, 40.11 x120.9x40.8x126.3, three-story dwelling; W. L. Penny and others, executors, against E. J. Quinn and others; J. T. Fenlon, attorney; Benno Lewinson, referee; due, $4,436; taxes, &c., $1,120.61; subject to first mortgage of $11,500; to C. F. Uhl for $13,250.

By George Price.

Southern Boulevard, 1,501 and 1,503, w s, 375 ft n of Jennings St, 87.6x100, five-story tenement and stores; A. M. Jones against Inter-City Land and Securities Co. and others; F. de P. Foster, attorney; J. Philip Van Kirk, referee; due, $5,258.55; taxes, &c., $200; subject to a mortgage of $31,000; to the plaintiff for $35,950.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

101st St, 209 and 211 West, n s, 100 ft e of Broadway, 54.9x100.11, seven-story apartment house; August Ruff and others against Sender Feldmark and others; Gettner, S. & A., attorneys; Samuel Strasbourger, referee; due, $14,642.54; taxes, &c., $979; subject to first mortgage of $78,000.

21st St, 137 East, 210.6 ft w of 3d Av, 20.6x 98.9, five-story dwelling; Elizabeth Kelly against Annette Pascal and others; Corbitt & S., attorneys; Alfred Steckler, Jr., referee; due, $3,315.89; taxes, &c., $1,700; subject to mortgage of $29,000.

131st St, 64 West, s s, 185.4 ft e of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Matthew McNamara against Sarah McCormick and others; T. J. Bannon, attorney; J. T. McGovern, referee; due, $8,754.91; taxes, &c., $411.75.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

72d St, 14 East, s s, 241 ft e of 5th Av, 27x 102.2, five-story dwelling, four-story extension; United States Trust Co. against Martindale Real Estate Co. and others; Stewart & S. attorneys; M. H. Dalberg, referee; due, $125,986.66; taxes, &c., $4,717.25.

By J. H. Mayers.

7th Av, 424, w s, 41.2 ft n of 33d St, 19.3x 69.10x irregular, four-story tenement and store; County Holding Co. against Unico Realty Co. and others; Merrill & R., attorneys; R. M. Rouinson, referee; due, $68,-239.04; taxes, &c., $1,539.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

Belmont Av, 2,451, n w corner of 188th St, 45x87.5, vacant; S. H. Kupferman against Liberty Brewing Co. and others; Edward Jacobs, attorney; C. L. Cohn, referee; amount due, $4,121.79.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Park Av, e s, 102.19 ft n of 167th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 88.8x84.4; Maheke Building Co., 1,493 West Farms Road, Frank J. Maleke, President, owner; Fred Hammond, 391 East 149th St, architect; cost $30,000

St. Paul's Place, s s, from Washington to Park Ave, 40 x ..., five-story brick school, 200x94; City of N. Y., owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $310,000

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Morris Park Av, n w cor Rose St, to two three-story frame stores and dwellings, 21.4x52.4 and 21.6x49.5; Charles Gillis, 933 Morris Park Av, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,027 Tremont Av, architect; total cost, $5,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

CAR and railroad equipment lease and conditional sale agent; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., vendor, to N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., at New Haven, Conn., 15 years, April 1 ..... $3,002,399

PARK AV, n w corner of 62d St, 100.5x125; the Colony Club to M. Orme Wilson, 3 East 64th St, and others, executors, &c., Richard T. Wilson, June 3, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $280,000

4TH ST, e s, 48.7 ft s of 11th St, 17.2x50; Francis A. Norris to Patrick McMullin, 563 East 7th St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $4,300, due Sept. 4, 1915, 6 p. c., June 4; attorney, United States Title Guarantee Co., 51 Chambers St $3,000

37TH ST, 113 East, n s, 189 ft e of Park Av, 20x98.9, prior mtg $35,000; Helen E. Kremer to Frederick K. Trowbridge, 115 East 37th St, June 3, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

41ST ST, s s, 255 ft e of Park Av, 44x98.9; the Steuben Co. to Union Dime Savings Bank, 701 6th Av, June 4, due as per bond; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $50,000

46TH ST, n s, 410 ft e of 6th Av, 20x100.5; Mary A Keena to Morris Frank, 538 9th Av, June 3, prior mtg $50,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $9,500

48TH ST, 150 West, s s, 262.6 ft e of 7th Av, 18.9x100.5; Margaret C. Magan to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, June 3, due and interest as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $50,000

118TH ST, n s, 225.6 ft w of Pleasant Av, 18.9x100.11; Giovanni Costanzo to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, June 3, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,600

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 244 ft w of 173d St, 51.3x95.2; Mellwin Realty & Construction Co. to Fannie Catz, 450 E. 139th St, June 4, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Davidson, 258 E. 188th St $1,225

ARTHUR AV, e s, 116 ft n of Crescent Av, 50x87.6; Margaret Stonesbridge, Garrison, N. Y., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, June 3, 3 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St $5,000

CLINTON AV, w s, 200 ft s of 177th St, 25x 100; John P. Clark to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, June 4, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $3,000

DEVOE AV, s w corner of 180th St, 190.1x 463.3; Bronx Consumers Ice Co. to Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co., 60 Broadway, June 1, due June 1, 1924, 6 p. c., (to secure bonds;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $125,000

LOTS 29 and 30, Block 69A, map of Morris Park; Fannie Freedman to Morris Park Estates, 25 Broad St, April 27, due July 9, 1916; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $4,000

RIVERDALE AV, w s, 150 ft n from land of Abraham Schermerhorn, 50.100; Addie M. Kleitz to Jacob Hirsh, 25 West 87th St, June 2, 3 years, 4 p. c.; attorney, Max Stern, 64 Wall St. $2,700

TRAFALGAR PLACE, e s, 75 ft s of Woodruff Av, 50x78; Trafalgar Building Co., Inc., to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, June 3, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $30,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Duo Co., 891 E. 149th St, prior mtg $30,000, June 3, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,100

TREMONT AV, n s, 43.1 ft w of Daly Av, 86.6x143; George E. Poulson to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, June 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $16,600

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,661, n w corner 173d St, 80.5x40; Trask Building Co. to Sophia Goeren, 1,210 Clay Av, prior mtg $36,000, June 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Levine, 30 E. 42d St. $4,000

8TH AV, n w corner of 4th St, 105x114, being Lot 458, map of Wakefield; Herman F. Bolte and another to Lizzie Verne, 447 East 164th St, June 3, due April 20, 1919; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,578 to 1,590; 7th Av, 712 to 720, and 48th St, 200 and 204 West; Porsth Electric Co. against Broadway & Seventh Av. Co., owner; Feature Picture Theatre Co. of America, contractor $995

1ST AV, 101; Isaac Glassman against Michael Sussman, owner and contractor $217

201ST ST, s s, 220 ft e of Academy St, 50x irr; Carl Dieringer against United Electric Light & Power Co, owner; F. T. Nesbit & Co, contractor $22

201ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of Harlem River, 331x200; Silvestre Nollo against United Electric Light & Power Co., owner; F. T. Nesbit & Co., Inc., contractor $16

Bronx.

287TH ST, 414-416 East; Joseph Vielberth Co. against Wesley Construction Co., owners and contractors $80

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291 Valuable Lots

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Located on

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Right at Bay Ridge Ave.—68th St. Station of FOURTH AVENUE SUBWAY

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IMPROVEMENTS.—Streets made, 5th and Bay Ridge Aves. paved, sewers in all streets. All lots with exception of about a dozen have sidewalks and curbs.

75% May Remain on Mortgage

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CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Shippan Point, STAMFORD, CONN.

A NUMBER OF CHOICE LOTS ON AND NEAR THE SHORE at BARGAIN PRICES; easy terms.

Salesmen on the property at company's office. Shippan Point, every day, or address the ATLANTIC REALTY CO., (General Office), 56 Park Row, Stamford, Conn. Send for Booklet C.

SHIPPAN POINT **Stamford, Conn.**

For Sale—A cosey new brick and shingle eight-room house; all appointments; VERY ATTRACTIVE; price $6,500; a bargain; easy terms; privilege to beach and tennis courts, only 500 feet away; Sound view; Address DRAWER "R," Greenwich, Conn.

SOUTHFIELD POINT

Exceptional shorefront; 100 feet on the open Sound; 250 feet deep; splendid bathing; fifty minutes from New York. Thomas J. Good, 505 5th Av., New York.

GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

Overlooking Long Island Sound; near beach; five beautifully parked acres with house twenty rooms, four baths; garage; machine shop; gardener's cottage. Thomas J. Good, 505 5th Av., New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

TO SUBLET — WALL STREET

Three light, well furnished att

Real Estate
Thirty cents a line.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

Owing to business reverses owner cannot occupy his handsome country estate on the North Shore of Long Island, and has placed it in my hands to dispose of within 30 days; 10 large rooms, 3 baths, concrete cellar, cold storage room, &c.; all modern improvements; over 2 acres of handsomely wooded grounds, overlooking Long Island Sound; garage; bargain to quick purchaser; terms. For further particulars apply Room 59, 11 Wall St.

House, furnished and ready for occupancy, North Shore island, on water, with unobstructed view across Long Island Sound; ten rooms, 3 baths, 5 open fireplaces, electric light, running water; 4½ acres of shaded lawn; I will be on premises to show every day this week; ask for me at the Shoreham Inn. Julian S. Dillon, Shoreham Inn, Shoreham, L. I., N. Y.

Northport, actual shore front, plot ½-acre; commuting distance; price $900. Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

New England—For Sale or To Let.

Colonial house, 16 rooms, facing Lake Crystal, New Hampshire; boating, fishing; magnificent trees; 16 acres; wonderful country; 1,300 elevaton; handsomely furnished; bathroom, fireplaces, garage, stable, telephone, ice, boats. New Hampshire, Y 320 Times.

Apartments to Let
Furnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.

ROOF GARDEN READY EARLY IN JUNE. Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN,
Broadway, 72d and 73d Sts.
Furnished apartments,
6, 8, and 9 rooms,
2 and 3 baths.
Possession at once. Summer rates.
See Manager, 175 West 72d St.
Tel. Columbus 3547.

Riverside Drive, Near 116th St.—Attractive front apartment; overlooking river; delightfully cool; seven rooms, two baths; will sublet for Summer fully furnished, silver and linen included; terms reasonable. Apply Room 1,012, 47 West 34th St. Tel. Greeley 3060.

Exceptional six or seven rooms, charmingly furnished or unfurnished; cool, light, convenience; river view. Call 11, 2 or 6, P. M.; by appointment. 536 West 113th, Apt. 82. 4534 Morningside.

To Rent, furnished, 4 West 40th St., three-room apartment; bath, kitchenette; 6 windows in drawing room; will rent at sacrifice for four months. Telephone 4372 Bryant Friday.

420 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, APT. 7D.—ATTRACTIVE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT, OVERLOOKING RIVER; SUBLET FOR SUMMER. PHONE 7889 MORNINGSIDE.

121st, 509 West.—Elegant Summer location; near Subway, Parks, Drive; 8 rooms, bath, kitchenette; elegantly furnished; restaurant, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

A. — To Sublet, very desirable, furnished apartment, 2 rooms and bath, for Summer months, at very moderate rental. Inquire Manager, The Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.

89th, 52 West.—2 rooms and bath; extension room; 8 windows; easterly, westerly, southerly exposure; delightfully cool; electricity, telephone extension; immediate possession.

95TH ST., 319 WEST, (Between Riverside and Broadway, overlooking Hudson).—High-class elevator apartment; five cool, outside rooms, piano, $55. Riverside 4650.

To Sublet—Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths; ideal location for the Summer; to be rented from June 20 to Sept. 20. 35 Claremont Av., 2 B.

At sacrifice, rent until October 4, large outside rooms, overlooking Columbia College; exquisitely furnished. 434 West 120th. Morningside 8440. Apt. 5A.

High-class, artistic home on Riverside Drive; bargain for Summer; 90th St. Subway; immediate possession. Telephone 5840 Riverside.

Elegantly furnished six rooms, 2 baths; all conveniences; unusually cool; desirable for Summer months; $75. 241 West 108th St.

676 Riverside Drive, corner 145th St.—Sublet cool, 4-room apartment, facing river; handsomely furnished. Ringler, Apt. 9D.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600.—Seven rooms; beautifully furnished, overlooking Hudson; Subway; reasonable. Burkhardt.

A cool apartment, two rooms and bath, five windows; new furniture. Quick, Hotel Berkely, 170 W. 74th St.

The Belnord, 86th St. and Broadway.—Handsomely furnished; three months from June 20. See agent on premises.

Four rooms, kitchenette, bath; beautiful view; near Columbia. Bosworth, 420 West 119th.

Corner apartment, six outside rooms, beautifully furnished. 49 Claremont Av., (119th St., West.)

Fort Washington Av., 447.—Seven-room apartment to September 1. Audubon 495. Joiner.

415 West 115th.—Five rooms, now to September; cool. BARTON, Rector—8240.

118th St., 405 West.—Bright and attractive five rooms; indefinitely. Supt.

Suite 2 rooms, high-class house; lady's private home. Telephone Riverside 8502.

East Side.

To let for the Summer, attractive furnished suite at less than half regular rate; immediate occupancy.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

To let for the Summer months, room with bath at greatly reduced rate.
THE LORRAINE, 2 East 45th St.

Three outside rooms and bath, $40, 187 East 26th St. Ring janitor's bell.

Brooklyn.

Two to four rooms and bath, cool and comfortable for the Summer; modern improvements; corner building; opposite Hotel Bossert; immediate possession. Apply to Davidson & Bulkley, 84 Montague St. Phone 929 J Main.

New Rochelle.

NEW ROCHELLE.—Furnished apartment; excellent board nearby; convenient location. Birch, 10 May St.

Bureaus.

Why rush all over looking for furnished apartments, rooms, board, city, suburban? Save time, carfare. Consult free Leland's Directory, 40 West 33d, diagonally opposite Waldorf-Astoria.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished
Thirty cents a line.

Family three adults desire completely furnished apartment, 5 or 6 rooms, between 116th and 124th Sts., west of Broadway; must be reasonable; best care given; possession wanted June 15 to Sept. 15. S 45 Times.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished.
Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

138th St., 625 West, (near Riverside Drive.) 5 and 6 rooms, parquet floors, electric light and telephone; extra large rooms; rent very moderate.

121st, 420 West, corner Amsterdam Av.—"Eryn Mawr" elevator apartments, 6 and 7 rooms; very reasonable rents; concessions.

96D, 816 WEST, (Apartment 4B.)—Beautiful six-room apartment, for Summer; much less than rent; immediate possession.

124th, 542 West.—"Florenting" elevator apartments, 4-5 rooms; rents $32-$40; electric light, telephone, all improvements.

120th St., 223 West.—Five large, light rooms and bath; newly decorated; steam heat and hot water; $27.

113th St., 76 West.—Elevator apartment; six extra large, light rooms; bath; $50.

Storage.
Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $1; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

To Let for Business Purposes.
Thirty cents a line.

Ground floor, 50x95, to lease; cement flooring; suitable stable, garage, machinist, wholesale grocer, or heavy manufacturing business. Owner, 324 East 44th St.

Dissolution of Firm.—Very desirable, light, cool offices, three rooms, for rent at great sacrifice. Apply Hanover Bank Building, Room 1,014.

Furnished office room to rent, (high-class suite,) with all office facilities; references exchanged. Apply Room 1,004, 55 Liberty St.

At 200 Broadway, suite 807, furnished, private office and desk room to let.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

A fireproof garage wanted, about 85,000 square feet, between 23d St. and 59th St., for term of years. Address L 15 Times.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Public Notices
Forty-five cents a line.

HANS SCHMIDT—Will writer in confidence communicate with Koelble, 80 Maiden Lane.

Boarders Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

97TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms; private bath; Southerners; reasonable.

218T, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Rooms, large, small; private bath; excellent table.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms; board.

53D ST., 37-52 EAST.—Large and small rooms; references; table board.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Fine suites, separate rooms; board optional; Summer prices. American.

MADISON AV., 193, Near 34th.—Large single rooms; baths; transients accommodated; references.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small rooms, adjoining; quiet; telephone; excellent board.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Special rates until September for superior rooms and board; refined, homelike atmosphere; Southern cooking; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Single, double rooms; Summer rates; references.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent board; home cooking; table guests; reasonable.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Nicely furnished large rooms; Summer rate; good board; reference; telephone.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Delightful cool rooms, private baths; table guests; accessible location.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, private bath; board optional; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private bath; electricity; exceptionally well-appointed house, suitable for refined people; Southern cooking.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; electricity; single rooms; board optional.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms; Subway and elevated express; references; table board.

73D, 136 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, single, double rooms; refined environment; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Exceptionally comfortable rooms; cool for Summer; excellent table.

76TH ST., 237, 239.—Delightful large, small rooms; excellent table; Summer rates.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Medium, cool room; also suite, private bath; southern exposure; convenient.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Room with board; Summer rates; high grade.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST, (Riverside Drive, Central Park.)—Cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; advantageous rentals now.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool rooms, single, en suite; private bath; excellent cuisine; Summer rates.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special rates; Summer guests.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room, private bath and others; telephone; extremely moderate.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Elegant large front rooms; parlor dining; table guests; moderate.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; board; high-class; Summer rates.

87TH, 70 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; refined neighborhood; Summer rates; references.

63D, 29 and 31 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests.

96TH, 54 WEST, Near Central Park.—Large and small rooms; terms moderate.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Attractive large front rooms, near Riverside; table guests; terms reasonable.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractively situated large, single room; table guests; Summer rates.

115TH, 604 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large room; elevator apt.; couple, two young men. Peters.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; refined house; home cooking; reference; moderate.

136TH ST., 245 WEST.—Elegant large second story front room, with board; private lavatory; electric light, telephone; near "L" and Subway; also hall room; Summer rates; private family; references.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Desirable Summer location; large room; private bath; electricity; reference.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th, offers comfortably furnished rooms and board, moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

DURING THE SUMMER I will rent rooms, with board, for $10; baths; telephone; electricity; references required. Box Y 317 Times Annex.

THE ANDERSON,
102 WEST 80TH ST.,
near the Park; cool and comfortable; one and two room apartments with bath; high-class table board; hotel service; Summer rates.

WOODBURY, 856 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds; dancing. Audubon 4412.

Board Wanted
Twenty cents a line.

BOARD at seashore wanted, with refined people, for July and August; gentleman and daughter 8 years old; commuting distance; state details. B. M., 360 Times.

Country Property
To Let—Furnished.

IDEAL BUNGALOW CITY.—THREE OR FOUR ROOMS, FURNISHED WITH THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS, FACING THE ATLANTIC OCEAN, FORMERLY KNOWN AS CHAFFE'S TENT CITY; FOUR BLOCKS FROM SEASIDE STATION, ROCKAWAY BEACH; RENT FROM $200 UP. QUEENS BEACH CO., BOULEVARD, CORNER UNDINE AV. TEL. 785 HAMMELS. L. VARET, MGR.

BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED SEVEN-ROOM bungalow, bath; electric light; use of telephone, every convenience; fireproof garage; wide, cool verandas; salt water on three sides, private dock, bathing beach, boating, fishing, crabbing; ideal, healthful location; finest on Atlantic Coast, between New London and Watch Hill; inspection invited; rent $400 season. Address E. A. Pond, Lord's Point, Stonington, Conn.

Newly furnished stucco cottage, South Shore, Long Island; grove, lake; 8 rooms, 2 tiled baths, electricity, gas, heat, phone; country club; bathing, boating; rent season or longer; reasonable to desirable party. Address R. R., Times Harlem.

BELMAR, N. J.—GREAT BARGAIN. Twelve-room, modern; corner; furnished; unobstructed ocean view; garage; owner unable occupy; will accept reduced rent from good party. Romoe & Dubois, Belmar, N. J.

Rockaway Park.—For rent, 87 1st Av., new house, handsomely furnished; ten rooms; seven are bedrooms; half block from ocean, four blocks from station. J. H. Naughton, 158 East 63d St. Phone Plaza 2100.

ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL.
Furnished Cottages.
W. C. BURROUGHS, Asbury Park, N. J.

Six rooms, bath; open fireplace; large piazza; improvements; electricity; fine location; reasonable rent; bathing. M. Sammis, Rowayton, Conn.

Eight-room residence; sun parlor; large lawn, shade, fruit trees; modern improvements; reasonable rental. M. Sammis, Rowayton, Conn.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.—Beautiful stucco house, eight rooms and bath; all improvements; well furnished. S 6 Times.

Furnished house for season. Address Mrs. E. G. Wertz, Wephitituck Farm, New Canaan, Conn.

Cottage, completely furnished, Jamaica Bay; 8 rooms; reasonable. Michel, 454 East 58th.

Charming home, furnished, for year, $45; near station. 75 St. James Ter., Yonkers.

To Let—Unfurnished.

To Let in Catskill-on-the-Hudson.—An unfurnished cottage in a desirable neighborhood, for the Summer or by the year. For particulars address Mrs. Robert Ward, South Orange, N. J.

Country Board.
Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

KINMONT.—Wouldn't you like to live here this Summer? A delightful old house, with large rooms and broad piazza (on three sides) overlooking the Hudson; half hour's ride from Grand Central Station; you can move out one bag at a time and keep in close touch with things at home; no trouble; nothing fussy; excellent table and all conveniences. Address or telephone Miss Lane, 182 North Broadway, Yonkers. Telephone 908—Yonkers.

Long Island.

Private cottage; exceptional Summer home; best residential section; five minutes' walk to beach; same distance to Edgemere Station; all modern improvements; excellent table service; special season rates. Address Brackenridge, Atlantic Av. corner Cedar Av. Telephone 596 Far Rockaway.

EUREKA HOUSE—S. TALLEY, PROP. CEDAR AVENUE—FAR ROCKAWAY. Perfect home; spacious grounds; table best; boating, fishing. Refined people only. Moderate terms.

New York State.

Wanted two more boys to make up a camp of four boys under the supervision of young lawyer and wife on the shores of Lake Champlain; tutoring for full college examinations; trips arranged to Adirondacks and neighboring lakes, canoeing, swimming, and mountain tramps. Y 202 Times Annex.

KYLE CAMP FOR BOYS, near Rip Van Winkle's Rock, Catskill Mountains; model bungalows; no damp tents; all land and water sports; free courses in English and German if desired; rifle range, billiards, bowling alley. Dr. Paul Kyle School, Flushing, L. I., Box 84.

Beautiful gentleman's place; poultry, fruit, vegetable farm; modern appointments; mountain location, 90 miles; references; booklet; $9, $12. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

FAR VIEW.—Quiet, restful place; no children; bath; all improvements; terms, $8 to $12. For particulars address Far View, Millbrook, N. Y., R. F. D., 29.

Tuckahoe, N. Y., private family; everything desirable. Tel 87W. Mrs. Foote.

New Jersey.

Attractive, large rooms; modern convenience; very high altitude; station conveyance; 42 minutes Lackawanna Road; $12 week. W. H. Mears, Murray Hill, N. J., (adjoining Summit.)

EAST ORANGE—LENOX MANOR. New throughout; private baths; large, cool rooms; veranda inclosed; exceptional table; special Summer rate. 75 Lenox Av. Phone 5076.

New England.

PARK HOTEL, WINSTED, CONN.

The place to spend your Summer vacation; all home cooking; everything fresh from the country; beautiful location; facing park; rooms with bath; electric and gas lights.
H. I. SMITH, PROPRIETOR.

Country Board Wanted
Thirty cents a line.

ON THE HUDSON OR LONG ISLAND SOUND,
within 45 minutes of Grand Central or Herald Square, three adults, two business people, twin girls, (2½ years;) attractive location, homelike surroundings desired and private family preferred; three months; give full description, particulars, and price in first letter. Address B 32 Times Annex.

Nice rooms; first-class board; fine location; block from train or trolley; moderate. 27 Jagger Av., Flushing, L. I.

Furnished Rooms
Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

11TH ST. AND BROADWAY, ST. DENIS HOTEL; OPPOSITE GRACE CHURCH.—SUMMER RATES; $5 WEEKLY; BATH; TELEPHONE; HOTEL SERVICE.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable furnished rooms, en suite or single; Southerners, transients.

17TH ST., 108 EAST.—Large front room, bath, telephone, $4; also others, $3.50.

20TH, 118 EAST.—Nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; phone.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small, comfortably furnished, cool, clean rooms, $4 up.

36TH ST., 38 EAST.—Newly furnished; all conveniences; reasonable Summer rates; references.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—In private family; beautifully furnished room for business lady or gentleman; connecting bath; separate entrance; near Grand Central; $5; references. Gammond's bell.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; running water; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

45TH ST., 19 EAST.—Two connecting rooms, bath, kitchenette, and one room, bath.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome room; bath adjoining; all conveniences; private house.

IRVING PLACE 14. — Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Nicely furnished, cool, comfortable rooms; private bath; board optional.

MADISON AV., 71.—Large and small rooms; breakfast if desired; references exhanged.

West Side.

11TH, 35 WEST.—Nice, extra, large room; also small; fine surroundings; phone; reference.

11TH St., 23 WEST.—Clean, well-kept rooms; running water; telephone.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7,$8, $9 week; one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals, $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

47TH ST. 41 WEST.—Large, fine single front room; running water; telephone; reasonable; select.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private bath; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, cool, airy room; private bath; also small room; reasonable.

55TH ST., 251 WEST.—Admirably appointed large and small, cool rooms; every modern convenience; telephone; moderate terms.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Handsome room; private bath; electricity; conveniences; Summer rates; telephone.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; all modern improvements; Subway, elevated; references. Hammond.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Attractive, cool rooms; all conveniences; electric light. Phone 2303 Columbus.

60TH, 22 WEST.—The New York. Phone 10241 Columbus. Hot water every room; electric lights; restaurant; tailor, barber; hotel service; Subway and "L" half a block; $3 to $10.50 per week. $1 per day.

68TH, 70 WEST. — Handsomely furnished large, small rooms; running water; telephone; references.

69TH ST., 50 WEST.—Clean, well-furnished, large, medium, and single rooms; conveniences; gentlemen.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Large, small rooms; some private baths; electricity; Summer rates.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large and small rooms; all conveniences.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Desirable room, with private bath; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 208 WEST.—Select front room, adjoining bath; suitable two; $6. 9987 Columbus.

71ST, 71 WEST.—Large, small rooms; newly furnished; doctor's office; private bathroom.

71ST ST., 155 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; electricity; single rooms; board optional.

71ST ST., 163 WEST.—One large room; also one small; conveniences; private house.

73D ST., (between Broadway and West End Av.)—Room for gentleman; private family. Y 278 Times Annex.

73D, 255 WEST.—Exceptional low Summer rates; large and small rooms; single, en suite.

75D ST., 154 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; Summer prices; reference.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private bath; also single rooms; reasonable; references.

73TH, 102 WEST.—Three large, bright, newly furnished rooms, single or en suite; elevator; Summer rates. Apartment 2B.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, sunny room; continuous hot water; references; electricity.

70TH, 125 WEST.—Back parlor; private bath; suitable physician or couple; reasonable.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Unusually attractive, large, second floor, front; spacious dressing room; reasonable.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; small room.

78TH, 178 WEST.—COOL ROOMS, adjoining bath; one flight; modern conveniences; excellent location; refined neighborhood; moderate; telephone. Shields.

78TH, 214 WEST.—Exceptional accommodations, with or without private bath; gentlemen; phone.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large, cool rooms, light housekeeping, $8-$9.

79TH ST., 218 WEST.—Delightful, large room; private bath; housekeeping privileges; also small room; Summer rates; Subway; references.

Furnished Rooms.
Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Cool, homelike rooms, single or en suite; private bath; Summer rates.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, exceptionally cool front room; modern conveniences; Summer rates.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private bath; select neighborhood; breakfast; telephone.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Delightfully cool, comfortable, large, small rooms; electricity, shower; all conveniences.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large room with bath; newly furnished; private house.

82D, 56 WEST.—Exceptionally cool rooms; private bath, electricity; convenient transportation; select neighborhood.

82D, 118 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large, medium rooms; private bath; Summer rates; homelike.

82D, 140 WEST.—Neat rooms; cool; Summer rates; private house; telephone; reference.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—Desirable cool, large rooms; new house. Summer rates.

82D ST., 134 WEST.—Summer rates; large room, private bath; also small room.

82D, 152 WEST.—Large, front room; abundant closet room; running water; telephone.

84TH, 250 WEST.—Exceptionally cool, large front room, facing Broadway; telephone; references. Barton.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Large, cool room; suitable two business men; 3 months; excellent location, near Riverside, Subway; references.

87TH ST, 103 WEST.—Desirable large room, dressing room, and bath; gentlemen; moderate.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Good room; ideal Summer location; running water; single room. Possons.

97TH, 136 WEST.—Large room; private baths, parquet floor, Oriental rugs, vacuum cleaning; cultured people only; references. Riverside 2087.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Light, cheerful rooms, single, suite; high-class apartments; near park; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $5-$7. McNamara.

111TH, 203 WEST.—Furnished room in up-to-date apartment; electric light; telephone. Feinsong.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Large, beautiful room, near Riverside. Mathison.

137TH ST., WEST, 611.
Elegantly furnished rooms, single, suites; private baths; overlooking Hudson; special rates for Summer, with or without board. Call Apartment 31.

113TH, 523 WEST.—Comfortably cool, single, double rooms; private lavatory; telephone; electricity.

114TH ST., 610 WEST.—Parlor, kitchenette, apartment; private bath shower, electricity; other rooms.

114TH, 528 WEST.—Charming, cool rooms; private house; all conveniences.

115TH, 400 WEST.—Very large, delightfully cool corner rooms, overlooking park; magnificent view from heights; celebrated restaurant; very moderate.

118TH ST., 405 WEST.—Cool, attractive single rooms; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apt. 41.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Cool single rooms; Summer rates; shower; electricity. Apt. 32.

121ST ST., 414 WEST.—Newly decorated outside room; elevator; top. Apt. 63.

121ST ST., 501 and 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Delightful Summer location; near Riverside; newly furnished; Columbia University; attractively furnished front rooms; southern exposure; single or double; $6, $7; single, $4 week; outside rooms with morning sun, single or double, $5, $6; single, $2.50; room with kitchenette, $3.50; other rooms, large and small, $2.50 to $5.50; meals entirely optional at cost in co-operative dining room, very reasonable; parlor for callers; elevator, steam, gas, electricity, hot water; Broadway Subway. Telephone Morningside 6822, 8790. Mrs. Young or Miss Williams.

121ST, 500 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; near Subway, parks, and drive; Columbia grounds opposite; beautiful double room, with kitchenette; single room also; restaurant, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

122D, 523 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Single and en suite outside rooms, $5 up. Sherman.

129TH, 4 WEST.—Cool, large, airy rooms, all outside; near bath; moderate. Maguire.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Light, airy room, comfortably furnished; elevator; private family; gentlemen. Carroll.

137TH, 606 WEST.—Near Riverside Drive; desirable large front rooms; elevator; electricity; reasonable. Woolbury.

179TH ST., 600 WEST.—Room for gentleman; conveniences; no other roomers. Apt. 31. Audubon 3830.

189D, 553 WEST.—Beautiful, cool room; suitable two; excellent board; reduced rates.

CLAREMONT AV., 49, (118th St. West.)—Large outside rooms; beautifully furnished.
COOL, COMFORTABLE ROOMS.
Front, $4, $8; suite, $10; select house. 350 West 22d St.

FAIRMONT PLACE, 725, (Bronx.)—Furnished rooms; private; between Clinton and Prospect Ave.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 575, corner 135th St.—Outside, airy, southern exposure; facing Hudson; elevator; shower, adjoining bath; gentlemen. Apartment 6B.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room; electricity, running water; private family; small room; Summer rates; 91st Subway; references.

Bronx.

190TH, 66 EAST, (Bronx.)—Summer months, apartment five large, new, exceptionally cool rooms, overlooking St. James's and Poe parks; Christian family; references. Briggs, 2960 Fordham.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished
Twenty cents a line.

SINGLE gentleman desires pleasant furnished room on Staten Island, within 15 minutes' walk of New York ferry. Address E 319 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted Female
Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

UPHOLSTERY WORKROOM.—Require experienced Table Hands on Draperies and curtains; also experienced Operators on Awnings and Slip Covers. Apply to Superintendent.

Also.

DRESSMAKING WORKROOM.—Require for the Special Order Section experienced Sleeve Trimmers. Apply to Manager of Workroom, Fifth Floor, Central Building.

AWNING OPERATORS.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require the services of a number of experienced hands on awnings. Apply at upholstery workrooms, fifth floor.

COOK.—Competent, reliable cook wanted; best references required; country for Summer. Apply Friday to Sullivan, 1 Lexington Ave.

COOK, &c.—Girl wanted to do plain cooking and general housework. Apply Apartment 12N, 601 West 110th St.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced saleswomen for their shoe and hosiery departments. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, after 4 P. M.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Small house in country; one in family; must do washing, ironing, and plain cooking; bring references; car fare paid. Call, between 10 and 12 Friday morning, 57 East 92d St.

INFANT'S NURSE wanted. Call Friday and Saturday, Kadane, 8,675 Broadway.

MODELS.—A desirable position as dress model in fitting department for a young woman with good figure measuring 36 bust. Apply to F. C. Sieger, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York.

NURSE.—A middle-aged person to take care of a semi-invalid lady; moderate wages and a good home. S 52 Times.

NURSE, refined; country. Call Friday, 11 to 1, Millinery Store, 729 8th Av., N. Y.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN, WELL EDUCATED, BRIGHT, AND UNDERSTANDING DRESSMAKING, CAPABLE OF MAKING GRAMMATICAL SPANISH TRANSLATIONS FROM THE ENGLISH. APPLY C. REED, BUTTERICK BUILDING, SPRING AND MACDOUGAL STS., NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER.—Accurate and speedy; one with experience in printing office and knowledge of paper preferred. Reply by mail, stating salary expected, previous position, &c., The Friedland Print, 424 W. 33d St.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

THREE MONTHS' COURSE. SUMMER RATES. ABOLIAN BLDG., 57 WEST 42D ST. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

Help Wanted, Male
Twenty cents a line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS,
FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

REPAIR MAN.—Require a man for our Housefurnishing Department, competent to make general repairs. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building.

CHAUFFEUR.—Wanted in private family; Packard and Chalmers cars; English preferred; must be experienced driver and mechanic; sober, willing and obliging; married with no children. State last employer and wages expected. English 106 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced and qualified to run Cadillac 1914 model car; must have personal city references. Address D 12 Times Annex.

FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMAN wanted, experienced in sugar refinery work; none other need apply; furnish references. Boy, Y 334 Times Annex.

FOUR young men, 25 to 35 years old, with accounting experience and knowledge of office systems; must be hard workers and anxious to get into the selling end with a first-class firm where they will be paid a salary while being trained to sell established, high-grade office specialty; men who can qualify will be trained and placed in territories where they can make some money; write, stating why you think you can sell and give full experience.
Box E 235 Times Downtown.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
EXPERIENCED SALESMEN
FOR THEIR
SILK SECTION.
Apply at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. Side.

MANAGER.—If you have selling ability and $1,000 capital which you can invest in an unusual opportunity exists for you as manager of a branch of our business; we do not want you if you are not a high-grade man and able to sell first-class trade. Do not write, call personally at Room 455, Marbridge Building, 34th St. and Broadway. Ask for Vice President.

MEN with selling ability wanted to sell life insurance; splendid opportunity; good commission. S. Samuel Wolfson, 43 Bible House, 9th St. and 3d Av.

SALESMAN.—HIGH-CLASS WAIST SALESMAN WANTED TO REPRESENT A PROMINENT MANUFACTURER IN THE MIDDLE AND NORTH WEST. GIVE PARTICULARS. DRAWING ACCOUNT ALLOWED. ADDRESS Y 325 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN WANTED TO COVER THE STATE OF TEXAS FOR A LARGE EMBROIDERY AND LACE IMPORTING HOUSE; ONLY THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE AND A FOLLOWING WILL BE CONSIDERED. APPLY, STATING AGE, REFERENCES, &C., B. M., 375 TIMES.

SALESMAN—A high-class man on a strictly commission basis; one who can earn big money; the work is particularly adapted to insurance men, stock and bond men, or special edition men. Call before 12 o'clock, Room 1,109, 44 East 23d.

SALESMAN with own trade in ladies' underwear and negligees; references; commission. Box Y 331 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Best proposition in New York. Call Room 714, 132 Nassau St.

STOCK RECORD CLERKS. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, L 11 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college student preferred, solicitor for collection agency; salary. Box 53, 1,515 3d Av.

Instruction.
Thirty cents a line.

A.—A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.

THREE MONTHS' COURSE, SUMMER RATES. AEOLIAN HALL, 27 WEST 42D ST. V. M. WHEAT, DIRECTOR.

MEN.—Grand opportunity to learn mechanical dentistry; earn while learning; positions waiting for those starting NOW; $20 to $30 weekly; taught thoroughly 3 to 6 months; day or evening; no book study; easy payments; several free scholarships in exchange for services. Bodee's Dental Trade School, Dept. T, 489 5th Av., near 42d St., New York.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, Dept. 1001 C, Candler Building, Times Square, New York.

Agents Wanted.
Thirty cents a line.

AGENTS wanted at once to sell our gas savers; last word in kitchen economy; details for $1.50; hustler can easily earn from $8 to $10 a day. Call or write 47 West 42d St., Room 321.

Situations Wanted
Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

ACCOUNTANT, stenographer, typewriter seeks position as secretary or office manager. L 1 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent; long experience, trial balance; accurate figurer; exceptional ability; reference; no stenography. Solomon, 31 Avenue B.

COMPANION. — As companion, managing housekeeper, practical nurse, good sewer; best references. N 129 Times.

COMPANION.—Middle-aged lady; experienced traveler; fine seamstress. N 22 Times.

DRESSMAKER'S ASSISTANT.—Colored; understands plain sewing and draping. Mrs. Palmer, 144 West 124th St.

GOVERNESS.—English, French, Spanish teacher, seeks pupils city, country; references. Allen, 207 West 107th St.

HOUSEKEEPER. — French, middle-aged, with one or two in family. Louise, care of M. Girard, 155 West 38d St.

SECRETARY, CORRESPONDENT, EXPERIENCED, EXCEPTIONAL ABILITY, DESIRES POSITION; EXCELLENT REFERENCE. D 10 TIMES ANNEX.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator; capable, intelligent; also willing to take position as stenographer in Summer resort. E 315 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Willing, desires an opportunity to prove ability; moderate salary, with advancement. Address Miss Edwards, 429 6th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright American girl, beginner; office assistant; two years' high school; refined; no agency; $8. E 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent to make good; do utmost to please. Eleanor Casey, 695 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, 3½ years' experience; good references; law office preferred; salary, $12. M. Gerosa, 1,220 53d St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 410 Grand St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Bright, intelligent beginner; business school graduate; $6. E 303 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, willing

TELLS HOW BAXTER SOLD HER MORPHINE

Woman Sleuth Says Workhouse Physician Accepted Marked Bills for the Drug.

HE IS HELD FOR GRAND JURY

Police Find the Defendant Was Once Imprisoned and Lost His License.

Dr. Charles Baxter, until Wednesday house physician at the hospital attached to the Workhouse on Blackwell's Island, was arraigned yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Deuel, in the Yorkville Court, charged with selling drugs to the convicts, and on another charge of having drugs in his possession illegally. He was held for the Grand Jury on the charge of selling drugs, and Magistrate Deuel adjourned until this afternoon the hearing on the motion of the defendant's counsel to dismiss the other complaint. His counsel was Arthur J. Levine of 150 Nassau Street.

Commissioner of Correction Katharine B. Davis and Deputy Commissioner Burdette G. Lewis attended the hearing. Although Commissioner Davis has denied that Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt's campaign against the sale of drugs is connected with the present investigation, a representative of Mrs. Vanderbilt was in court.

The principal witness examined yesterday was Mrs. Susan Daniels of 100 West Eighty-sixth Street, who under the name of Rose Barry was committed to the Island by Magistrate Herbert on May 25. She obtained the evidence on which Dr. Baxter was arrested. She said that on May 26 she complained of ear trouble, and was assigned to the hospital by Dr. Elihu Katz, an interne, who has taken Dr. Baxter's place. On the next day she talked to Dr. Baxter and gave him two five-dollar bills, which she said were to be considered a retaining fee. Dr. Baxter asked about her health and told her that he would order morphine. Testimony which the witness attempted to give, showing that a woman known as Jennie Hill had acted as a go-between in her negotiations for morphine with Dr. Baxter, was not accepted by Magistrate Deuel.

The witness said that she gave Dr. Baxter two $1 bills with a note asking for morphine, and that on the next day, Friday, May 29, he gave her eight tablets wrapped in a piece of gauze. She told Dr. Baxter that Dr. Katz did not want her to stay in the hospital, whereupon she asserted Dr. Baxter replied: "Don't worry. I'm boss here, and I'll fix you up."

On May 31, Mrs. Daniels testified, she told the doctor that it would be hard for her to get morphine after she got out, and she gave him two $2 bills and one $1 bill, all marked, which had been given to her by Commissioner Davis before she went to the Island. Dr. Baxter, she said, seemed greatly touched, and said: "I didn't expect that much from you."

On cross-examination the witness admitted that last Winter she served a sentence of six months, one month at the Tombs and the rest on the Island, for shoplifting; and that in 1908 or 1909 she had served a year in the Bedford Reformatory on the charge of stealing a coat.

Dr. Baxter's name was given yesterday as Charles F. Baxter, and it was said that he had used the middle initials F. and H. Inspector Faurot and Detective Harry Dattelbaum went to Riverhead, L. I., early yesterday morning to look into the case of the Dr. Charles F. Baxter, who was there convicted in 1909 of falsifying insurance papers. By comparing finger prints they asserted the identity of this man with the present defendant was established beyond doubt.

MRS. A. I. R. CHAPIN ACCUSED

Daughter of Rev. Dr. Irvine Arrested on Girl's Charge of Theft.

Detectives last night arrested Mrs. Anna I. R. Chapin, daughter of the Rev. Dr. I. N. W. Irvine, at her home, 73 Joralemon Street, Brooklyn, on a warrant issued by Magistrate Breen in the West Farms Court, the Bronx, charging her with the larceny of $100 from Miss Minerva Beeb of 876 Hornaday Street, the Bronx. She was locked up in the Tremont Avenue Station.

Mrs. Chapin's husband was with her when the arrest was made. Her father was the rector of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church in Huntington, Penn., when he was removed in 1900 by Bishop Talbot. He is now a priest of the Russo-Greek Church in Brooklyn. He visited his daughter at the station.

Miss Beeb, who came here from Syria, had been befriended by Dr. Irvine, who seven months ago placed the girl in charge of Mrs. Chapin, who then had an apartment at the Hornaday Avenue address. The girl, who had been jilted by a young man, gave $100 to Mrs. Chapin to keep for her. A week ago Miss Beeb was away from the house for several hours, and on her return, she says, found that Mrs. Chapin had removed her effects and had left no address.

Comfort is the first thing in wearing garters; and "tailored to fit the leg" is the way to get it. That's the way we make

PARIS GARTERS
No metal can touch you

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Next pair of garters you buy, be sure you get PARIS

25 and 50 cents. Single or double grip.

A. STEIN & COMPANY, MAKERS
CHICAGO NEW YORK

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning B K C King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

Style and Comfort

It's the Attractive Pattern, rather than the Quality of the Goods, that sells the Suit.
The Wearing Quality is what brings the Satisfied Customer back again.
We want to supply your Summer Suit, but we want your Winter trade also.
And that is why you'll be sure of both Style and Service in what you buy here.

Suits in hair lines, chalk lines and Tartans..$15 to $40
Two Piece Suits, half and quarter lined, in all sorts of Summer Weight Fabrics..$15 to $30
White Flannel Trousers ($6.00 grade) Special at..$3.75
Silk Shirts, underpriced, at..$2.85, $4.85 and $5.65
Tennis Shirts, Short and Long Sleeves..$1.50
Tennis Shirts, Norfolk Style..$2.00
Pajamas de Luxe..$2.50
Interwoven Silk Hose..50c
B. V. D. Underwear, Athletic or Union Suits..$1.00
Bathing Suits..$3.50
Leather Goods, including Suit Cases, Hand Bags and Belts.

BROWNING, KING & CO.,
Broadway near 32nd Street.
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton St., Brooklyn.

When the Asphalt Softens

EVEN in these big, cool stores of ours, we are now thinking about the heat, and you must realize from the weather last week that it will not be long before your heels will make little dents in the asphalt pavement.

But the heat of the city will seem less and you will be better able to work and play if your clothes are of the kind we offer.

Hart, Schaffner & Marx
Suits of Palm Beach Cloth
$10.00

HERE is something very remarkable. These suits which have no waistcoats are so light and so easy to wear, that they are cooling just to handle. Even the thought of wearing one makes you feel more comfortable on a hot day. And the price, $10, is very little when you consider the value it brings.

Mohair Coats and Trousers $15.00

HART, Schaffner & Marx Mohair garments differ from others in that they have more style and are better tailored, and don't forget that we put as much value in these as in our other clothes.

Wallach Bros.

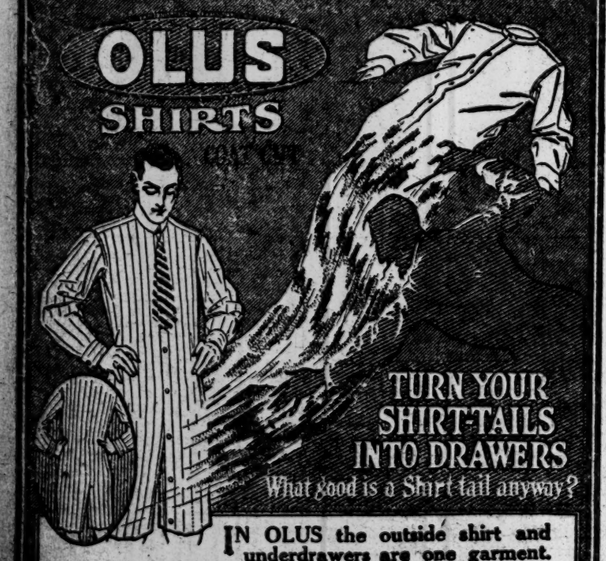
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings) | Broadway at 29th St. (Open till 6 P. M.) | 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings.)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Special Notice

THE workmen are finishing up at last in Our New Store at 265 and 267 Broadway, just below Chambers St. We hope to open there before the end of June. The delays have been heartbreaking, especially with all the Clothes and Hats and Haberdashery we prepared for the opening waiting to get a place to show themselves.

OLUS SHIRTS



TURN YOUR SHIRT-TAILS INTO DRAWERS
What good is a Shirt tail anyway?

IN OLUS the outside shirt and underdrawers are one garment.

This means that the shirt can't work out of the trousers and that there are no shirt tails to bunch in seat. OLUS is coat cut, opens all the way down—closed crotch, closed back.

For golf, tennis and other sports, wear the special attached collar OLUS with regular or short sleeves. All shirt fabrics, including silks—$1.50 to $10.00.

OLUS one-piece PAJAMAS for lounging, resting and comfortable sleep. No strings to tighten or come loose. $1.50 to $8.50

Ask your dealer for OLUS. Booklet on request.
PHILLIPS-JONES COMPANY, Makers Dept. N 1199 Broadway, N. Y.

Economy and Distinction Combine in Our $20 Suits

The distinction of fine tailoring and the economy of big buying power join hands in Arnheim made-to-measure clothes. It is evident at a glance that at $10 to $15 more, these suits would be excellent value.

Suit, to Measure, $20

Broadway & 9th St. Arnheim

WINTER GARDEN | JUNE 10 | PASSING SHOW OF 1914
POSITIVE OPENING WED. EVE. | SEATS NOW.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30.
THE THINGS THAT COUNT
The Companion Play to "Grumpy."

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
TOO MANY COOKS
Funniest Play Since "Baby Mine."

CASINO B'way & 39th. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Wed.
HIGH JINKS with Stella Mayhew.

48TH ST. THEA. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Tomorrow 2:20.
LAST THREE TIMES TODAY LAST MATINEE TOMORROW

COMEDY Thea., 41st St., near B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Tuesday 2:20.
KITTY MACKAY
Sunday Ev. 8:30 | Only English Lecture by DR. GEORG BRANDES
The World's Foremost Critic and Essayist.

CORT THEATRE, 48th St., near Broadway.
THE ESCAPE By Paul Armstrong. Four Times Daily. 15-25-50 cents. Best, Matinee, 25c.

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. The Absolute Laughing Limit.
Raymond Hitchcock IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY "The Beauty Shop"

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
The YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:30.
A PAIR OF SIXES

CANDLER Thea., West 42d St. Tel. 6344 Bry. Daily 2:30 & 8:30—25 & 50c.
LAST WEEK George Kleine's Nxt Mon.—"The Naked Truth" and "Pierrot the Prodigal." Augmented Orch. under direction of Modest Altschuler, Conductor of Russian Sym. Orch.
Antony and Cleopatra

MADISON SQUARE ROOF GARDEN 26th St. ENTRANCE ONLY
10 Stars in Castle Dances Afternoon & Night. Adm. 50c., including dancing.

COLUMBIA B'way Burlesque Mat. Today.
THE TROCADEROS with FRANK FINNEY.

STRAND B'way & 47th St. N'n-11:30P.M.,10-50
"Hearts of Oak" Strand Orch. & Quartet. Nt Wk "Wrath of the Gods"

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE Clark & Hamilton, Fanny Brice, Gus Edwards and His Matinee Girls, Bert B'way & 47th St. Melrose and Mercedes.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Roof Daily Mat. in Theatre. Free Dancing on Roof.
ADAM & EVE. DARKTOWN F.O.L. LIES (48 colored people.) and 15 Big Acts.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES. These theatres have no dealings with the Tyson Co.
EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:30. Last Matinee Tomorrow 2:20. JOHN DREW—ETHEL BARRYMORE in "A Scrap of Paper."—Last 3 Times.
NEW AMSTERDAM Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Matinees Tomorrow & Wednesday 2:15.
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES
AERIAL GARDENS (ATOP THEATRE) Evs. 9:30.
DANSE DE FOLLIES
TIFFANY CUP CONTEST TOMORROW NIGHT.
HUDSON West 44th St. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. Evs. 8:30.
A Detective Comedy Laughs and Thrills—THE DUMMY
KNICKERBOCKER Daily at 2.15 and 8:15. "A VERITABLE BEN-HUR."—Eve. Sun.
D'ANNUNZIO'S Photo Spectacle, Orchestra of 50. Grand Opera Chorus.
CABIRIA
GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S BEST PLAY.
7 KEYS TO BALDPATE
GEO. M. COHAN'S B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
Potash & Perlmutter
GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. 25c to 50c. All Seats Reserved.
ANNETTE KELLERMANN | NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

Jardin de Danse ROOF 8:30 to 2
Mat. Tea SATS. ONLY. ANNIVERSARY WEEK.
Cup Contests and Souvenirs Nightly
Heavenly Twins DOLLY Exclusive Appearances.
Rozsika & Yansci 5th Big Week.
in Marvelous Dances with Carlos Sebastian

INTERNATIONAL Polo Matches—Choice seats. Jacobs Ticket Office, Broadway and 38th St., Normandie Hotel. Phone 4189 Greeley.

VITAGRAPH 44 St. & B'way. 2:30 & 8:20.
"CAPT. ALVAREZ." "WIFE WANTED." "THE NEW STENOGRAPHER." ($.30 only)

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
DE KALB De Kalb Ave. & Broadway. I. FLUEGELMAN, Mgr. presents ALL-STAR FEATURE CORP. The terrific photo-play of the stockyards UPTON SINCLAIR'S "THE JUNGLE." With all-star cast and the author. Performances 2, 4, 7, & 9 P. M. Daily. Matinee 10 cents—Evening 15 & 25 cents.

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Coney Island's Refined Funny Place
Greatest in All the World.
Sail by Iron Steamboats.

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CASTLES' SUMMER HOUSE
Free Vaudeville
Band Concerts
Free Toys for Kiddies

$7 Special Week End Rates
Saturday Dinner to Mon. after B'kf't
Room and Meals
Two persons in one room, $13.
At Brighton Beach, N. Y. Ocean Parkway
Reisenweber's
HOTEL SHELBURNE
A delightful all-year-round resort
American & European Plan.
80 minutes from the heart of New York. 200 rooms, 75 private baths. Every convenience and comfort. Running water in rooms. Sun Parlor. Frequent social diversions. Dancing.
$30 up per week for 2 persons, AMERICAN PLAN
ROOM & MEALS
Special Terms to Families.
$10 up per week, European Plan. Two persons in one room. $14
Write for Booklet.

NEW HOTEL THERESA
FINEST UPTOWN.
7th Av., 124th to 125th St.
ONE BLOCK TO "L" AND SUBWAY. SURFACE CARS, ALL POINTS, AT DOOR.
Absolutely Fireproof.
LOWEST FIRE INSURANCE RATE IN CITY.
All Outside Rooms.
Single Rooms and bath, $1.50 per day and up. Double Rooms and bath, $2.50 per day.
DINING ROOM ON TWELFTH FLOOR. WITH BEAUTIFUL SURROUNDINGS.
Breakfast, 50c.; Lunch, 50c.; Dinner, $1.00.
SINGLE ROOMS AND BATH.....$540
2 ROOMS AND BATH.....$750
3 ROOMS, OR 2 BATHS.....$1,200
Special Rates by Month & Season.
BOARD, $10.50 PER WEEK.
We also cater for dinner parties.
T. M. LENEHEN, MANAGER.
'Phone, 8270—Morningside.

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A New Fireproof Exclusive Apartment Hotel, 58th St., Bet. Madison and Park Avs.
Located in Best Residential Section.
Suites of 1, 2 & 3 Rooms with Bath;
ALL LARGE AND LIGHT. AT ATTRACTIVE RENTALS MANAGER ON PREMISES.

"In the Center of Everything"
HOTEL RENFOST
Broadway, Corner 52d.
Newly Furnished and Renovated. Running Water in Every Room.
Single Room, accessible to bath..$1.00 day up
Single Room, with private bath.. 1.50 day up
Special Weekly Rates.

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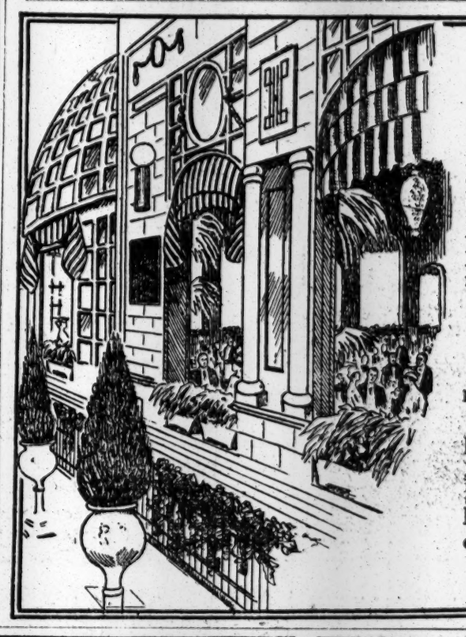
OPEN AIR RESTAURANT
BROADWAY AND 100TH STREET

Elimination One-Step Contest for $150 SILVER TEA SET
NEXT WEEK

Beginning Monday, June 8, elimination one-step contests will be held every afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock. Winning couple each day (decided upon by applause of audience) qualifies to enter
FINAL CONTEST, SATURDAY EVENING, JUNE 13.
A committee of experienced judges will decide the final contest and award this handsomely and uniquely designed silver tea set, which is now on display in the window of the International Silver Company, 49 West 34th Street.

DINE AND DANCE WITH THE HUDSON TO COOL YOU
You will find in our cuisine that distinctive, superior flavor that has made the Carlton Terrace Winter Restaurant the favorite rendezvous of New York's most discriminating diners.
JOSEPH F. PIKE, Sole Owner.
No Connection with Any Other Restaurant.



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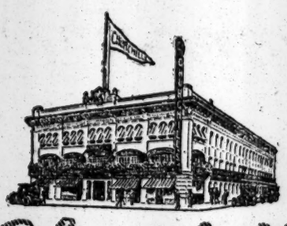
Dine here beneath palms, in coolness and comfort, with the elite of New York. The beauty, refinement, and palatial environment ensure enjoyment of the choice viands prepared by our world-famous chef. For entertainment—America's costliest and most elaborate restaurant attractions.
Rolma's World Famous Band
LED BY MADAME ROLMA—GREATEST OF ALL WOMEN BAND DIRECTORS.
Every Evening 7 to 9:30 and 10 to 1 A. M., and
RECTOR'S UNEXCELLED CABARET
with Raymond Wiley, celebrated two-voiced singer, soprano and baritone, from Primrose & Dockstader's Minstrels, and Rolfe's Concert Quartette, added attractions.
Prize Dancing Nightly in America's Coolest and Finest Ballroom—Yes, It's Free.
Valuable Prizes for Amateurs and Professionals.
Phone your reservations now—Bryant 3200.



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"MORE THAN A RESTAURANT— A BROADWAY INSTITUTION."
Broadway at 49th Street

CAFE BOULEVARD
On the next hot day choose your LUNCHEON from the buffet of cold dishes, and keep cool all the rest of the day. Variety of selection is only one reason why the CAFE BOULEVARD 60c LUNCHEON is not surpassed.
No less supreme is our $1.00 DINNER.
Always there's Dancing during Dinner and after the play—down in the celebrated GRILLE, cool and comfortable on the warmest day.
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Cool, Airy Dining Room on Top Floor. Japanese Service
CRAFTSMAN RESTAURANT
MILK FROM CRAFTSMAN FARMS DAIRY
Poultry and Eggs from our Farms. 6 East 39th St. Special Dinner $1.

SHANLEY'S BROADWAY-43-44 Sts
Superior Six-Course Luncheon 75c
MUSIC

Hotel St. Andrew
Broadway at 72d St. In the Centre of New York.
A Hotel of Refinement, Comfort and Charm. Cuisine and Service Par Excellence. Vocal and Instrumental Music.

FAMOUS TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, $1.25. 6 TO 9 P. M.
CABARET, 6:30 TO CLOSE.
MAXIM'S
110 WEST 38TH ST. LUNCHEON, 60c. DANCING NOON TO CLOSE CABARET AFTER 6:30.

THE TALLY-HO
Luncheon (11-3) COOL AND QUIET
20 East 34th St. Opp. Altman's.
Afternoon Tea (3-6)

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Between BROADWAY and SIXTH AVE. Within one block of Ten Theatres.
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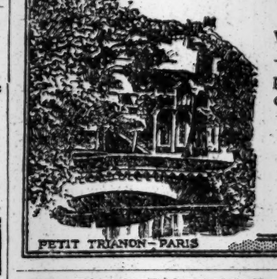

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